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MASKED AND ARMED

Lake View Terrorized by a Mounted Highwayman.

STOPPED ON THE STREET.

Drivers of Vehicles Halted and Robbed in Broad Day.

PURSUED BY THE POLICE.

Pistol Shots Are Exchanged in a Running Fight.

PATROL WAGONS ARE TOO SLOW.

A lone, mounted highwayman, who is either a maniac or a desperado, has been terrorizing and robbing drivers of vehicles in Lake View, and has as yet escaped arrest, though three patrol wagons filled with officers armed with Springfield rifles chased him yesterday afternoon.

Thirty-five additional officers in citizens' clothes will be placed on duty this morning in this territory with the hope that they may capture the desperado. They are furnished with extra rounds of ammunition, and their orders are to take him dead or alive.

The highwayman is one of the most desperate men that ever invaded Chicago for purposes of robbery. He is mounted on a running horse and does all his robberies in daylight. He will probably be captured soon and the capture will perhaps be attended by loss of life, and be as sensational as the arrest of the robbers of the bank in South Chicago several months ago.

The man began work Tuesday afternoon. Joseph Handley, liquor merchant at Clark and Illinois streets, who lives at Sunnyside and Leland avenues, was riding along Clark street between Argyle Park and Edgewater when the masked highwayman confronted him, grabbed his horses by the bridle, leveled a revolver and said: "Just toss what money you have out on the ground!"

Gave Up the Money.

Handley threw out his cash. The robber said:

"Drive on, now, fast!"

He obeyed. After he was out of revolver range the horseman dismounted, gathered up the coin and rode leisurely away.

Handley reported his loss to the Addison Street (Lake View) Station, and Lieut. Gordon at once detailed officers on the case.

An hour later Louis Roeser, a grocer, No. 819 Clifton avenue, while riding south on Racine avenue was held up by the same highwayman in a similar manner. When near Roscoe street the mounted robber stopped him and said:

"Got any money?"

"Yes," said Roeser, and began counting out the cash under the persuasive power of the revolver leveled at him by the robber.

"Throw it on the ground," commanded the robber, and the money was tossed out at the side of the road.

"Drive on lively now," said the robber, and Roeser lashed his team into a gallop. Looking back he saw the robber get off his horse and gather up the money. Several people drove along the road in the meantime, but the highwayman pointed his revolver at them and ordered them to drive away fast and they obeyed. Mr. Roeser reported the matter at once to the police.

Those were the only two cases of robbery by this highwayman reported yesterday to the police, though teamsters who were driving along those roads in the outskirts of Lake View reported a half dozen cases to the road house saloons of having been robbed by the lone highwayman.

What He Looks Like.

According to the description given of the robber by his victims, he is 25 years old, dark-complexioned, five feet six inches tall, of medium build. He wore a dark, short overcoat, black stiff hat, and a black mask over his eyes, which he wore continually. He rode a fine dark bay mare with a star in her forehead. She was evidently a runner. All efforts by the police to locate the robber Tuesday night were futile.

The strangest part of the story is that yesterday the mounted and masked highwayman resumed his work of robbery. He met at Clark street and Lawrence avenue Peter Olsen of Fifty-ninth street and Lincoln avenue, who was driving a load of lilac bushes out to Graceland Cemetery.

"Hold up your hands," shouted the robber, presenting a revolver as he rode up and grasped one of Olsen's horses by the bridle. "Throw out on the ground what money you have,"

Olsen did so; the robber released his grip on the bridle and said: "Now drive on fast."

Olsen, glad to escape with his life, obeyed. When he had reached a safe distance the robber, as in other cases, dismounted, gathered up the coin, and rode leisurely away.

The keepers of stores and saloons in Lake View say that a dozen robberies were committed yesterday by the highwayman. The police were thoroughly aroused yesterday after the report of the Peter Olsen case, and they made a determined though unsuccessful effort to capture the bold thief.

Rode Through the Streets.

The latter rode boldly along the streets in the middle of the afternoon, wearing his black mask, through the territory of the Sheffield avenue, North Halsted street, and Addison street police districts.

After the robbery he was seen in the Sheffield avenue district. Capt. Schuttler had received telephone advices from Inspector Schaack to take the robber dead or alive. Capt. Schuttler started out first his bicycle brigade, several officers who are experts on the wheel. They are the only officers in the city who ride bicycles. The idea is that of Capt. Schuttler.

The patrol wagon was manned, in charge of Lieut. Charles Rehm, by officers armed with Springfield rifles and sent in search of the robber.

At Lincoln and Graceland avenues they sighted their man three blocks away. He was riding leisurely along, evidently to rest his horse. An attempt was made to reach him, but because of the streets being torn up he readily escaped. On seeing the police approach he put spurs to his horse. The wagon followed the course he had taken as far west as Penoch. Capt. Schuttler, who was in pursuit in his buggy, saw the robber, but was too far away to shoot at him.

At 3 p. m. the highwayman rode up to Evanston and Graceland avenues, rested his horse for a time, and went into a saloon and got a drink.

Officer Burkhardt of Addison Street Station saw him at Herndon and Webster avenues. He knew him by the mask. The officer was on foot.

Exchange Pistol Shots.

A baker's wagon stood near by and the officer sprang into it and whipped the horse into a gallop down Webster avenue. On nearing the robber the man turned in his saddle. The officer leveled his revolver. The robber whirled his horse quickly and threw himself on the opposite side of the animal. The officer fired, but missed. The highwayman regained his saddle, fired twice at the officer, and spurred his horse around a corner. Officer Burkhardt followed as fast as the baker's horse could run, using his revolver as he again caught sight of the robber. The latter turned, checked his horse, and returned the fire. None of the shots took effect. The robber spurred up his horse again and easily distanced the baker's wagon. The latter's course could be traced by the doughnuts, pretzels, and pies it spilled in its wild chase.

When the rider escaped southward in the direction of the Halsted Street Station Officer Burkhardt drove to a patrol box and telephoned Lieut. John Stift of that station to head off the fugitive. Lieut. Stift quickly ordered out a patrol wagon and manned it with officers armed with rifles. He sent out detectives and officers on foot armed with rifles to guard the streets. All along Lincoln Park officers were stationed, but the highwayman did not invade Lieut. Stift's precinct.

Patrol Wagons Too Slow.

He was seen at 4 o'clock at Graceland and Lincoln avenues. Lieut. Gordon of Addison Street Station sent out the patrol wagon filled with officers armed with rifles. The highwayman was last seen going west. Though sighted by the officers they could not get within range of him. Detectives Lorch and Hirsch of the Sheffield Avenue Station while looking for him in a buggy caught sight of him on Graceland avenue. He spurred his horse on seeing them and easily escaped.

Capt. Schuttler believes that the horse he rides is the one secured from an Evanston livery barn three days ago. A man answering the highwayman's description called there and hired a horse and buggy and drove away. The buggy and harness were found Monday morning on the prairie near Evanston. It is believed this is the same horse.

Just before dark yesterday a man who had driven along the road near the masked robber went to the Sheffield Avenue Station and gave a close description of him. The arrangements made last night with the expectation of capturing him were elaborate. The latest detailed description of him was given to all officers of the three precincts in which he is working. Every available detective from the Central, Harrison, and Desplaines Street Stations, as well as all the substitute officers from all North Side stations were hurried up into these three precincts.

It is not likely that the highwayman can continue his profession much longer and escape arrest. As yet all his robberies have been committed in the daytime, and the boldness with which they have been accomplished show the cool courage of the man. Some of the officers think the robber is insane, and others that he is simply looking for notoriety. In either case they expect to have a lively battle with him if they find him.

MASKED BURGLARS IN ENGLEWOOD.

Two Dwellings Robbed by a Gang of Four Bold Thieves.

Masked burglars are devoting their attention to Englewood. At 2 o'clock yesterday morning four men, all masked, entered Daniel Millerick's saloon at Green and Seventy-fifth streets by means of false keys. After prowling about the house for some time they went to Millerick's bedroom. They awakened him and demanded his money. He had nothing but the receipts of the day, $13.50. This they took, together with some jewelry.

Some hours later the same men, it is believed, entered the meat market of Henry Capmeyer, No. 6521 Carpenter street. They awakened Capmeyer by their movements and as he reached for his revolver at the head of the bed he discovered one of the men in the room. The man jumped to Capmeyer's side and grasped his arm. The others entered the room and the butcher was compelled to give up $47 in cash and some jewelry. But Mrs. Capmeyer was not so willing. She protested when the men marched her husband out of the room and took him into an adjoining one. Here they made him open a bureau without getting any booty. The Englewood police claim to know the thieves and last night searched the town in quest of them.

SHERIDAN CLUB OPENS ITS NEW HOME.

Two Hundred and Fifty Members and Friends Inspect the $100,000 Structure.

There were no formal housewarming ceremonies attendant on the opening of the splendid new Sheridan club-house, Michigan avenue and Forty-first street, last night. There was simply a reception and ball. Two hundred and fifty members of the club, with their friends, enjoyed for the first time the spacious halls of the new building, which takes rank as one of the most elegant and best equipped club-houses in the city. The members fitted into their new surroundings as becomingly as if the house had been in use for many years. It was a fashionable gathering representing the highest social circles of the city in general and the South Side in particular. The number of guests was not so large as to crowd any part of the house, giving every one a chance to explore and appreciate the magnificant appointments of the building.

The reception was held early in the evening. The guests were received by the following committee:

T. A. Moran, Washington C. Hesing, Joseph Donnersberger, Dennis Leahy, M. A. Donohue, J. S. Cooke, John O'Malley, J. L. Nelson, John E. Murphy, J. R. Geary, E. Baggot, P. L. McCardle, A. W. Allyn, E. J. Quinlon, and W. P. Mellen.

The grand march began at 9 o'clock in the big ball-room. Costumes worn by the women were noteworthy for their richness, and the beautiful furnishings of the dance hall in oak and cherry lent a charming effect.

Among the guests were:

Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Michael Sheridan, Capt. M. P. Maus, J. H. Gilman, James Sullivan, Judge Richard S. Tuthill, J. Hutchinson, Gen. Joseph Stockton, Judge Baker, Judge Clifford, Judge Scully, State's-Attorney Longenecker, W. G. Ewing, J. Frank Aldrich, W. A. Amberg, B. E. Sunny, E. L. Huggins, Allan C. Durborow, R. Prindiville, S. W. Grosbeck, Martin Russell, and F. Parmentier.

The Sheridan club was founded in the spring of 1888, when a dozen young men residing in the vicinity of Thirty-first street and Michigan avenue met for the purpose of forming a social club. Eight months after the club was formed efforts were made to start a fund for the building of a club-house. A separate organization was formed within the Sheridan club and called the Sheridan Club Auxiliary Association with a capital stock of $75,000. Work on the building was commenced in June, 1891, and completed for occupancy May 1, 1892. The total cost of the building, including furnishings, amounted to $100,000.

The house is a substantial structure, three stories high and 50x145 feet deep. The front is of stone and pressed brick, and is handsomely furnished throughout. The dance hall is 45x125 feet, and the extensive billiard-room contains ten tables, four bowling alleys, and a number of card-rooms. In addition to these features at the west end of the hall is a movable stage, 16½x40 feet, and at the opposite end is a balcony for spectators, with a seating capacity of 100. Columns adorn the north and south sides of the auditorium, which is decorated in white and gold. In the basement is a gymnasium. The building also possesses a well-appointed café. The entire finishings of the house are in cherry and oak.

At the last election Michael Cudahy, who has been the leading spirit of the club, was chosen President. The other officers and directors are:

Vice-President, Thomas F. Keely; Secretary, J. B. Heeney; Treasurer, J. Edouard Kinsella; directors, W. A. Lydon, E. Baggot, James Clowry, Andrew Cummings, and J. B. Deveney.

Bachelor Officers' Dance.

The bachelor officers at Fort Sheridan are making extensive arrangements for a german and dancing reception to be given Wednesday, Nov. 30. Over 200 invitations have been issued.

DART ACROSS THE SKY

BRILLIANT DISPLAY OF SHOOTING STARS AND METEORS.

With the Coming of Darkness These Stragglers from Infinite Space Flash from the Zenith, Leaving Trails of Fire, and Descend to Finite Realms—All Laid to the Comet—Prof. Hough of Evanston Does Not Think There Is Anything Unusual in the Display.

Something in infinite space went to infinite smash last night, and enough stars dropped from space to stock a new firmament. With the coming of darkness these aerial vagrants began shooting and darting from every portion of the heavens, but in the north and east particularly it looked as though the something had fractured something else and turned on a meteoric shower such as is seldom seen.

The sky was practically cloudless and the clearness of the atmosphere made the display particularly beautiful. When first observed the meteors were darting near Andromeda. Soon the spectacle became general and flash after flash, followed by luminous trails in some instances and pale gray tracks, like those that mark the flight of vaseline coated bullets, showed the course of the stragglers from boundless space to finite realms. By 9 o'clock, from the zenith eastward 40 degrees, the sky was fairly alive, the display being especially brilliant in the vicinity of the "seven stars." Somewhat vagrant in their course, they generally fell toward the north and east, and after describing graceful parabolas disappeared in the darkness, burnt to cosmic dust by the heat engendered by their rapid passage through the air.

"Biela's comet" was the verdict rendered by every citizen who stood on the corner or anywhere else and watched the unique display of celestial fireworks. Whether the comet be the one discovered by the Austrian officer or whether Mr. Holmes got his eye and telescope on something entirely new in the vaulted dome is a question that did not bother the non-astronomical observers. Nine out of every ten men know positively and on the best authority that shooting stars are avant-coureurs of comets, and so these nine men are all positive that something is going to happen Nov. 27, the date set for the earth and the comet to miss the same spot in space by only eight hours.

Anyway the meteoric display did a good deal to shake the unscientific man's faith in the statement that a comet is largely composed of "gaseous matter."

Prof. George Haugh's Views.

Prof. George W. Haugh of the Dearborn Observatory, Evanston, said last night:

"I have no reason to believe that the comet has anything to do with this meteoric display. I have made an observation of the comet tonight, but gave the meteors no special thought. Every year in November there are greater or less displays. These usually come on or about the nights of the 13th and 27th. Next Monday night there ought to be a brighter display than that of tonight. The night of the 13th was cloudy, but since then a few meteors have been noticed right along.

"I have made but two observations of the comet—the first two nights ago and the other tonight. It is not conspicuous, and I am not able to see it with the naked eye. It is six or eight minutes in diameter, with a nucleus and a short tail of perhaps fifteen minutes. It certainly is no brighter tonight than it was two nights ago, and, if anything, it seems to me to be less bright. I am convinced that it is moving away from the earth, although I have not finished my computations. It will certainly not be as dangerous an object as some of the newspapers would make it out to be.

"As to the meteors, they are known to move in the same paths as some comets, and there is supposed to be some connection between them."

At 10:20 the professor and two friends went out on the lawn in front of the observatory, and in three minutes they counted 200 meteors, or an average of twenty a minute.

"Well," said Prof. Hough, "this amounts to a shower and is quite unusual. The paths all center in the constellation Andromeda, the regular center of radiance for the November meteors. I observed the great star shower the night of Nov. 14, 1867, from Dudley Observatory, and the greatest number that was observed in any one minute at that time was forty-seven. It is of interest that the comet that is now attracting attention is in the constellation Andromeda, but I can see no way in which it might affect or cause this shower tonight."

IS PART OF BIELA'S COMET.

Prof. Lewis Swift's Opinion on the Character of the Visitor.

Prof. Lewis Swift of Warner Observatory, Rochester, N. Y., made the following statement last night:

My last observation of the comet was made Saturday last, since which time cloudiness has prevailed. Though on that evening it was certainly much fainter, yet curiously enough it had nearly doubled in size. I am still of the opinion that it is one of the fragments of the long lost Biela's comet. That its present direction of motion is slightly unlike the path traveled forty years ago is not strange and does not argue against the identity of the two comets seen. It is, I am quite sure, a comet of short period and so impressed me at its first appearance, but no known periodic save Biela's ought to be in Andromeda. If it be not that comet, and still is one of short period, then it must lately have been made such by the influence of some of the planets, an event quite possible. If as near the sun as is supposed its hesitancy in throwing off a tail is a strong indication that it has made innumerable perihelion passages, as Biela's comet is known to have done.

Prof. Lamp of Kiel Observatory decides that the comet observed by Prof. Holmes Nov. 6 is not Biela's. The reason given is that the new comet is quite bright, an element discordant with the Biela comet. He says his observations lead him to believe it is an entirely new one. It will be known as the Holmes comet.

IT OPENS ITS WINTER SEASON.

The Evanston Boat Club Gives a Reception at the Avenue House.

The first of the Evanston Boat club's formal dancing receptions to be given during the winter season was held at the Avenue House, Evanston, last evening. Not until next spring will the club have a home large enough to entertain all of its members at one time, and until then parties and receptions will take place in other than the club's own headquarters.

The Avenue House was prettily decorated with flowers and banners of the club for last night's occasion. Dancing commenced at 9 o'clock, and refreshments were served later in the evening. Many of the club members and many women were present, including:

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Jernegan, Mr. and Mrs. George P. Merrick, Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Creighton, Mrs. J. M. Ewen, and Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Frazier.

Misses Eversy, Dungee, Boteler, Redfield, Pratt, Chapin, Grafton, Harbert, Ward, Bartlett, Lee, Thompson, Towle, Ide, Parker, Salisbury, Smith, Lewis, Lort, Rice, Rowe, Sargent, Farwell, Bird, Hardin, Rickarts, Wells, Van Alstin, Brown, Tierman, Yowell, and White.

W. T. Van Arsdale, D. A. Noyes, E. L. Angle, A. B. Lord, W. K. Ide, C. M. Carr, W. T. Balding, J. W. Barlow, W. S. Smythe, H. Slaymaker, T. F. Reese, F. A. Miller, E. B. Mendsen, Mr. Irwin, Mr. McDowell, W. D. Heis, James Balding, Will Blanchard, Frank Blunt, Eugene Conky, Charles Marshall, Harry Olmstead, and Ben Hinsdale.

Patrol Sergeant Lund Injured.

R. Lund, Patrol Sergeant of the Thirty-sixth Precinct, fell while trying to board a Chicago and Northwestern train at Irving Park last night, and the wheels of three coaches passed over his left ankle. An amputation of the foot was performed. Lund is severely hurt internally and about the back.

WERE VICTIMIZED BY TWO YOUNG MEN

Residents of Hyde Park Pay Fees for Bogus Messenger Service.

Magee's drug store at Lake avenue and Fifty-seventh street was the center of an angry crowd of Hyde Park residents yesterday morning. They had been victimized by a young man calling at their homes between 9 and 10 o'clock and telling them that they were wanted at Magee's drug store to answer a telephone call from down-town and that "it must be attended to at once."

An investigation revealed the fact that for five days past this work has been going on in different parts of Madison Park and Hyde Park by two smooth-faced young men, about 17 years old. They would call at a house and leave their message, sometimes naming a drug store and again giving the number of the telephone of the parties supposed to be waiting for them. If the right person came to the door, one they thought could be imposed upon, a charge for messenger service was made.

This was done more particularly when they reported at the houses that "there was an express package at the Adams Express company's down-town office" and that "they should call and get it." A bill of 10 cents for telephone service and 15 cents for messenger was presented on these occasions. The express company has been bothered considerably by people asking for packages not there, these people having been sent by the supposed messengers.

At the Magee drug store there were forty of these callers yesterday forenoon. Other druggists were also bothered in the same manner, among whom were Wocher & Deitz, No. 5634 Lake avenue; Holland Bros., at Madison avenue and Fifty-fifth street; and J. E. Grubb, at Lake avenue and Fifty-third street.

Some of the victims think the telephone and messenger fee was all the men were after, but the most generally accepted theory is that they wished to gain access to the houses and carry off anything portable in sight. When the people were at home the men gave the telephone or express story to explain their presence. In flat buildings the men generally went to the top floor, thus making a complete tour of the building.

HER HUSBAND WIRED "HA! HA! HA!"

Woes of a Man Whose Kindly Nature Led Him to Befriend a Woman.

"I have furnished that woman with more than $10,000," declared Alexander Foikes, a wealthy broker from San Francisco last night, as he stormed back and forth behind the bars at the Harrison Street Police Station. "Then when I ask her what she means to do about it her husband sends me a telegram which simply reads: 'Ha! ha! ha!' Does anybody wonder that I drew a gun and got furious when I met her?

"She sent me messages stating that her husband had deserted her and that she was penniless. I wired her money. She said she wanted to come to Chicago and get a divorce from her husband. I advanced her $800, buying tickets for her and the children from San Francisco to Chicago. I was to follow later. She and the children came here. I sent telegram after telegram to them. Finally the woman's husband wired me, 'Ha, ha, ha.' I was crazy with rage and came at once to Chicago. I saw the woman. She repeated that she was going to get a divorce from her husband, but declared that it would take a month. Yesterday I called again and she told me flatly that she would not leave her husband. I drew a revolver, but she wrenched it from my hand. Then she had me arrested."

Mrs. Norma Neitler, the woman in the case, who lives with her husband and family at No. 237 Lincoln avenue, declares that the Californian has made life a burden to her. Mrs. Neitler, who is pretty, came to Chicago with her family a few weeks ago. She says that Foikes, who came here from San Francisco three days ago, has been annoying her ever since his arrival. He tried to persuade her to get a divorce from her husband and marry him, she declares, and then drew a revolver and threatened to kill her.

PLAY A JOKE ON THE BRIDE AND GROOM.

Peculiar Signs That Ornamented Trunks at the Richelieu Hotel.

A bride and groom at the Richelieu last night had a practical joke played on them by some of their friends. The marriage was celebrated at the Prairie avenue residence of the bride's parents, in the vicinity of Twentieth street, at 8 o'clock last night, and the handsomest apartments at the Richelieu were placed at the disposal of the couple. Two trunks were unloaded in front of the hotel at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, one a big black one with the initials "I. L. L." in white letters painted on the end, the other a sole-leather trunk of smaller dimensions with "C. W. S., Boston" under the handle. They were placed in the hallway and while waiting to be taken upstairs a carriage drove up and two young men in box-coats and high hats got out. One carried a paste-pot and the other a bundle of white slips. With the aid of the paste-pot these were soon affixed to the two trunks and then the guests of the hotel read the black letters, which were arranged like these:

Don't think we have just been married.

We love each other.

We have been married a long time.

The home of the bridal couple in future will be Boston, Mass.

KNOCKED DOWN AND THEN ROBBED.

Louis G. Toombs Roughly Handled by Thugs—A Farmer's Experience.

Louis G. Toombs, No. 449 West Van Buren street, and employed by H. F. Puffer & Co., No. 539 West Van Buren street, was assaulted by three men on Polk, near State street, at 11:30 o'clock last night. One of the trio hit Toombs with some blunt instrument below his ear and knocked him senseless. When he regained consciousness Toombs found himself minus $39 in currency.

J. F. Wood of Twin Bluffs, Richland County, Wis., came in with a load of stock yesterday. He was in Joseph Van Eyck's saloon, No. 43 Plymouth place, and pulled out his pocket-book to pay for his drinks when a man snatched it and ran. A pal of the thief offered to catch him, and Wood paid him $5. The man left the saloon in haste.

TO KICK FOR VICTORY.

MEETING OF CHICAGO AND BOSTON FOOTBALL EXPERTS.

"Play" Will Be Called at 2 O'Clock This Afternoon at the South Side Grounds, and for an Hour and a Half the Contest for Supremacy Will Reign—A Large Crowd of Fashionables and Enthusiasts Will Be There—How the Teams in all Probability Will "Line Up."

The Chicago Athletic club will make its bow to the Chicago public this afternoon at 2 o'clock at Thirty-fifth street and Wentworth avenue. Its football team will "line up," as the enthusiasts say, against the eleven of the Boston Athletic club. The game will be the most important played in the West this year from the football standpoint, and in addition will be a social event second only to Derby Day. All the boxes and carriage stands have been sold to people prominent in Chicago society, and the sale of reserved seats has been large. The weather office promises fair weather today and all the indications point to a large attendance of fashionables and enthusiasts.

The Bostons arrived yesterday morning and were given a cordial greeting by the Reception committee of the local club. They will be quartered during their stay in their special car. During the day the Boston boys took a little exercise and were shown around town. In the evening they attended the Columbia Theater with the Chicago team. This evening both teams will be banqueted at Kinsley's by the Chicago Athletic Association. J. S. Fillmore of Denver, a local player of repute, will umpire the game. He arrived yesterday at the Victoria and says he expects a good game and a clean game; in fact, he says he will see to it that there is no "slugging."

Are a "Hefty" Lot.

The Bostons are a magnificent set of men and will size up heavier than the local team. There are nineteen men in the party, but all are not players. The eleven is made up for the most part of college graduates. Tukey is a Bowdoin man, Whitman an old Columbia man, Pierce a graduate of the Massachusetts Academy of Technology, Waters a Harvard man, Belfield a Lehigh graduate, McNear a graduate of the University of California, and the others are Bostonians with years of experience on the football field.

The Chicago team will present a strong front. It is questionable whether Donnelly will be here, and should he fail to arrive will weaken one of the ends. It is certain, too, that Heffelfiner will not arrive in time to play, but Remington will play the position of guard acceptably. Lewis is in town to play center and will strengthen the line wonderfully. If "Sport" Donnelly fails to arrive Crawford may go on the end, Smith fill in at tackle, and Stickney fall out of the line to half back. If that change is not made Smith will play tackle and Stickney go to the end, Crawford remaining at half back. The subjoined table shows the way the teams will probably line up, with their respective weights and sizes:

CHICAGO.

Players and position.	*Weight.*	*Height.*
Donnelly, left end	175	5 ft. 10 in.
Rafferty, left tackle	170	5 ft. 11 in.
Remington, left guard	180	5 ft. 10½ in.
Lewis, center	200	5 ft. 10 in.
Malley, right guard	190	5 ft. 9 in.
Stickney, right tackle	165	5 ft. 8½ in.
V. Harding, right end	145	5 ft. 7 in.
G. Harding, quarter back	140	5 ft. 7½ in.
Crawford, left half back	130	5 ft. 6 in.
Alward, right half back	155	5 ft. 8 in.
Ames, full back	155	5 ft. 9 in.

BOSTON.

Players and position.	*Weight.*	*Height.*
Thayer, left end	170	5 ft. 10 in.
Tukey, left tackle	175	5 ft. 10½ in.
Whitman, left guard	200	6 ft. 1 in.
Pierce, center	190	5 ft. 9 in.
Doherty, right guard	200	5 ft. 10 in.
Waters, right tackle	180	5 ft. 11 in.
Belifield, right end	160	5 ft. 10½ in.
Beals, quarter back	140	5 ft. 8 in.
Anthony, left half back	145	5 ft. 9 in.
Peters, right half back	150	5 ft. 8½ in.
McNear, full back	155	5 ft. 7 in.

Points of the Game.

A few points explanatory of intercollegiate football may not be out of place.

The field, 330 feet long by 160 wide, is marked off at intervals of five yards each, with the last lines running parallel with the posts of two goals, which are planted at the end of the field, facing each other. When the ball is put into play it is started at the center of the field, one or the other team having possession of it, the matter being decided by toss. The object of the play is to carry the ball up to the goal lines and touch it down behind them. A touchdown scores four points. A goal kicked from a touchdown scores two points more. When a player is tackled a "down" is scored against the team having the ball, and if, after four downs, a team has not advanced five or lost twenty yards the ball goes to their opponents. The ball can also be lost for foul tackling and other play of the kind, including off-side play. The game lasts an hour and a half, each team playing forty-five minutes from each side of the field.

HELD UP AND ROBBED BY FOOTPADS.

Max M. Marcus Stopped at Kinzie and Market Streets—His $180 Gone.

Footpads and sandbaggers seem to be growing bolder day by day. Another hold-up, in which the highwaymen secured $180, occurred last Saturday. Max M. Marcus of the firm of Marcus & Lederer, Room No. 113 Como Building, claims he was held up by two men at Market and Kinzie streets last Saturday about dusk.

Marcus says he was out collecting and was on his way to his place of business. As he turned the corner of Market and Kinzie streets he noticed two men directly behind. Marcus paid no attention to them. He had walked only about a rod along Kinzie street when one of the men grabbed him from behind and held his arms. The other put one hand on Marcus' mouth and with the other went through his pockets. The thief grabbed a roll of money containing $180 and ran east, while the other man ran west. He thinks that one of the men was white and the other colored.

Judge Collins' Kindly Heart.

"No, I won't put a man in jail the day before Thanksgiving," said Judge Collins yesterday, when the attorney for Christina asked for an attachment against Herman Fuellner for non-payment of alimony. "We will let him give thanks tomorrow," continued the Judge, "but he had better look out for himself the day after."

BULLETIN OF The Daily Tribune

CHICAGO, THURSDAY, NOV. 24, 1892.

Weather for Chicago today:
Fair, warmer Friday morning.

Pages.

1 Lake View Terrorized by a Highwayman. Brilliant Display of "Shooting Stars." Chicago-Boston Football Game Today. Street Railway Companies at War.

2 Capriva Speaks on the Army Bill. Illinois' Vote on President and Governor. Suspicious Death of an Iowa Woman.

3 Yale and Princeton Meet Today. A Ringer Used Successfully at Roby.

4 Western Passenger Association Menaced. Dormitory for Families at the Fair.

5 Juror Lincoln Sent to Jail for a Year.

6 Valentine Held to the Grand Jury. Thanksgiving Program in Chicago.

8 Drainage Board Proceedings.

9 Story of Mrs. McMasters' Thanksgiving.

BOUGHT THE GOODS "FOR HIS UNCLE."

Monte H. Pulbermacher Victimizes a Clothing Firm—Now in Durance Vile.

Monte H. Pulbermacher, a blonde young gentleman with a pleasing way about him, is locked up at the Central Station and several business-men are ready to testify that his first name is not a misnomer.

Tuesday morning jaunty Mr. Pulbermacher walked into the wholesale clothing house of Kuhn, Nathan & Fischer, at Jackson and Franklin streets. "I've come in to buy some goods for my uncle at Buena Vista, Cal.," said Monte. Kuhn, Nathan & Fischer looked up Monte's uncle in Bradstreet. He rated A No. 1. Then they introduced Monte to Edward Buxbaum, one of their salesmen. Monte looked at the stock with the air of a connoisseur for an hour and a half. Then he picked out a little bill that footed up $7,100. Salesman Buxbaum had not seen such a princely customer.

When Monte failed to appear yesterday morning Mr. Buxbaum grew strangely suspicious. He reported the case to the Central Station, and Detective Rohan went out and arrested Monte.

Mr. Pulbermacher explained to the police that he had been hungry and thirsty and that he told his fairy tale to Kuh, Nathan & Fischer in order to save his life. A statement for a bill of goods amounting to $5,000, found in his pocket, purchased from James H. Walker & Co., showed how Monte's life had been saved for several days before he met Mr. Buxbaum.

BUYS AN INDIANAPOLIS ROAD.

Samuel W. Allerton Acquires a Controlling Interest in a Street Railway.

Samuel W. Allerton has secured for himself and his associates a controlling interest in the Citizens' Street Car company of Indianapolis. The deal was brought to a close yesterday morning, when Mr. Allerton accepted the proposition made to him by the owners of the stock.

Mr. Allerton refuses to give the details of the purchase or the price paid. It is known, however, that a syndicate of Eastern capitalists made a proposition to take the road at $3,250,000, which was at the rate of $150 a share and $1,000,000 for the bonds. It is thought that Mr. Allerton's figures were in the neighborhood of the other offer.

Stock to the amount of $500,000 was owned by Mr. Allerton previous to yesterday's trade and Mr. Allerton purchased either for himself or for others enough to give him absolute control of the property.

"I am not in a position as yet to discuss the terms of the deal," said Mr. Allerton last night.

"Did you sell the road to an Eastern syndicate?"

"I haven't sold at all."

"Have you bought the outstanding interest?"

"That's another question. I can't tell you anything tonight."

"Will John P. Franzel continue as President?"

"Yes. Mr. Franzel will continue in control of the road."

The road is a good paying investment. It operates eighty miles of double track, much of it now being operated by electricity.

RAILROAD WRECK AT WALKERTON, IND.

A Freight Backs Into a Lake Erie and Western Passenger Train.

A wreck is reported to have occurred on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at 8 o'clock last night, near Walkerton, Ind. A freight train backed into a Lake Erie and Western passenger train, which was standing on a side track. The Baltimore and Ohio train dispatcher said last night no lives were lost. He did not know how many cars were wrecked or if any persons were injured. At 2 o'clock this morning the officials had no report from the wreck, and it is thought probable the Lake Erie and Western passengers escaped uninjured.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—There was a report early this evening of a disastrous wreck at Walkerton Junction, but later the officials asserted that no one was injured, the Baltimore and Ohio train having simply backed into an Erie smoking-car, derailing it. None of the six passengers in it suffered.

Unknown Man Commits Suicide.

An unknown man about 50 years old committed suicide by jumping into the lake from the seawall at the foot of Elm street yesterday afternoon. A park policeman saw him jump in and threw a life-preserver to him, which he caught, but when he was nearly rescued the rope attached to the preserver snapped and the man sank. The body was at once washed away from the shore. He had a wooden leg and was dressed in a dark serge suit, black stiff hat, much worn, and carried a cane. His body was not recovered, but Officer Germanson of the East Chicago Avenue Station was detailed to drag for the body.

Midwinter Dancing Club Reception.

The Midwinter Dancing club held its first reception at Bournique's last night. The affair was largely attended. The decorations were yellow chrysanthemums.

Wedded at the Palmer House.

Miss Julia Lehman and L. H. Kastens, both of this city, were married in the parlors of the Palmer House last evening.

LAST EDITION.

RIGHT-OF-WAY WAR.

Rival Street Railway Companies at Loggerheads.

TROUBLE IS IN INDIANA.

Country Road Near Roby Race Track the Prize.

ONE CONCERN LAYS ITS RAILS

The Other Ready to Meet Stratagem with Craft.

HOW FRANCHISES ARE RETAINED.

There's a race on at Roby not down on the official program of the track association, in which two opposing street railway companies are the contestants and the right of way over a half mile or more of country road the stake. The Hammond Electric Street railway won the first heat last Friday and Saturday, but the South Chicago Street railway company proposes to have a go at its rival tomorrow, or as soon after as possible.

The destinies of these two companies are in the hands of the County Board of Lake County, Ind. Two members of the board, horny handed farmers hailing from Crown Point, have been pulled and hauled by the opposing interests until they scarcely know "where they are at."

Dwight F. Cameron is at the head of the South Chicago Street Railway company. This company has built, or has under contract, thirty miles of track in the South Chicago district. It is at present building lines connecting South Chicago with the World's Fair grounds and with the elevated road at Sixty-fourth street. Recently the company decided to make extensions south as well as north, and to build a feeder to the Roby race track. In looking about for an available route a thoroughfare known as Indiana boulevard, running southeast from South Chicago past the Roby track, was selected. The official of the South Chicago company decided to ask the County Commissioners for a right of way over this highway to Roby, with provisions for a loop at the race track, and incidentally for rights over this same Indiana boulevard as far south as East Chicago, Hammond, and Whiting. The latter right of way was to provide for future developments in the way of service between the towns in the lower Calumet district. Mr. Cameron made no secret of his intention to ask for a blanket mortgage on Indiana boulevard, and made an appointment for a session of the County Board to be held last Saturday.

Best Laid Plans "Oft Gang Aglee."

Unfortunately for the plans of Mr. Cameron the Hammond Electric railway company also had designs on Indiana boulevard. Last spring this company—then represented by Orrin Brooks, C. E. Loss, J. H. Burt, Messrs. Bradbury and Block, and E. G. Short—secured a blanket franchise on all the principal streets of Hammond. Electric lines were to be built on two or three of these streets and made a nucleus of a system giving service to Whiting, East Chicago, and South Chicago. This company, of which C. F. Griffin is now President and C. E. Loss Vice-President and manager, has been busy all summer getting franchises and holding those already secured, and recently decided to begin operations. The opening of the Roby track gave the company an opportunity to at once build a line from Hammond north which promised to be remunerative. Mr. Loss heard of Mr. Cameron's amiable intention regarding Indiana boulevard, and decided that the street would make just as palatable a Thanksgiving dinner for the Hammond railway company as for the South Chicago people. He telegraphed to Crown Point to have the County Board convened for Friday, appeared before it, and secured Indiana boulevard, with all possible loops in and around the race tracks. Mr. Loss is an old contractor, and, firm in the belief that possession is nine points of the law, took a hundred or so laborers from South Chicago down Saturday afternoon and laid track all along Indiana boulevard east of the racing grounds.

In getting the necessary rails a third street railway company is involved in the controversy. C. E. Loss is now building a road for the Calumet Electric company. He arranged to borrow a carload of rails from this company, and these rails figured in Saturday's operations. The Calumet Electric people attempt, however, to clear themselves of any complicity in the matter.

How They Got the Rails.

Mr. Cameron exhibited a letter at his office from W. V. Jacobs, President of the Calumet Electric company, stating that Mr. Loss secured the rails from an under officer of the company, and intimated that this officer was a victim of misrepresentation. According to this letter Mr. Loss asked for the rails for use in the streets of Hammond to keep alive an ordinance there. Mr. Jacobs has made Mr. Loss a number of loans of rails and ties for this purpose, and in this case the loan was made, it is said, with the understanding that the

UPON THE ARMY BILL.

CHANCELLOR VON CAPRIVI DISCUSSES THE PROPOSED MEASURE.

He Introduces It in the Reichstag and Speaks of the Policy of the Government—Reasons Why It Will Be Urged—King Humbert Formally Opens the Italian Parliament—The Panama Investigation Committee Completed—No Discord Among Monetary Conference Delegates.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—The long-looked-for event of the present session of the Reichstag occurred today. The army bill was introduced by Chancellor von Caprivi, who made a most important speech upon the relations existing between France and Germany. He said he did not intend to justify the bill by referring to a war in sight or by indulging in gloomy forebodings. He added:

I will disclose the whole truth. We are at peace with all nations and encounter no difficulty in any quarter in maintaining the dignity of the nation. His Majesty the Emperor has justly remarked that Heligoland was the last piece of the globe we desired to acquire. Germany will not provoke war, for there is no prize to gain by victory, but neither will she undertake to prevent war any more than she did in 1870.

The Chancellor then referred to the alleged forgery by Prince Bismarck of the famous Ems dispatch, which precipitated the Franco-German war, and read the genuine dispatch, which is as follows:

The King writes me as follows: Benedetti (the French Ambassador to Germany), intercepted me on my promenade and finally asked me in a pressing manner to authorize him to telegraph to his government at once that I bound myself for all time never to again accord my sanction in the event of Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern reverting to his candidature to the throne of Spain. I at length, declined somewhat sternly to listen to him further, as one ought not and could not enter a tout jamais into engagements of this kind. Naturally I told him I had as yet received nothing. As he got news earlier by way of Paris and Madrid than I did, he must see that my government was again left out.' The King has since received a letter from Prince Leopold. The King, in view of the demand referred to, resolved, upon the advice of Count von Eulenburg and myself, not to see Benedetti again, but to merely inform him through his adjutant that the King had received from Prince Leopold a letter confirming the news Benedetti already had from Paris and the King had nothing more to say to the Embassador. The King leaves your Excellency to decide whether Benedetti's new demand and its rejection should not be immediately communicated to the Embassador and the press.

Bismarck's Draft of the Telegram.

The Chancellor also read the draft Prince Bismarck prepared, which appeared in the *North German Gazette* of July 13, 1870, and which read as follows:

After the news of the renunciation of the hereditary Prince of Hohenzollern had been officially communicated to the Imperial French Government by the Royal Spanish Government the French ambassador at Ems further demanded of his Majesty the King of Prussia to authorize him to telegraph to Paris that his Majesty the King engages for all future time never to give his consent if the Hohenzollerns should return to their candidature. His Majesty the King thereupon declined to receive the French ambassador again, and had him told by the adjutant in attendance that his Majesty had nothing further to communicate to the ambassador.

The last sentence of the above is what Prince Bismarck alleges he forged with the intention of wounding so the amour propre of France that it would declare war against Germany and thus allow him, in the event of Prussian victory, to bring about the formation of a German Empire. Chancellor Von Caprivi declared emphatically that Prince Bismarck had not falsified the dispatch and that it was untrue that King William was too conciliatory or had not struck the proper note in dealing with France. He said:

King William even as late as July 13, 1870, had a dispatch sent to the German Minister at Paris intimating that he was indignant at the Duc de Grammont's demands addressed to him through M. Benedetti and reserved any further steps. The whole of Europe was of the same opinion as Germany at that time as shown by Mr. Gladstone's declaration and Prince Gortchikoff's dispatch to the Russian Ambassador. "I refer to these matters in order to show that Germany did not play a provocative part. The French love wars and glory and the more complete their armaments the stronger grows their self-consciousness and desire to conclude an alliance, naturally not for defensive purposes, but with a view to a revision of the map of Europe."

Discusses Russian Relations.

Referring to Russo-German relations, the Chancellor said:

Friendship has existed between Germany and Russia for centuries past and the Emperor Alexander himself was an important personage in the maintenance of the friendly relations. The present Czar is one of the noblest minded and most peaceful of monarchs and appreciates the peaceful and loyal policy of Germany. There are in Russia, however, hostile currents working against us, which, since the successful achievements of German arms and diplomacy, have risen above the interests of Russia. Yet it must not be concluded because Russia is developing her army that war is imminent. These preparations arouse no anxiety at present, but they might constitute a danger to us. It must be remembered that Prince Bismarck, during the reign of the Czar Alexander, spoke of a positive threat of war from Russia. The strengthening of our armaments constitutes no threat to Russia. We only want to repel a possible attack. If Russia wished to go to war it would be sure of the alliance of France, but if France wished to go to war the alliance of Russia with France would be an open question. In either case Russia must occupy the attention of a portion of our forces. We are not prepared for such an exigency. We would have to defend ourselves against superior numbers. Our whole position among the nations depends upon our military strength. We have the highest opinion of our allies, and the Dreibund is nowhere so popular as in Germany. But even the Dreibund is weaker in troops than are France and Russia. Germany must always take the chief burden upon itself because it must watch two frontiers.

What the Reforms Are.

The Chancellor then explained the proposed reforms in the military service, the regulations of which did not operate so as to affect all equally, and caused efforts to be made to evade the service. He said:

In point of numbers our army is ahead of any other nation's, and we have the best commissioned and non-commissioned officers and men, but we fail in strength of organization. We do not want to summon the Landwehr and Landsturm on the eve of battle. The beer tax would be scarcely felt, as it amounts to only two-fifths of a pfennig for a liter. The bill is perhaps unwelcome, but war—perhaps defeat—would be much worse. In the event of defeat we would have to pay a thousand millions in money for every million we are now expending. Our national commerce could not thus be protected, German arts and sciences would decline, and a political economic struggle would arise involving our existence. Germany, if destroyed, will be replaced by no other nation. I appeal to the House to enable the nation to say in time of future war: "Lieb Vaterland, magst du Ruhig sein."

The Chancellor's speech was followed by prolonged applause. Herr Richter made a short speech and the House then adjourned.

Emperor William is suffering from a chill. He has been compelled to abandon his hunting excursion to Neugattersleben and has returned to Postdam, where he is resting.

KING HUMBERT OPENS PARLIAMENT.

In His Speech He Refers to the Growing Importance of Italy.

ROME, Nov. 23.—The Italian Parliament was opened today by King Humbert in person. The Queen and the ladies of the court were present in the gallery and were liberally cheered. King Humbert was given an enthusiastic reception. In opening the session his Majesty said:

The year drawing to a close will be a memorable one in our history. The ancient glories of Italy have furnished fresh cause for legitimate pride. My soul is still penetrated with the feelings stirred by the homage recently received at Genoa from representatives of the most civilized nations. The assurances of sympathy and respect are much the more gratifying in view of the unity of purpose binding my house and people. I regard what is done for me as all done for my people. I see in the honors bestowed upon me in Genoa universal testimony that Italy maintains her position as the unwearied supporter of concord and peace. My government, in concert with its allies, endeavors by vigilant care to preserve Europe from any cause of dissension. Your labors will commence amid guarantees of peace. Equilibrium will be attained without increasing taxation. Bills will be introduced giving elasticity to the revenue and promoting reforms in taxation. Measures will also be introduced to bring about reforms in the army and to insure that our military strength will not be weakened by the proposed reduction in the army expenditures. Other bills will be presented dealing with the national schools, the judicial system, the maritime postal services, and providing for the completion of the railway and canal systems. Victor Emmanuel cherished the noble ambition of restoring Italy to the Italians. He attained the fulfillment of his wish in Rome. For myself I am attracted by an ambition to connect my name with the economic and intellectual renaissance of our country, and to see our dear Italy strong, prosperous, and great, such as those who suffered and died for her in the past pictured her future to themselves. I derive comfort from the affections and wisdom of my people and Parliament. Let us ever preserve a strong faith in ourselves, activity, concord in our desire for well-doing, and to feel and act so that our work, far-seeing at present, be drowned with the blessing of the future.

At the close of the speech the whole assemblage rose and gave the King fervent applause.

COMPLETED THE COMMITTEE LIST.

French Deputies Now Ready for the Panama Canal Investigation.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—The Panama Canal Investigating committee of the Chamber of Deputies was completed today by the election of seven more members, six of whom were of the Right. The Rightists accepted on condition that the inquiry be limited to matters bearing on the honor of Parliament and deal with such matters as come within the regular scope of the judiciary. It is rumored in the lobbies that the Rightist members of the committee intend to demand that Baron Reinach's body be exhumed and an autopsy performed. The family of M. de Lesseps keeps him in utter ignorance of the progress of affairs against the Panama Canal company, fearing that the shock that would be entailed upon him by the knowledge of what the government is doing would have serious consequences. His health is good, but he is so enfeebled that he is obliged to seek assistance from his wife or children to move from his chair to the dining table. It is supposed that under these circumstances M. de Lesseps will not be compelled to appear in court.

RUMORS OF DISCORD DENIED.

Monetary Conference Delegates Merely Empowered to Study Facts.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 23.—Rumors of discord among the British delegates to the monetary conference here regarding the attitude to be adopted in the conference are untrue. The continental delegates are impatient to learn what the precise nature will be of the proposals of the American delegates. The use of three different languages in the official proceedings of the conference will lead to much delay. The system adopted will, however, have the advantage of affording time for a careful and dispassionate examination of all propositions and arguments. It is now certain that a majority of the delegates are empowered merely to study the facts advanced, and to report thereon to their respective governments. The Christmas adjournment will give the delegates ample opportunity for reference to their governments. The idea that the conference is divided into two camps—monometallists and bimetallists—is false. Many of the delegates came to the conference predisposed towards no school of currency.

ASTOR REFUSES TO TALK.

Friends Report Him in the Best of Health —The Insanity Report Malicious.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

LONDON, Nov. 23.—[Copyright, 1892, by James Gordon Bennett.]—W. W. Astor does not seem disposed to gratify public curiosity as to his views on the subject of the rumor which has been circulated in New York during the last week. He declines absolutely to say anything for publication, presumably on the ground that his private affairs concern himself alone. Members of the household and servants at Lansdowne have the strictest instructions to maintain silence when addressed by newspaper representatives; nevertheless it is learned from several of his most intimate friends that Mr. Astor is in the best of health and that there is not the slightest foundation for the story, which is looked upon as a continuation of previous malicious reports regarding him.

Electoral Reform Before Home Rule.

A report is current that the Cabinet has surrendered to Radical pressure and will introduce in Parliament a bill to reform the franchise before the Irish Home Rule bill is submitted. It is said that Mr. Gladstone relies upon persuading the Irish party to accede to this course by showing that the financial proposals contained in the Home Rule bill, which proposals are an essential part of the scheme, cannot be successfully treated until near the close of the financial year. The Franchise bill will provide for a shorter period of residence and will otherwise simplify the suffrage qualification. It will also facilitate the admission of new voters. The abolition of the plural voting system will be included in another bill to be introduced subsequently.

Lord Rosebery, British Foreign Minister, complains to the Chinese Government of the violation of English treaty rights by Chinese officials refusing to allow English vessels to carry grain duty free from Shanghai to Tien Tsin. England has a favored nation clause in the United States treaty of 1880, and the Pekin Government claims that the United States exclusion act bars England from these treaty rights. Lord Rosebery insists that England acquired similar rights under the treaty of 1858.

SAMSON AND DELILAH AT PARIS.

Saint-Saens' Opera Achieves an Enormous Success—Is a Biblical Drama.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

PARIS, Nov. 23.—[Copyrighted, 1892, by James Gordon Bennett.]—The premier at the opera-house of "Samson et Delila" took place tonight. The opera, which is in three acts, the music by Saint-Saëns, has already been played in many countries, having had a special run in German. It has been sung even in Paris at the Eden when the Eden was an opera-house. It is a sad thing to contemplate that the first theater in France is not always the first to play a new piece. The libretto is from the Biblical text, which is followed almost exactly, only that the high priests and Jews and Pagans represent in a way the struggle of their respective religions. This composition ought to be known in America by all lovers of music. It has achieved an enormous success here. The character of the opera is religious, the music is soft and flowing. Tremendous applause was evoked and two airs of Delila were demanded. The ballet was also applauded. The interpretation given of Delila by Mme. Dechamps was good. M. Vergnet as Samson was also good. Mme. Laus in the ballet received much applause. JACQUES ST. CERE.

Weather has been cloudy all day. Temperature, 35° to 40°; barometer, 30.30. Steady wind east.

Decrease in Cholera Mortality.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 23.—In eighteen of the Russian districts that are chiefly affected by cholera there were 3,313 cases of the diseases and 769 deaths during the last week. Podolia, Kieff, Bessarabie, and Kherson are the worst provinces, the fourteen other districts being affected in a lesser degree, the weekly mortality therein ranging from ten to twenty. During the week there were fifty-eight cases and nineteen deaths in St. Petersburg, forty-five cases and thirty-two deaths in Moscow, 170 cases and seventy-one deaths in Warsaw, and fifty-two cases and twenty-seven deaths in Gitomir.

To Reorganize Sweden's Army.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 23.—The First Chamber of the Diet has passed a bill to reorganize the army. The Second Chamber has approved a measure extending the annual training of conscripts from forty-two to ninety days. The general elections for members of the Diet are fixed for the opening of 1893. The leading question to be decided is that of the franchise. At present scarcely 6 per cent of the population are qualified. Only those paying an income tax or having a yearly income of $225 have the right to vote.

Nearly One Million Russian Prisoners.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 23.—According to statistics just made public there are 960,000 persons imprisoned in 875 jails in Russia. Ninety per cent of the prisoners are men. The prisons were built to hold only 570,000 persons and an idea of their crowded condition can be obtained.

Cable Brevities.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA'S WHEAT CROP.

The wheat harvest of the colony of South Australia promises to be excellent both in yield and quality. There will be a large surplus available for export.

NO RESTRICTIONS ON CEREAL EXPORTATION.

The semi-official *Journal de St. Petersbourg* denies the reports that the Russian Government is contemplating the restriction of the exportation of grain or the imposition of export duties on cereals.

HOW WELLS MADE HIS ESCAPE.

Truth today says that Wells, the convicted swindler, purchased some time ago at Liverpool an ocean going steamer and fitted it up as a private yacht. Within a few hours after Wells was threatened with an action by the public prosecutor the vessel vanished. *Truth* adds that British warships ought to capture the steamer and its owner wherever they are found.

MOVEMENTS OF ENGLISH ROYALTY.

The Prince of Wales is visiting Lord Alington at his country seat at Crichell, Wimborne, in Dorsetshire. Included in the party of visitors, which is a large one, are Lord and Lady Brooke. The Princess of Wales, her daughters, Princess Victoria and Princess Maud, and Prince George remain at Sandringham House. The Queen, accompanied by Princess Beatrice, will pay a visit to Sandringham House the first week in December.

LADY BIRD, finest 10-cent cigar, Straus & Hamburger, 90 Lake street, wholesale agents.

FULL ILLINOIS VOTE.

TABLE SHOWING TOTALS ON PRESIDENT AND GOVERNOR.

Figures Given by Counties—Cleveland's Plurality Over Harrison Is 29,173 and Altgeld Has 22,480 More than Fifer—Total Vote Cast for Other State Officers —Result of the Official Canvass in Connecticut, Rhode Island, and Indiana—Cleveland Rusticating on Hog Island.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—The Secretary of State has received duplicates of the official returns of the vote on national and State officers from all counties in the State except Cook. The footings made in the Secretary's office, with the unofficial result in Cook, give the several candidates the following numbers of votes:

PRESIDENT.

Cleveland, Dem.	426,574
Harrison, Rep.	397,401
Bidwell, Pro	24,590
Weaver, Pop	20,685

GOVERNOR.

Altgeld, Dem.	425,238
Fifer, Rep.	402,758

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

Gill, Dem.	423,455
Ray, Rep.	400,851

SECRETARY OF STATE.

Hinrichsen, Dem.	423,123
Pearson, Rep.	401,526

AUDITOR.

Gore, Dem.	423,298
Pavey, Rep.	399,497

TREASURER.

Ramsey, Dem.	431,067
Hertz, Rep.	396,346

ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Moloney, Dem.	422,191
Prince, Rep.	401,155

The vote on the national ticket represents the number cast for the highest Elector. The State Canvassing Board begins its work next Monday. Following is the vote by counties on President and Governor:

Counties.	—PRESIDENT.— Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	—GOVERNOR.— Fifer, Rep.	Altgeld, Dem.
Adams	6,081	7,746	6,022	7,770
Alexander	2,053	1,674	2,045	1,683
Bond	1,659	1,328	1,662	1,323
Boone	1,994	518	1,977	523
Brown	879	1,567	891	1,574
Bureau	3,924	3,555	3,949	3,554
Calhoun	563	840	558	885
Carroll	2,456	1,444	2,507	1,403
Cass	1,533	2,203	1,559	2,198
Champaign	5,290	4,502	5,333	4,511
Christian	2,941	3,655	2,993	3,647
Clark	2,181	2,244	2,180	2,250
Clay	1,774	1,604	1,781	1,622
Clinton	1,961	2,393	1,945	2,419
Coles	3,693	3,611	3,666	3,620
Cook	102,552	137,420	104,450	138,737
Crawford	1,790	1,875	1,798	1,875
Cumberland	1,479	1,785	1,462	1,802
De Kalb	3,789	1,927	3,770	1,897
De Witt	2,059	2,083	2,064	2,079
Douglas	2,246	1,999	2,240	2,006
Du Page	2,478	2,154	2,492	2,137
Edgar	3,197	3,164	3,189	3,157
Edwards	1,350	677	1,343	682
Effingham	2,744	1,472	2,744	1,502
Fayette	1,980	2,433	1,970	2,459
Ford	2,227	1,359	2,202	1,362
Franklin	1,631	1,782	1,643	1,784
Fulton	4,948	5,253	5,043	5,209
Gallatin	1,211	1,675	1,210	1,672
Greene	1,967	3,146	2,008	3,152
Grundy	2,159	1,892	2,175	1,866
Hamilton	1,505	2,061	1,513	2,046
Hancock	4,332	4,132	4,389	4,150
Hardin	660	500	659	630
Henderson	1,352	921	1,352	918
Henry	4,265	2,670	4,291	2,650
Iroquois	3,936	3,848	3,904	3,833
Jackson	3,031	2,858	3,022	2,892
Jasper	1,519	2,217	1,513	2,215
Jefferson	1,949	2,332	1,973	2,364
Jersey	1,314	2,011	1,325	2,022
Jo Daviess	2,680	2,793	2,693	2,768
Johnson	1,716	854	1,721	889
Kane	5,777	5,778	5,690	5,706
Kankakee	3,577	2,763	3,580	2,772
Kendall	1,691	848	1,701	840
Knox	5,800	3,073	5,801	3,057
Lake	2,932	1,964	3,059	1,926
La Salle	9,365	8,082	9,393	9,253
Lawrence	1,523	1,572	1,528	1,578
Lee	3,513	2,740	3,541	2,723
Livingston	3,980	3,960	4,019	3,941
Logan	2,619	3,150	2,640	3,145
Macon	4,303	4,615	4,278	4,638
Macoupin	4,868	5,051	3,875	5,046
Madison	5,355	5,680	5,293	5,717
Marion	2,324	2,709	2,349	2,720
Marshall	1,590	1,834	1,594	1,829
Mason	1,614	2,231	1,620	2,201
Massac	1,652	799	1,624	843
McDonough	3,319	3,237	3,316	3,309
McHenry	3,205	2,311	3,201	2,312
McLean	7,445	6,457	7,365	6,405
Menard	1,778	1,324	1,824	1,727
Mercer	2,470	1,975	2,481	1,966
Monroe	1,153	1,611	1,119	1,664
Montgomery	2,935	3,707	2,964	3,710
Morgan	3,471	4,006	3,510	4,088
Moultrie	1,670	1,296	1,674	1,674
Ogle	3,939	2,244	3,925	2,255
Peoria	7,266	8,053	7,456	7,885
Perry	1,840	1,980	1,872	1,990
Piatt	2,138	1,896	2,154	1,896
Pike	3,491	2,790	3,496	3,505
Pope	1,629	816	1,625	847
Pulaski	1,662	897	1,645	906
Putnam	561	514	551	522
Randolph	2,425	2,702	2,356	2,779
Richland	1,500	1,542	1,505	1,537
Rock Island	5,052	4,034	5,125	3,984
Saline	2,171	1,828	2,168	1,840
Sangamon	6,009	7,665	6,097	7,608
Schuyler	1,563	1,880	1,567	1,581
Scott	1,282	1,030	1,294	1,020
Shelby	2,304	3,523	2,336	3,521
Stark	1,240	824	1,243	825
St. Clair	6,276	7,207	6,301	7,264
Stephenson	3,574	3,717	3,590	3,701
Tazewell	3,652	3,030	3,669	3,616
Union	1,427	2,663	1,404	2,696
Vermillion	6,892	5,001	6,928	4,973
Wabash	1,112	1,428	1,123	1,421
Warren	2,725	2,294	2,728	2,273
Washington	1,956	1,869	1,972	1,923
Wayne	2,350	2,372	2,370	2,408
White	2,275	2,954	2 215	2,961
Whiteside	3,819	2,779	3,865	2,728
Will	6,720	6,434	6,722	6,497
Williamson	2,504	2,118	2,474	2,196
Winnebago	5,854	2,634	5,856	2,632
Woodford	1,738	2,601	1,785	2,583
Totals	397,401	426,574	402,758	425,238
Pluralities		29,173		22,480

OFFICIAL VOTE IN CONNECTICUT.

Democrats Get the State Ticket and Three of the Four Congressmen.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—The official canvass of the vote of Connecticut was completed today. Cleveland carried the State by 5,370. The Democratic State ticket is elected for the first time since 1882, and three of the four Congressmen are Democrats. The vote stands: For President—Cleveland, 82,397; Harrison, 77,025; Bidwell, 4,025; Weaver, 806; Wing, Socialist-Labor, 329; scattering, 245; total, 164,825; Cleveland's plurality, 5,370. For Governor—Luzon B. Morris, Dem., 82,787; Samuel E. Merwin, Rep., 76,745; Edwin P. Augur, Pro., 3,827; E. M. Ripley, Peo., 773; Ruther, Soc.-Lab., 317; scattering, 300; total vote, 164,579; plurality for Morris, 6,042. Congressmen are: First District, Lewis Sperry, Dem., reëlected, 562; Second, James P. Pigott, Dem., 2,852; Third, Charles A. Russell, Rep., reëlected, 651; Fourth, Demorst, Dem., reëlected, 2,210. The Legislature stands: Senate—Democrats, 12; Republicans, 12. House—Republicans, 133; Democrats, 117; Labor, 1; Prohibitionist, 1. Republican majority on joint ballot, 14.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 23.—The official count of the State vote is completed and shows the following results: Cleveland, 24,335; Harrison, 27,069; Bidwell, 1,565; Weaver, 227. Plurality for Harrison, 2,734.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—The official table of the Presidential vote in Indiana, published this morning, contains several errors. Jefferson County should have given President Harrison 3,135 votes instead of 2,549. Delaware County should have given Harrison 4,887 instead of 4,108, and Kosciusko County should have given him 3,823 instead of 2,823, thus making a total difference of 2,245 and bringing President Harrison's vote in the State up to 256,174. Cleveland's vote, unless errors shall be found, is 262,817, leaving him a plurality of only 6,643 instead of 8,888.

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 23.—The official canvass of the vote of Choteau County was made yesterday and resulted in giving the certificate to one Democratic member of the Legislature, making that body Democratic on joint ballot and insuring the election of a straight Democrat as United States Senator. Three Populists hold the balance of power in the House and the Democrats hope to get the organization of that body.

CONTEST AGAINST GOV. RUSSELL.

Claim That 19,196 Defective Votes Were Intended for the Republicans.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—The fact that there were 19,196 defective votes cast for Governor in this State, outside of Suffolk County, excited much interest. It was estimated that, including Suffolk County, the total of these defective votes would be 24,000. They were defective in that over two-thirds of them had crosses against the names of both William H. Haile and Walcott Hamlin, candidates for Governor on the Republican and Prohibition tickets. The other third were blank ballots as to the Governor spaces, but Republican otherwise. The similarity between the names of Roger Wolcott and Wolcott Hamlin, and the position of the name of Wolcott Hamlin, directly after that of W. H. Haile on the ballot, undoubtedly led to this double marking, which has vitiated over 15,000 Republican votes for Governor and on the face of the returns elected Gov. Russell. The question of carrying the case to the courts is being considered by Republicans.

The session of the Governor's Council this morning was enlivened by bitter words between Gov. Russell and Lieut.-Gov. Haile. They rose out of the claim that had some 24,000 Republicans understood how to mark the Australian ballot-Mr. Haile and not Mr. Russell would be Governor-elect. Gov. Russell said to Mr. Haile that he thought it unfair to try to cast a suspicion on his election in order to gloss over the striking defeat which Mr. Haile had suffered. Mr. Haile said he was willing to pay the entire expense of having a recount in order to show that if it had not been for the votes mistakenly cast for Walcott Hamlin he would have been elected. He said he entirely threw aside the question of making a contest for the place, to which he admitted Mr. Russell's election, but he wanted to set himself right before the people of the State.

OFFICESEEKERS LEFT BEHIND.

President-Elect Cleveland Goes to Hog Island for a Few Days' Recreation.

EXMORE, Va., Nov. 23.—The train bearing President-elect Cleveland and party arrived here at 5:11 o'clock this morning, and Mr. Cleveland, who had traveled in the private car of General Superintendent Kinney of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore branch of the Pennsylvania railroad, started with his companions on the journey to Hog Island, his destination being the Broadwater club house. Here the President-elect will be about as completely cut off from the outside world as though he were in Africa, as no boats can land thereon unless by permission of the club. Hog Island lies twenty miles north of Cape Charles, between Great Machipingo Inlet on the south and Little Machipingo on the north.

CABLE RETURNS FROM NEW YORK.

Did Not Discuss Patronage with the President-Elect—Grover Exceedingly Tired.

Congressman Ben T. Cable returned to Chicago yesterday. "I did not call upon Mr. Cleveland," he said, "to talk about appointments, and I did not refer to the patronage. I went to New York to congratulate the President-elect. I do not know what his plans are regarding the patronage or his ideas regarding the policy of his administration, but I take it he will stand pretty firmly upon the platform on which he was elected."

Mr. Cable was asked if he thought Illinois would be given a place in the Cabinet, and replied:

"I have no means of knowing and could not even guess. Mr. Cleveland, when I was there, was exceedingly busy with his correspondence."

Mr. Cable is in favor of an extra session of Congress, but he could give no intimation of Mr. Cleveland's views on this matter and said he did not discuss the subject with him.

Stevenson Going on a Special Train.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Adlai E. Stevenson will be accompanied to Washington, when he goes to the inauguration, by the Stevenson Escort club of this city and a great many other Democrats. A special train of parlor coaches has already been secured via the Alton and the Pennsylvania lines. The party will stop three days in Washington.

Springer on the Extra Session.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 23.—Congressman Springer was asked today if he favored a special session of Congress and said: "My favoring or not a special session will all depend upon the necessity for one. When the state of the Treasury is inquired into after Congress meets I will certainly insist upon the passage of the tariff bills in the Senate which I introduced in the House and which were passed there."

California Legislature Badly Divided.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Neither of the great parties controls the California Legislature on joint ballot. The Republicans lack seven votes of a majority and the Democrats lack five. The balance of power lies with seven non-partisans and three Populists. They are divided on old party lines, and no one can tell with which side they will caucus.

"What We Can Do When We Are Roused."

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Ex-Speaker Reed, when told that the entire Republican Electoral ticket had been successful in Ohio by a small plurality, said, "Well, I'm glad we carried Ohio. It shows what we can do when we are roused."

THINK FORCE IS A LAST RESORT.

Evidence Submitted to the Senatorial Committee by Frick and Martin.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 23.—The subcommittee of the United States Senatorial committee investigating the workings of the Pinkerton detective system and the employment of such detectives by the Carnegie Steel company at Homestead began here this afternoon in the Hotel Duquesne. The first witness examined was William Martin, Chief of the Labor Bureau of the Carnegie company, and who was formerly Secretary of the Amalgamated Association. He thought that the effect of the employment of armed detectives would be a bad thing, as the workmen are violently opposed to them.

Senator Gallinger—Then that should be the last resort.

Mr. Martin—Yes, sir.

"In your experience, do working people make the same objection to the militia or United States troops as to private detectives?"

"No, sir; not as a general rule."

Mr. H. C. Frick was then called to the stand. He thought, he said, that his company had a right to employ armed men to protect its property. The firm is now treating with their men as individuals, but it has no prejudice against the men if they belong to unions.

Senator Peffer—Have you a blacklist?

"No, sir."

The witness was here examined as to the scale of wages paid at Homestead. He was questioned as to the loss occasioned by the strike, and said that the men probably lost in wages about $1,000,000. The firm's loss he could not estimate.

"Were your men to make the same demand of you now that they did at the beginning of the strike, would you answer them in the same way?"

"Yes, sir."

"In the matter of employing armed men furnished by agencies what would be your position? Do you consider that a last resort?"

"I consider it the last resort and only to be used when the police cannot be depended on. I don't admit that we employed armed men. In cases of this kind we must pay the Deputy Sheriffs, as no provision is made by the county for this."

BOOTBLACKS AND NEWSBOYS EAT.

And They Eat Until Gorged at the Woolf Clothing Company Dinner.

The Woolf Clothing company, West Madison and Halsted streets, gave its tenth annual dinner last evening to the bootblacks and newsboys of the city. Four thousand boys of all ages, sizes, and degrees of stomachic capacity gathered about the doors of the store long before 8 o'clock, the hour set for the beginning of the feast. Sandwiched in the crowd were several hundred girls and a score of children of larger growth, all anxious to dull the edge of their vociferous appetites against the load on the tables inside.

It required active service on the part of the special police detail to keep the crowd from coming in through the windows, glass and all. Ten minutes after the doors were opened the eleven tables, capable of seating 400 persons each, were lined on either side with a crowd anxious for fear their neighbors would get everything in sight stowed away before they could get a chance to make a beginning. But there was more than enough for all, even if some of the boys did make three or four trips to and from the table before the appetites were satiated.

They ate, they stuffed, they gorged, but in the end all were filled to the bursting point and regretfully gave up the struggle. After the battle was over the boys gave three cheers for the Woolf Clothing company and went home to dream of mountains of Turkey and mashed potato, capped with strawberry ice cream and oceans overrunning with lemonade.

Want a Popular Militia Force.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 23.—The General Assembly of the Knights of Labor today passed a resolution favoring a return to the militia system in vogue prior to 1860. They objected to the centralization of military power and the expenditure of money for armories. They denounced the Pinkertons, the sweating system, and favored the maintenance of the State bank tax. They declared against closing the World's Fair Sunday.

Pain in chest, short breath, smothering, dropsy, asthma, cured Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure.

WIVES DIE SUDDENLY.

SUSPICION AROUSED BY THE DEATH OF MAYHOR'S FOURTH.

She Died at Riverton, Ia., Soon After Taking Some Capsules, Said to Have Been Given Her by Her Husband—Evidences of Poison Found by the Coroner—The Woman's Life Was Insured—All of Mayhor's Wives Said to Have Died Under Peculiar Circumstances.

RIVERTON, Ia., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—For some time this county has been disturbed by a remarkable case growing out of the death of Mrs. William Mayhor, the wife of one of the wealthiest citizens of the State. Since the investigation of the case facts have been discovered indicating that three other wives of Mr. Mayhor died under circumstances alleged to be similar in many respects to those attending the death of his late wife. Mayhor had been married three times, but all his wives were dead, the third having died about a year before. He advertised in the Kansas City papers for a housekeeper, and his advertisement was answered by a Mrs. Erbeck. Mrs. Erbeck's home had formerly been at Alton, Ill., where her mother now lives. She had a brother in St. Louis, a commercial traveler. Mayhor soon married the woman and came here.

He was in the implement business. He had been at Jefferson City in 1885, when he married his first wife. They took a trip to San Francisco, when his wife suddenly died, he said, of quick consumption. Later he came to Sidney, Ia. During two years there he was twice married, each wife dying in the course of a few months. There was nothing suspicious about their deaths, and they were not thought unusual until looked at in the light of the present case.

Tuesday evening, Oct. 28, at 8:10 o'clock, Mrs. Mayhor swallowed three capsules said to have been given to her by her husband for toothache. Within a few moments she was seized with violent spasms, and forty minutes from the time the capsules were taken she was a corpse. The body was kept until Thursday afternoon.

Oct. 22 Coroner Defries of Sidney came to Riverton and summoned a jury. The body of Mrs. Mayhor was disinterred. Mayhor sat by and calmly watched the post-mortem examination, apparently unmoved. The examination of the body was thorough. Evidences of poison were found, one of the most striking being the fluid state of the blood as well as the condition and appearance of the brain, lungs, and intestines. The jury did not find a verdict but adjourned the inquest to such time as might be necessary to allow chemical analysis of the contents of the dead woman's stomach to be made. The inquest developed that there was $5,000 insurance in favor of Mayhor on his dead wife's life.

DANCED ON SOLDIERS' GRAVES.

More Outrages in Indiana Cemeteries—Rewards Will Be Offered.

MARTINSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Michael Callahan, from the west part of the county, brings information that persons had taken the tombstones from soldiers' graves, set them against the cemetery fence, and painted them red. To further show their hatred of the Union soldier they danced on the graves. The Rev. Jesse B. Johnson of Hall says the story is true and that a reputable citizen of Clayton knows the guilty persons; that the same persons with tin pans, drums, and bells had paraded before the business houses of Republicans before committing the crime. Jacob Wilhite, whose front gate was receiving a coat of paint, captured Robert Filkins, aged 18. Since the desecration of the graves he accosted Filkins, telling him he had better surrender himself, when he replied: "They can't do anything with us, anyhow, for there are sixty of us." The excitement has grown intense. The County Commissioners Monday will offer a reward of $500. Funds have been raised at Hall, Plainfield, and at this point, and by next Monday they will aggregate $2,000.

TO SUE BUILDERS FOR INFRINGING.

L. S. Buffington Claims the Sole Right to Build on Certain Plans.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Recently the Buffington Iron Building company was organized in this city with a capital stock of $1,000,000. Several years ago L. S. Buffington of this city patented a method of building a steel superstructure, which he claimed distribut

PRINCETON HAS HOPE.

A STRONG AND RESOLUTE TEAM WILL FACE THE YALES.

Blue Men Will Outweigh Those in Orange and Black—The Crowd Likely to Be a Huge One—The Teams as They Will Line Up—Champion Oarsman O'Connor Dead—Sanger's $500 Forfeit Is Posted—The Ryan-Collins Match—General Sporting News.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The pride of Yale and Princeton 'Varsities are tonight tucked snugly under the coverlets of the Fifth Avenue and Murray Hill Hotels, respectively. Blue neckwear and orange chrysanthemums are in pleasant rivalry tonight at all the places of public resort, for each train from the wilds of Jersey or the Nutmeg State has dumped its representatives of the blue and orange "chock" full of shout for their respective champions. The ladies, too, are in the swim, and corsage, neck, and headgear are decked with the colors of their chosen college. They are all "rooters" and will form part of the 30,000 or more of their kind who will gather at the Manhattan field to witness the "fray."

The Yale team will line up as follows:

Players and positions.	*Weight.*	*Height.*	*Age.*
Hinkey, left end	156	5: 9	21
Winter, left tackle	171	5:10½	20
McCrea, left guard	186	6: 2	17
Stillman, center	204	6: 2	19
Hickok, right guard	190	6: 1	18
Wallis, right tackle	178	5:10½	20
Greenway, right end	160	6: 1	20
McCormick, quarter back	152	5: 7	19
C. Bliss, half back	155	5: 6¼	22
Graves, half back	154	5: 7	21
Butterworth, full back	154	5:11	21
L. Bliss, half back	155	5: 9¾	20

Averages—167 pounds, 5 feet 10 inches, 20 years.

Yale and Princeton have played sixteen games of football together, of which Yale has won nine and Princeton six. One match, that of 1877, resulted in a tie. The teams meet tomorrow under conditions which have no precedent in the history of these annual matches. Hitherto, with two exceptions, each team has been up to Thanksgiving day an undefeated one, and these two exceptions were both occasioned by a Harvard victory.

This year Princeton has been defeated by the University of Pennsylvania, which, previous to the present season, has never been seriously considered in the struggle for the championship; and Yale reaches Thanksgiving day for the second year in succession without a point having been scored against her by any of her rivals.

When Yale's representatives climbed aboard the 3 o'clock train from New Haven this afternoon the usual demonstrations of enthusiasm accompanied their departure. Each of the individual members of the team, the Captain, the manager, the coachers, and the eleven as a whole, were included in the applause. At the depot cheers were also given for "a clean record for the season," a sentiment which was greeted with thundering response.

A similar demonstration was made by Princeton when the 6:40 train rolled out of the depot and the tigers could ask for no better send-off.

Yale's Chances Considered Best.

Yale has had to show her full strength to her rival in the game with Harvard. Of that there is no doubt, whatever statements may be made to the contrary. Princeton must assuredly have gained some advantage from seeing her opponents play in a closely-contested game, but this advantage is more than offset by the experience which the Yale men acquired at Springfield. This experience was particularly valuable to Yale in that she had several green men in her team, and the lessons they learned from the Harvard game make them almost veterans for Thursday's contest. Between the value of watching such a game as that at Springfield and playing in it there can be no comparison, and if Princeton rests her hope in the knowledge of Yale's play acquired in witnessing the Harvard game her chances for victory are indeed slim.

As a team the Yale men are in as good condition as can be desired. The only weak spot in the entire eleven is Lafrie Bliss' weak knee, and this is improving wonderfully since the Harvard game. He is likely to be able to play the whole game unless the unexpected occurs.

Princeton's Experience Has Been Hard.

At the beginning of the season Princeton was playing well. It is true that she was to a great extent playing a "one-man" game, with King for the man, but there was a snap about the work that augured well for the development of an eleven worthy of Princeton's former football reputation. As the season wore on Princeton's team improved; the interference was good, the defense exceedingly strong, and the center work equal to anything seen on the football field for years. Then the men began to overestimate their strength and to mistake promise for perfection. Accidents added to the harm already done by overconfidence until a crippled team found itself facing an opponent whose peers in point of unmated and disaster followed. Princeton has only played one game since its defeat at Manheim, and that against Orange, and the score against that team (23 to 0) undoubtedly convinced the Princetonians the a thorough reform was urgently needed. Since that time Princeton has done more playing and less talking. The management wisely canceled the game with Cornell and devoted itself to nursing the injured players and giving the able-bodied ones the best of coaching and practice. The result of this reformation will doubtless be visible tomorrow.

Princeton, as has been said, had early in the season good material for a first-class eleven. This material has been well handled by Harris, Poe, Moffatt, Biggs, Donnelly, and other coachers for the last three weeks, the injured men have recovered, and all overconfidence has vanished.

Yale will play the same men which represented her at Springfield.

Comment on the playing of the Yale men as a team is unnecessary, the furious sweep of their line and the speed of their backs have been rehearsed many times already this season, and their strength and skill are everywhere acknowledged. But compared individually the choice between the Yale and Princeton teams is slight, and remembering their play early in the season it will not be wise to predict a disastrous defeat for the orange and black. For the last three weeks Princeton has kept very quiet—always a good sign—and the men have worked hard and conscientiously. It will not do to compare scores and deduce conclusions, therefore. The Yale men have done remarkably well with their material this year, but their work is not yet completed and a hard-fought game awaits them on Thanksgiving day. If Yale wins tomorrow it will have to earn its victory, for the true indications are that the game of 1892 will be no walkover for the champions.

Before the Yale team returns to New Haven the question of a Captain for next year will have been decided.

Wallis, Winter, McCormick, and the Bliss brothers graduate and Hinkey and Butterworth are the next in the legitimate line for election.

As it has been Yale's policy to give the honor to a man behind the line Hinkey is practically out of the race, and as this is Butterworth's first year on the team he hardly seems a thoroughly desirable man for the responsibility. With matters in this perplexing state Laurie Bliss has announced his intention of returning another year and there is little doubt that he will be the choice of the Yale players to lead them in the football battles of 1893.

TIGERS' FRIENDS ARE FULL OF HOPE.

The Princeton Team in Good Condition and Has a Fighting Chance.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—The team and the usual complement of coachers, rubbers, and heelers left this afternoon for New York, the scene of tomorrow's contest. The men have been getting in some great work in the last two weeks, and every man is confident of giving Yale a hard fight.

Randolph will play in Vincent's place on left end. He is speedy in getting down on kicks, is a vicious tackler, and hard player. He is a fair match for Greenway. Lea will be in Holly's shoes at left tackle. He is as good as the man who held the position last season, but is not the equal of Winter, the experienced tackle whom he will face. Wheeler, Ballieta, and Hall are a better trio than Hickok, Stillman, and McCrea. Harold at right tackle suffers by comparison with Wallis, against whom he played last season. The Yale man has steadily improved, and Harrold is just where he was this time last season. Trenchard, the faithful, untiring, dogged player at right end, will be slightly outclassed by Hinkey, but not enough to cause serious damage to his side. Princeton suffers as much as anywhere this year in her full-back. Homans has not been in his old form for a month and will be badly outclassed by Butterworth unless he takes a decided brace tomorrow. King and Poe have the better of the argument with the Blisses, Graves, or any half-backs Yale can put into the field. Morse at quarter is slower than McCormick in passing, but in breaking through and tackling is clearly in the same class with the Yale Captain. The odds appear to be with Yale this time, but none of the Princeton men have abandoned hope and every member of the team is confident of winning.

Princeton's Team for the Field.

The team is as follows:

Men and positions.	*Weight.*	*Height.*	*Age.*
Randolph, left end	160	5:10	24
Lea, left tackle	172	6:2	18
Wheeler, left guard	201	6:00¾	19
Ballieta, center	178	5:10¾	25
Hall, right guard	205	6:2¾	21
Harrold, right tackle	173	5:9¾	23
Trenchard, right end	150	5:7	18
Morse, quarter	138	5:7	19
Poe, left half	144	5:7	19
King, right half	132	5:5¼	20
Homans, full back	164	5:9	22
Subs.			
Flint, half back	183	6:1	20
Fiscus, tackle and guard	187	5:10	20
Barnett, half back	160	5:8	20
McCauley, end	165	5:11	20
Symmes, center	201	5:10	22
Irvine, end	155	5:7	20
Taylor, tackle	173	6:00	20
McFarland, guard	189	5:10	21

The average of the Princeton forwards is one pound lighter than last year's line, which averaged 178 pounds. The backs are much lighter, the average being 154½ pounds. The average for the team, 165¾ pounds, is about four pounds lighter than Yale's reputed average.

Since the Pennsylvania game the Princeton players have shown a determination to win that has never before been equaled on the Princeton field. Capt. King when asked his opinion of the outlook today said: "We have quit talking since the Pennsylvania game. We were beaten by them and I have this right arm to wager they'll not do it again. We expect to do our talking Thanksgiving day."

YALE MEN EXPECT A ROUGH GAME.

All Are Sound, Full of New Tricks, and Fearful of Ballitet.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—The Yale men are all in the very best of condition and have about all recovered from their bruises received in the Harvard game. They are indeed in such good shape that Capt. McCormick has decided not to wait for an extra practice game, but to give the men the advantage of the rest instead. Butterworth was a pretty well tired out and bruised up man after the Harvard game, and so was "Pop" Bliss. The former's head was covered with big bumps and Bliss got many an ugly punch when he tried Harvard's line.

Good care has healed up these bruises enough for the time being, but the men will appreciate all the extra rest they can get.

Princeton's center is the one point that Yale fears most. There is no getting around the fact that Ballitet is the best center rush in the country today, and alongside of whom Stillman has no place. The general impression is that the game will be a rough one. Princeton will fight hard and Yale will not play a lawn tennis game by any means. Yale's system this year is to handle men pretty roughly and to thereby thoroughly test their powers of endurance, but not to carry their roughness to the extreme. Yale feels confident of victory, and yet it expects that Princeton will surprise people. It is by no means probable that Yale will play the same style of game that it did against the Harvards. Its play is likely to be more varied and to display several new tricks. Just what Princeton's will be it is hard to tell. The latter has had the advantage of having seen Yale play two Harvard games, whereas Princeton's work since the University of Pennsylvania game is a secret. Yale men are anxious to bet on the game, and considerable money, certainly a rash bet, has been put up that Princeton will not score.

Bets of $100 to $30 and $75 to $30 have also been made on the result.

Minor Football Games Today.

The Northwestern and Wisconsin University teams play at Milwaukee this afternoon.

The sale of the Chicago Cricket club grounds, advertised for yesterday, did not take place, owing to lack of bidders.

The Cbicagos, who now hold the championship of the association, will visit Braidwood today and play the local club.

The Pullman club will play today in Detroit against the strong team of the Michigan Athletic club. The "car-builders have taken down a strong team and hope to reverse their defeat of last Saturday.

Lincoln and Polk streets will be the scene of battle this afternoon between the Thistle and Columbia clubs. The former generally played under Scottish Association rules, in which the ball cannot be handled. Today they will try their hands at the Gaelic game, in which the ball may be struck with any part of the body. The Columbia team are known to be clever exponents of their own rules and the game is sure to be a good one. Play begins at 2:30 p. m.

Gaelic rules will also be in vogue at Thirty-seventh street and Indiana avenue, where a picked team of Scotch Association players will meet the cream of the various clubs composing the Gaelic Association. The latter team is composed of members of the Gratians, Inland Isles, O'Briens, Emmets, Shamrocks, Wolf Tones, Brian Borus, Davitts, O'Connells, and Emeralds. The match is advertised as being for the championship of the West and has attracted much attention. Play will begin at 2:30 p. m.

DEATH OF CHAMPION O'CONNOR.

America's Premier Sculler Dies of Typhoid-Fever at His Toronto Home.

TORONTO, Ont., Nov. 23.—William O'Connor, champion oarsman of America, died here today of typhoid-fever after a short illness.

[O'Connor became champion of America Nov. 24, 1885, when he defeated John Teemer over the Potomac course at Washington by three boat lengths. He has successfully defended his title ever since, having defeated Gaudaur twice for the honor.

He was born at Toronto twenty-nine years ago, and his early knowledge of aquatics was gained on the rough waters of Toronto Bay. In this way he learned to feather his oars high, and was a marvel over a rough course.

After winning the American championship he made overtures for a match on neutral water with Henry Searle, on whose shoulders, upon his retirement, Beach had placed the responsibility of defending the world's championship. Searle met O'Connor half way and a match was arranged to take place over the treacherous Thames course in London. The race was rowed in 1889 and Searle was an easy winner. The contest attracted widespread attention and was the talk of the sporting world for months. It demonstrated conclusively that the Australians were the peers of the world at sculling. This race was rowed less than four years ago and it is a strange coincidence that both contestants have joined the silent majority, the same disease carrying both off.

After Searle's death the championship reverted to Stansbury, another Australian, and O'Connor went to the antipodes to try to bring the championship back to this country.

He met Stansbury on the Parramatta course at Sydney in 1890 and was defeated ag ain.

Since his return to this country he had been trying to secure a match with Stansbury over some American course and had the Australian's promise of a match during the World's Fair year. O'Connor's death leaves Gaudaur America's best oarsman.]

SANGER'S $500 HAS BEEN POSTED.

Plenty of Milwaukee Money Ready for a $10,000 a Side Bet.

If Zimmerman wants to convince the wheelmen that he is a better man than Sanger all he has to do is to cover the $500 which yesterday was received from P. H. Sercombe of Milwaukee and placed in the care of THE TRIBUNE'S Willis B. Troy, who is in the habit of speaking for Zimmerman, declared the other day that as soon as he was apprised that Sercombe had posted his money with this paper he would do likewise. The opportunity to make good his word is now at hand. The moment he deposits his $500 the match is made and there will be but little trouble experienced in arranging about the side stakes of $10,000 for the honor of each of the principals. For the sake of the reputation of the racing men, however, it would perhaps be as well that they be not connected with the side bets. Of course it is hardly probable, should they be matched, that both of them will be closely watched by the racing board in order to discover if they do anything which is contrary to the spirit of the amateur rule, but at the same time there is not any need for worriment on this score so long as they do not touch the money. Zimmerman has before this declared that he would not race for a joint trophy worth only $1,000, excusing himself upon the plea that it would cost him $500 to get into shape for a match. He wanted to race Sanger for a trophy valued at $2,000 and offered no hindrance to Troy when he stipulated that the heavy side bets be included. The former proposition is not unreasonable, although it must be confessed that it savors a little of the ungenerous spirit which is rather foreign to a man as generous as Zimmerman. The half-share in the trophy represents a sum which will fully cover the expense incurred by either in training. And it is not to be considered that Zimmerman, the most famous wheelman in the world, desires to become a professional for the sake of landing another victory and with it a big sum of money. His friends expect, and no doubt he will accordingly, that he will be found willing to race for a $1,000 trophy as for one costing double that sum. Here is the Sercombe-Bolte letter.

MILWAUKEE Wis., Nov. 21, 1892—Chicago Tribune: Inclosed we hand you Mr. Bolte's certified check for $500 as our portion of a $1,000 prize, to go to the winner in a match race between W. C. Sanger and A. A. Zimmerman, the race to be a one mile, two mile, and five mile, the winner of two out of the three events, all of which are to occur on the same day, to take the prize. The races to be run preferably within six weeks from this date in any suitable locality, as we are not particular as to time and place.

In the matter of a $10,000 wager, will say that this is an entirely separate proposition on the part of some of Mr. Zimmerman's friends, he not having sporting or betting men ourselves in any sense we will simply be obliged to assure these parties that there is plenty of Sanger money in Milwaukee, and we beg to give assurance that the Zimmerman contingent will be promptly accommodated. Yours truly,

PARKER H. SERCOMBE.
FRANK W. BOLTE.

Zimmerman himself, a month ago, when the match was first talked of volunteered to be ready for the contest in six weeks from that time. A short time ago the Zimmerman enthusiasts were crowing because Sanger had not toed the line cash in hand. Now the wheelmen are waiting for Zimmerman and wondering if he will throw up any fresh impediment to what would unquestionably be the greatest amateur sporting event ever introduced.

Milwaukee Bicycle Tournament.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Johnson of Minneapolis, Munger of Chicago, and Sanger of Milwaukee are among the entries in the Milwaukee wheelmen's races which open at the Exposition Building tomorrow, to be continued until Saturday. The three crack riders are the only scratch men in tomorrow's handicap races, which include one and five mile races. There are forty-three entries in the one-mile race and thirty-eight in the five-mile race, including most of the fast men from Chicago. Munger is the only scratch man from Chicago, the handicaps of the other Chicago men being as follows, the one-mile handicap being given first and the five-mile following:

Davis 25 and 100 yards, Bliss 25 and 100, Nessel 35 and 140, Steele 40 and 160, Young 90 and 360, Ballard 50 and 200, Githens 30 and 120, Uibrecht 40 and 160, Cutting 55 and 220, Thorne 60 and 240, Pierce 75 and 300.

There will be also another race tomorrow, in which most of the fast riders are entered, including a one and a two mile open "dead broke." Wylie is here and he will start in some of the races.

THE RYAN-COLLINS GLOVE FIGHT.

Both Men Fit and Well—Ryan Is Favorite in the Betting.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Tomorrow at the Auditorium Tommy Ryan, the champion welterweight of America, and Jack Collins, the scientific and hard hitting trainer for the Detroit Athletic club, meet to fight eight rounds. They will weigh 140 pounds, give or take two pounds, and Marquis of Queensberry rules will govern. The winner is to take 75, the loser 25 per cent of the receipts, and as the Auditorium will have 5,000 spectators at $1.50 and $2 per head, a good round sum is to be battled for. While it is a limited round contest there is little or no doubt that a knockout will result. Collins bested Ryan in an early period in his career and the former has been eager ever since to repeat the performance.

Ryan has been training hard for some weeks under the Lavigues at Saginaw, while Tom McMahon has aided Collins at the D. A. C. Ryan tipped the beam at 140 pounds even at Saginaw this morning, and will come to Detroit with his party tonight.

If the fighting is hot from the call of time Collins stands an excellent chance of winning, while with every round Ryan's chances will improve. Collins weighed 141 pounds this afternoon. He has a broken nose that is liable to interfere with his breathing if Ryan jabs it. The betting is at 3 to 2 on Ryan, with not much money in sight. Most of the wagers will be laid tomorrow.

FOUR GLOUCESTER FAVORITES.

Mart, Starlight, Jersey, Saragossa, Prather, and Censor the Winners.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Four favorites, one second choice, and an outsider were the order of winners at Gloucester today. The starts were prompt and the racing was up to the standard. The summary:

First race, five furlongs—Mart (F. Doane), 8 to 5, won; Lady Wooster (Mosby), 20 to 1, second; Agnes (Trainor), 25 to 1, third. Time 1:08¾.

Second race, six furlongs—Starlight (Ham), 2 to 1, won; Orphan (J. Bergen), 6 to 5, second; Magee (Burrell), 20 to 1, third. Time 1:22¾.

Third race, four and one-half furlongs—Jersey (Merrick), 6 to 5, won; Patrolee (McCauley), 7 to 1, second; Jim Gates (Lynch), 20 to 1, third. Time 1:01.

Fourth race, six furlongs—Saragossa (Ham), 6 to 1, won; Belisarius (Kuchen), 1 to 2, second; Flattery (Corbley), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:20¾.

Fifth race, seven furlongs—Prather (J. Bergen), 4 to 5, won; Come-To-Taw (Hueston), 5 to 2, second; Jim Dunn (Ham), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:35¾.

Sixth race, five furlongs—Censor (J. Bergen), 2 to 5, won; Syracuse (McCauley), 8 to 2, second; Arapahoe (Mosby), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:06¾.

Gloucester entries for Thursday are:

First race, six and one-half furlongs—Spartacus, 114 pounds; Monroe, 110; Dora, 110; John Arkins, 110; Joe Lee, 108; Aftermath, 106; Ed Beauman, 108; James A. II., 106; Grenadier, 106; Ralph, 105; Calculus, 105; Sea Bird, 103; Ruby, 103; Daisy Woodruff, 103; Reba T., 98.

Second race, five furlongs, 2-year-olds—Herndon, 110 pounds; Saragossa, 110; Nellie K., 107; Orphan, 105; Lyrist, 99; Starter Pettingill, 95; Venus, 92; Carousal, 89.

Third race, seven and one-half furlongs—Rafter, 110 pounds; Mayor B., 109; Martel, 106; Vulpina, 106; Pocatello, 106; Tillan, 106.

Fourth race, one mile—Come to Taw, 116 pounds; Great Guns, 110; Larchmont, 107; Alan Archer, 101; Darling, 98; Mark, 92.

Fifth race, six and one-half furlongs—A. O. H., 107 pounds; Sandstone, 104; Leo Brigel, 104; Gloster, 101; Shakspeare, 101; Piedmont, 101; Lita, 98; Queen d'Or, 93.

Sixth race, five furlongs—Flattery, 114 pounds; All Black, 112; Can't Tell, 103; Houston, 103; Jardine, 102.

Stamboul Trots in 2:07 1-2 at Stockton, Cal.

STOCKTON, Cal., Nov. 23.—Stamboul is again King of the turf. He trotted on the kite-shaped track today in 2:07½. The day was not favorable, it being cloudy and cold, and the track was damp rom last night's rain. The horse was in good condition, and had it been a good day his time would have been lower. He went to the half in 1:02½ and finished in 2:07½, going without a skip until he reached the wire, when he left his feet. The record he lowered was Kremlin's 2:07¾, made last week at Nashville.

TRAP SHOOTING AT MILWAUKEE.

All of the Western Cracks Take Part in the Cream City Tournament.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—The annual tournament of the South Side Gun club which opened today at the National Park has attracted a large number of crack shots from all parts of the country, among them the following from Chicago: Rolla Heikes, A. C. Anson, John Ruble, W. H. Skinner, C. E. Willard, and W. Richards. Brewer and Fulford, two champion marksmen, were said to have been detained in Chicago on account of Frank Parmalee challenging Champion Brewer to a match for any money up to $1,000 a side. Today's contests were:

Ten live birds—C. Grimm, 9; C. W. Budd, 10; A. C. Anson, 9; R. O. Heikes, 9; H. McMurchy, 6; F. Parmalee, 9; M. C. Stanford, 10; F. A. Ackermann, 8; J. C. Reed, 7; A. L. Lehman, 9; J. E. Lewis, 9; J. A. R. Elliott, 7; Yale, 8.

Ten singles, seventeen participants—White, 9; Sanford, 9; Heikes, 8; Elliott, 9; Ackermann, 6; Grimm, 8; Skinner, 6; Fogg, 8; Howard, 7; Rex, 8; McMurchy, 4; Case, 8; Ineker, 9; Budd, 10; Reed, 7; Anson, 4; Parmelee, 9.

Fifteen singles, fifteen participants—Heikes 11, Sanford 14, Budd 15, Fogg 12, Ackermann 14, Read 13, Parmalee 10, Grimm 14, Skinner 9, Rex 13, McMurchy 8, Anson 9, White 10, Elliott 11, Lehman 13.

Twenty singles, twenty participants—Grimm 18, Sanford 17, Skinner 14, Parmalee 18, Rex 19, Stannard 14, Mexner 13, McMurchy 13, Read 14, Fogg 14, Ackermann 16, Heikes 16, Anson 15, Reed 15, Lehman 18, Elliott 17, Carmichael 16, Yale 14, Ackermann 19, Bennett 18.

Fifteen singles, unknown angles, known traps, sixteen participants—Grimm 12, Fogg 8, Budd 13, Stannard 13, Parmalee 14, Heikes 15, McMurchy 11, Sanford 13, Lewis 8, Elliott 14, Ackermann 11, Mexner 10, Friese 8, Anson 9, Lehman 10, Read 11.

Twelve singles, fifteen participants—Grimm 10, Budd 10, Sanford 7, McMurchy 8, Stannard 9, Heikes 9, Ackermann 10, Ackermann 5, Fogg 10, Yale 9, Mexner 7, Case 6, Parmalee 7, Read 4, Anson 9.

Elliott and Fulford Matched.

Elliott and Fulford have arranged their series of shooting matches, which will commence Dec. 16 with a race at Kansas City. Then in rapid succession will come races at Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Pa., and Harrisburg, Pa. The matches will be each for $200 a side, 100 birds each man. Next Tuesday at Burnside Atwater and Mussey will shoot a 100-bird race for $100 a side.

RODS SUE WON THE DOG DERBY.

Some Pretty Work by Grouse and Others in the All-Aged Stake.

HIGH POINT, N. C., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—The Derby of the Eastern Field Trials club ended at noon today, P. Lorillard Jr.'s Rods Sue winning first and the event, and Bayard Thayer's kennels winning second and third with Kingston and Bonair. The third series in this stake was not closely contested. Belle Kentucky and Bonair ran a fair heat, the latter showing the better work on birds. Rods Sue made a pretty race with Kingston. Although her work was not free from errors she made much the better work. The work of Conscreist and Hopes Mint was inferior and put them out of the race. Belle of Kentucky and Bonair were given a short run, Bonair proving superior in finding and pointing. This ended the Derby.

The all-aged stake was then begun. There were eleven starters. The pointer dog Grouse made a rare good showing in cunningly and diligently working out the field, and his quickness and accuracy in finding and pointing birds. Lorillard's Lora showed far superior qualities over the pointer Jupiter. A magnificent heat was run by Harry's and Excellonora. It was the best of the trials up to the present time. Anterolo and Guy ran a short heat without finding birds. They will be started again in the morning. The weather is cool and pleasant, and birds are found fairly plentiful.

CAPRON WAS BEATEN EASILY.

Haskins Races Away from the Canuck at an Even Game.

The scratch men in the shortstop tournament are receiving rough usage these days. Last night Capron went down before Haskins, who defeated the Canuck on an even string. Haskins was in good form and made an average of 6, running his 180 points in exactly thirty innings.

Capron was in miserable form. He seemed unable to catch his stroke, and in the first eight innings made but four points. The worse he played, of course, the better Haskins' executions became, and the latter had plenty to spare on the end. The score was:

Haskins (180)—3, 3, 1, 18, 6, 4, 2, 20, 0, 6, 5, 18, 2, 2, 0, 4, 12, 15, 6, 4, 5, 0, 1, 5, 18, 3, 11, 0, 1, 7. Total, 180. Best runs, 20, 18, 18. Average, 6.

Capron (265)—0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 0, 9, 0, 6, 6, 3, 7, 1, 0, 4, 12, 15, 20, 0, 3, 1, 0, 2, 3, 1, 5, 10, 1. Total, 114. Best runs, 20, 15, 12. Average, 3 24-30.

Telegraphic Notes of Sport.

BRADDOCK, Pa., Nov. 23.—George Dodd and Thomas Carney, employes of the Union Switch and Signal company, fought thirty-three rounds last night with bare knuckles. The contest was decided a draw. Both men have been arrested.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—"Judge" Newton of the Coney Island Athletic club has offered a purse of $2,000 for a fight between Paddy Gorman of Australia and Johnny Reagan. Newton has made the same offer for Gorman to fight Young Mitchell of San Francisco, and will allow the Californian $250 for expenses. Gorman accepts, and will fight either man.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—Robert Bonner is having a covered track 500 feet long built at his farm in Tarrytown. The track will be fourteen feet wide, having a large loop at each end so that the horse can turn. Here Maud S. will be jogged all winter to give her the full use of her muscles, and if all goes well, when the spring opens she will be edged up and sent a fast mile.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Nov. 23.—The cowboys of Nebraska and Dakota met at Chadron and organized a long distance race. After much deliberation it was billed that the race would be run from Chadron, Neb., to the Nebraska State Buildings at the World's Fair grounds. The prize is to be $1,000 and a gold medal. Nearly 300 entries will be made. Bronchos will be the animals ridden. The race will begin May 15 next.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Henry N. Smith, proprietor of the Fashion stud farm, Trenton, N. J., has been sued in the Circuit Court here by Adamson McCauless, receiver of Heath & Quincy of New York City. The amount sued for is $50,000, that being the approximate value of Smith's trotting stock located in this county. He owes Heath & Quincy nearly a million dollars, for which they seized his Fashion stud farm last week at Trenton. The stock in possession of Mr. Tod Hunter has been attached.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—The Michigan Trotting Horse Breeders' Association held its annual meeting here today. A program similar to that of last year, but omitting the 4-year-old class, was adopted for the next fall trotting meeting, which will be held at Saginaw. Sixty new members were added to the association. The new officers are S. A. Browne of Kalamazoo, President; J. C. Dero of Jackson, Vice-President; L. C. Webb of Mason, Secretary; Walter Clark of Battle Creek, Treasurer. The next annual meeting will be held at Kalamazoo.

RINGER WAS AT ROBY

BELVA L. WAS LUCY DAY AND THE GAME WENT THROUGH.

Owner Stark Collected Some $3,000 in Bets and Left the Track—Autumn Leaf, The Empress, Remedy, Hercules, and Amboy Won Roby Races—Magic, Louise, Content, Henry Young, and Lockport Landed the Hawthorne Events—General Turf News.

Another job on the order of the Polk Badget affair at Latonia and the Caddo coup at East St. Louis was put through at Roby Tuesday.

In the second half of the split first race one of the starters was entered as Belva L., ch. f., 3, by King Nero—Martha B., M. Stark being the owner. The race was for maidens, and called for selling allowances with $800 as the weight for age standard and allowances from that down. The filly was entered for $800, was given weight for a 3-year-old.

It developed yesterday that a neat job had been put through successfully, as far as the betting end was concerned. Tryphosa was the favorite in the race, while Belva, opening at 10 to 1, was backed down to 4 to 1 and less at the post, the bookies suffering heavily, particularly on place and show bets.

The race was a farce, Belva L. just galloping over her field and winning in hand by three lengths. A prompt protest was entered by interested parties, and Col. Clark, after ordering the purse withheld, set an investigation on foot with startling results. It developed that the supposed filly is the 6-year-old mare Lucy Day by Sleepy Jim out of Endora, a winner at Kansas City this spring and winner of five out of ten starts last year.

When Stark was sought it was found that he had left the track after giving orders that no one should be allowed to see the mare.

These facts were brought out too late to save the bookmakers, as bets had been paid off and fully $3,000 cleared up out of the ring.

Stark and the horse have been ruled off, and Dalton, the boy that had the mount in the race, suspended pending further investigation. He pleads ignorance of any job and claims he knew nothing of the horse before the race was run. Dalton was ruled off at the West Side track four years ago for pulling Jim B.

Yesterday's racing was common. The third and fourth races, which had some class to them, were declared off, and the first race, made up of a lot of dogs, split into three parts.

The winners of the day were Autumn Leaf at 1 to 2, The Empress at 4 to 1, Imp. Remedy at 6 to 5, Hercules at 5 to 1, and Amboy at 20 to 1. Autumn Leaf was backed down from even money and Imp. Remedy was heavily played, but the other winners were accorded scant support.

The Iowa Boy party turned him loose and backed him down from 10 to 4 to 1. With a good boy up the good thing would have gone through, Dalton riding a miserable finish and allowing Imp. Remedy to win by half a length. The summary follows:

First race, purse $300, for three-year-olds and upward, five furlongs—Autumn Leaf, 105 pounds (Irving), 1 to 2, won; Dew Drop, 102 (Street), 15 to 1, second; Cadaverous, 105 (Rogers), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:00¼. Also ran: Vatell, 105 (Rose), 20 to 1; Amelia Clark, 105 (Steppe), 7 to 1; Cole Miller, 99 (Bean), 20 to 1; Zantippa, 97 (Horning), 10 to 1; and Mary L., 93 (Peanton), 10 to 1, also ran.

Second race, purse $400, for 2-year-olds, half a mile—The Empress, 100 pounds (Gardner), 4 to 1, won; Contrary, 100 (Irving), 2 to 1, second; Red Emegdio, 100 (Cottrill), 15 to 1, third. Time, 53½. Caboo, 108 (Street), 12 to 1; Charlie Logan, 100 (W. Taylor), 30 to 1; Francis Pope, 100 (Kuhn), 5 to 1; La Rue, 100 (R. Bain), and Laura Abrahams, 97 (Howard), coupled, 3 to 1; Black Maria, 97 (Phillips), 30 to 1; and Capriola, 97½ (Horning), 40 to 1, also ran. Ruth Cleveland, 95, was scratched.

Third race, purse $300, for 3-year-olds and upward, five furlongs—Imp. Remedy, 100 pounds (Rogers), 6 to 5, won; Iowa Boy, 116 (Dalton), 10 to 1, second; Fred Houston, 102 (Gardner), 5 to 1 third. Time, 1:06½. Cruickshanks, 94 (McCormack), 12 to 1; Golo, 100 (Irving), 10 to 1; Beaute Rouge, 105 (Barret), 4 to 1; and St. Alfonso, 117 (Street), 20 to 1, also ran. Pete Harlan, 108, was scratched.

Fourth race, purse $300, for 3-year-olds and upwards, five furlongs—Hercules, 118 pounds (Flanton), 5 to 1, won; Steinway, 110 (McCormack), 6 to 1, second; Emp. Billet, 108 (Kuhn), evens, third. Time, 1:05¾. Abandon, 102 (Howard), 10 to 1; Rosewood, 105 (Street), 5 to 1; Profligate, 108 (Rogers), 10 to 1; Sam Sayre 112 (F. Sloan), 8 to 1; and Alturos, 113 (Ross), 5 to 1, also ran.

Fifth race, purse $400, for 3-year-olds and upward, seven furlongs—Amboy, 100 pounds (Horning), 20 to 1, won; Dowagiac, 103 (Gardner), 5 to 1, second; Lebeth, 100 (R. Bain), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:34¾. Duke of Mulpitas, 108 (Fink), 30 to 1; ran unplaced. Sunnybrook, Ormonde, Speculation, and Jack Richelieu were scratched.

Fourth race, purse $500, for 2-year-olds, half a mile—Henry Young, 111 pounds (F. Bell), 2¾ to 1, won; Haydee, 108 (Slack), 3½ to 1, second; Lady Mary, 105 (Covington), 10 to 1, third. Time, :50. Governor Fifer, 108 (Murphy), 9 to 5; Chiswell, 108 (Brown), 50 to 1; Jake Johnson, 108 (Mooney), 15 to 1; Duke of Content, 108 (Madison), 100 to 1, ran unplaced. Emma was scratched.

Fifth race, purse $500, for 3-year-olds and upwards, selling, three-quarters of a mile—Lockport, 98 pounds (Noble), 5 to 1, $600, won; Gray Goose, 98 (F. Bell), 5 to 1, $700, second; Tom Jones, 106 (Murphy), 20 to 1, $700, third. Time, 1:17. Lonnie B., 89 (Macklin), 12 to 1, and Lemon Blossom, 100 (Covington), 3 to 5, ran unplaced. Bimbo, Dollikins, Razzie Dazzie, Bankrupt, and Highwayman were scratched.

Thursday's races and entries at Hawthorne are as follows:

First race, five furlongs, for 2-year-olds, selling—Snariey the Smuggler, 102 pounds; Lady Mary, 102; Ald. Morris, 101; Thane, 102; Issie O., 104; Miss Spot, 102; Jake Allen, 103; Humming Bird, 108.

Second race, five furlongs, selling—Catherine B., 106 pounds; Top Gallant, 103; Grafton, 104; Forest King, 106; Leocolus, 101; Highwayman, 97; Oakdale, 102.

Third race, seven furlongs, for all ages—Sir Abner, 107 pounds; Bimbo, 102; Gov. Adams, 107; Shoshone, 120; Rosemont, 104; Piccolo, 112; Humming Bird, 85.

Fourth race, five furlongs, selling—Piccalili, 105 pounds; Burt, 106; B. B. Million, 105; Faterna, 102; Tom Stevens, 106, Rosewater, 102; Razzie Dazzie, 108; Woodford, 108.

Fifth race, three-quarters of a mile, selling—Duke of Milpitas, 110 pounds; Ruby Fayne, 110; Teutonic, 108; Gov. Adams, 110; Bankrupt, 101; Ed Bell, 107.

ONE EAST ST. LOUIS FAVORITE.

Audiphone, Little Addie, Envy, St. Mark, and King Himyar the Winners.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Only one favorite was successful at East St. Louis this afternoon. The weather was cold and the track fast. Audiphone, second choice in the first race at 4 to 1, won in a drive by half a length from Martha W. Little Addie won the second race by two lengths from Jack White. Envy, at 6 to 1 in the third race, got a flying start and held the advantage to the finish, beating Bob Lytle, the favorite, by two lengths. The handicap at one and one-eighth miles was the betting event of the day. St. Mark led to the end of the mile, when Acclaim took up the running. St. Mark came again in the stretch and won with a little urging by two lengths. King Himyar gave the talent a tumble by winning the last race, with 25 to 1 against him. The summary follows:

First race, selling, for maiden 2-year-olds, six and a half furlong

The Tribune.

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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1892.

GOV.-ELECT ALTGELD'S special organ, after dealing with the statistics of the Democratic vote in Illinois and in Cook County, observes: "Those Democrats who take their orders from the Missouri metropolis will have to think twice before they organize against Cook County men and measures." Will horizontal William R. Morrison and his fellow-Egyptians take notice accordingly that Mr. Altgeld is attending to business?

THE New York stock market was lower in consequence of expected gold exports. The Chicago market was broad and prices generally higher. Sterling rates continue firm, New York exchange sold at 60 cents premium.—Leading markets at Chicago were moderately active yesterday and lower all around. Liquidation was the order of the day. Large receipts of grain affected wheat and corn, and realizing by holders forced provisions off. As compared with the latest prices of the previous day May wheat closed ¾ cent lower, corn ⅝ cent lower, oats ⅛ cent lower, cash rye steady, barley steady, flax ¼ cent higher, January pork 10 cents lower, lard 15 cents lower, and ribs 10 cents lower.

AT the meeting of the Judiciary committee of the City Council Monday Ald. Mann's ordinance providing for a license for vehicles inversely proportionate to the width of their tires was favorably considered and recommended for passage. The ordinance proposes a merely nominal fee for vehicles with broad tires—those over three inches and a half in width—while a fee of $10 or thereabouts is proposed for heavy vehicles with narrow tires. The ordinance is a good one as far as it goes, and it ought to be passed. A more radical measure would hardly meet with favor at this time. It is well known that the wooden pavements of the city are torn up, cut up, and worn out by the narrow tires of heavy vehicles, such as coal wagons, stone wagons, wagons for carrying heavy metals, etc. This destruction of the streets imposes heavy burdens on the fronting property-owners and they should have relief. Either the team owners should use broad-tired wheels, which do little or no damage to pavements, or they should contribute to the street repairing fund in the form of a good stiff license.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Notwithstanding the calamitous occurrence of Nov. 8 it is in order for the people of this country and this State to be thankful on this old New England Thanksgiving holiday. The President and Gov. Fifer have each requested them to express their gratitude and if they who were conspicuous sufferers by that calamity can still feel it in their hearts to be grateful surely all others can render their thanks.

The verdict of the voters was the crowning misfortune of the year, but the associations of Thanksgiving day cover more than a year and are not affected by any episodes of politics, however grotesque or unfortunate they may be. Even looking forward and anticipating that by the time another of these anniversaries comes round the people, however grateful they may think they should be, will not have so much to be thankful with, still it is their duty to be thankful now. The great harvest festival is specially significant in this historical Columbian year and should recall the memories and traditions of the Puritan fathers of the country. When these are properly considered the inexplicable Providence which has been visited upon this country, mainly because there is no bar against human folly, will be esteemed as of little account on this festal day at least.

One need not look far to find causes for thankfulness, whatever the next four years may bring, due to free trade folly and the wildcat craze. Though wages may scale down and factories close and production diminish, the rich remain where they are and the poor grow poorer, still there is reason for thankfulness for the extraordinary prosperity of the year now coming to a close, for the extension of all material resources, the growth of production, the increase of wages, the enlarged surpluses of the working people in bank, and the increased erection and ownership of homes by the wage-earners. There is reason for thankfulness at the remarkable prosperity of all religious, educational, artistic, and social schemes. There is cause for gratitude that the administration of President Harrison, now drawing to its close and to be succeeded by an era of uncertainty and doubt, involving possible stagnation, has been clean, honest, dignified, statesmanlike, and successful in such eminent degree that it challenges comparison with any of its predecessors. We should be thankful that by the firm stand of the same administration the country has been saved from the ravages of the pestilence and that so long as it remains in power there will be no visitation of the European destroyer. We are to be thankful for progress in every mental and moral direction and for sure signs that the good gains upon the evil. It may seem depressing when one thinks of the hundreds of thousands of dollars stolen by dishonest business methods, but the aggregate is small when compared with the millions generously bestowed upon religion, education, charity, and the instruction and education of the people. There is reason for thankfulness in the gradual breaking down of the old castiron dogmas of theology and the dawn of a new era in which humanity is coming to the surface and love will take the place of fear. As one of our most eloquent preachers puts it:

> There is enough light falling upon this world to enable us to enjoy a vision of great beauty and great impressiveness—the vision of a world over which learning is advancing, over which a wider justice is sweeping forward like a springtime; a vision of slave ships abandoned and slaves set free; of despotisms turning into republics, of womanhood raised to a new mental and spiritual height; a vision of religion simplified and tending toward a full brotherhood of all who kneel at the altar of prayer; of a banner of sympathy waving over all the helpless ones; the vision of men and women interceding for dumb animals, acting as orators for the creatures without speech; of a decline of the love of war; and then added to all this scene the spectacle of a material world which has doubled its glory because man has doubled the power of his intellect and his heart.

In this grand chorus of thanksgiving Chicago's voice should be strong and jubilant, for notwithstanding the efforts of politicians and spoilsmen the metropolis of the West has advanced steadily forward. For its material prosperity, its increased business, its good health, its marvelous growth, its public improvements, its enlarged business, its new university, public library, and art institute, and the success of the beautiful white city at Jackson Park, foreshadowing the crowning triumph of 1893, every citizen of Chicago should return thanks today at his well-laden table and let the doubtful tomorrow take care of itself.

MR. ALDRICH AND THE CITY ADMINISTRATION'S "EFFORTS."

Mr. J. Frank Aldrich writes in his official capacity, not as Congressman-elect, but as Commissioner of Public Works, to a morning paper to express his "unconcealed pleasure" at the efforts of the contemporary in question "to supplement in a practical manner the efforts of the city administration to better the condition of the streets and to abate nuisances." The letter may be taken in some quarters as a welcome evidence that the recent election is over and the count completed to Mr. Aldrich's satisfaction. He may now be induced to give some portion of his valuable time to the service of the city which has paid him a generous salary while he has been running for office, making excursions to New York, and attending to the official count of the votes of the First District. There will be objection, however, in most quarters to many of the statements and implications of Mr. Aldrich's gushing epistle. He speaks of "the efforts of the city administration to better the condition of the streets." Where is the evidence that the city administration has made any such efforts? Not even during the scandalous Cregier administration was the condition of the streets worse. They are dirty, filthy, badly paved, and continuously obstructed. The ordinances in respect to them are daily violated under the eyes of the subordinates of the Commissioner of Public Works. They have been torn up by gas, telegraph, and telephone companies and not restored to proper condition as required by the ordinances. The orders of the Council oft-repeated to enforce the municipal laws in those respects have been ignored by the Commissioner's subordinates. He has been too busy with his political and private concerns to give attention to them himself.

Mr. Aldrich ungenerously and without warrant belittles and ridicules the efforts of the two volunteer agencies that have sought to cultivate a healthy public sentiment in reference to municipal cleanliness. There would have been no need for those agencies had Mr. Aldrich and his subordinates performed their duties. But the volunteer organizations have worked zealously. Their work would have told had they had the hearty cooperation of the Commissioner of Public Works. One of those organizations, the Municipal Order League, did last summer what Mr. Aldrich commends a newspaper for doing now. The women of the league had many thousands of forms of complaint, such as now suggested, printed and scattered broadcast throughout the city. Hundreds of those complaint forms were filled out and sent to the Department of Public Works through the agency of the Municipal Order League. No attention whatever was paid to them. Mr. Aldrich may have been too busy running for office or to New York to heed them. His subordinates did not notice them. No wonder that the Municipal Order League was discouraged in its work. But it should now be spared his pitying patronage.

There would be no occasion for any of the volunteer agencies—the newspaper one or the others—if Mr. Aldrich had strictly attended to the duties for which he has been paid; had he enforced the laws and ordinances of the city; had he insisted on the economical and proper expenditure of the public funds, and upon the employment of faithful, industrious, and intelligent subordinates. Mr. Aldrich has been a great Commissioner on paper, but not much of a success in practice. He should not call too pointed attention to the fact.

HOW COL. HARRISON WAKED BABY RUTH.

Mr. Grover Cleveland has incontinently fled from the Democratic spoils-hunters. Overwhelmed by their persistency and appalled at the extent of the constantly increasing crowd which is making the welkin of Fifty-first street ring with its clamor, the great man called for a close carriage Tuesday evening, concealed himself in a great coat, jumped aboard a train bound South, and, it is understood, will not stop until he reaches Exmore, a place of only fifty people in Virginia—a sort of no man's land, where it is to be presumed not one of the fifty nondescript people wants an office. In that snug and secluded haven, midway between Chesapeake Bay and the Atlantic Ocean, and quarantined upon an island, he will be safe from his persecutors. Of course, it would not be possible for the Prophet to go to Exmore or even to Brooklyn without leaving his imprint behind him in the form of a moral lecture. The Prophet is nothing if not ethical and instructive. He is a sort of political university extension course. Accordingly he has authorized the publication of his first official declaration since the election, and it is addressed to the spoils-hunters. In it he says:

> Many of the callers whom I have been obliged to receive would not, I think, have encroached upon my time if they had given the matter a moment's reflection.
>
> Those who have called upon me to talk about offices, it seems to me, have been a little inconsiderate and certainly unnecessarily premature. I desire to give as much publicity as possible to the statement that I do not propose to consider applications for office prior to my inauguration, and I shall avoid all interviews on that subject. Those who, under any pretense, gain an opportunity to present their applications orally and those who burden me at this time with written applications cannot possibly do anything which would so interfere with their chances of success. Written applications will be so little regarded that I doubt if they ever see the flies in Washington, for there is no reason or decency in my being overwhelmed with such matters at this time.

The Prophet goes further than this. He not only tells the reasons why he has gone, but he announces what he will do when he returns in the following vigorous fashion:

> When I return unless I am somewhat relieved from the unnecessary demands upon my time to which I have been subjected here thus far, I shall shut up my house in the city and find some more quiet place to spend the winter. Certainly between now and the 4th of March I ought to have some time to devote to other matters than receiving callers and considering subjects which should be postponed.

These emphatic declarations of the Prophet, it is needless to say, caused intense excitement among the New York politicians and they at once began to seek for the cause of them and to discover, if possible, who had been responsible for this indecent treatment of the great and good man. It is painful to have to announce that they have fastened the blame upon the Illinois politicians and that Col. Carter Harrison appears to be the principal offender, and that it may be due to him personally that the Prophet has fled to Exmore—all this upon Democratic testimony. THE TRIBUNE does not hold itself responsible for any of the assertions about this family row. The New York *World* says:

> The New York politicians read and reread this statement and at once began to wonder for whom the rebuke was designed. Finally it was agreed that Mr. Cleveland had fired the shot at the "stand and deliver" representatives from Illinois who have been making life miserable for him during the last few days. Mr. Cleveland had seen Mr. Cable before ex-Mayor Harrison made his appearance and he had confided to the President-elect how Harrison had told him a fortnight before the election that he would not give another cent to "chase rainbows into Lake Michigan." Mr. Harrison was furious at this and stormed about, it is said, until he woke Baby Ruth, who was enjoying her afternoon nap.

There is still another version of this matter. It was affirmed by the New York *Tribune* that Col. Harrison had remained longer at the Manhattan club dinner Saturday night than the state of his mind and body warranted, and that before leaving he made uncomplimentary remarks about Mr. Cleveland and also about Mr. Stevenson. It was said that he ended his speech by declaring that the Democrats of Illinois would make a "hell of a row" over the distribution of Federal patronage. This made Col. Harrison mad and he at once went to the Prophet's house to set himself right, and in doing so he seems to have waked up Ruth, the baby. It is due to Col. Harrison to say that he denies having intimated anything about "a hell of a row" or that he was in any unusual condition of mind or body at the Manhattan club. Indeed Majah Jones says he only drank one Manhattan cocktail and went to bed early that night.

It is a curious muddle as it stands, but a few things are clear. It is evident that Judge Tree, Editor Walsh, Ben Cable, and Col. Harrison between them have made life such a burden to the Prophet that he has gone to Exmore after freeing his mind about them, and that it was Col. Harrison who waked the baby up. There was one Colonel, however, who was wise enough to stay at home. It was Col. Wash Hesing. He made his visit long before the clans organized their attack. He found the Prophet when he was at his ease in Gray Gables, and with nothing more serious to trouble him than the direction of the wind or the incoming of a school of bluefish. When the plums are dealt out who will be the most likely to get them—the Colonel who made him the beautiful German-Lutheran present or the Colonel who waked the baby?

THE PROPOSED PARDON OF NEEBE.

If Oscar Neebe, the Haymarket Anarchist, was rightfully convicted he ought not to be pardoned by Gov. Fifer of Illinois, no matter how much pressure is brought to bear upon the Governor. If he is innocent then a general jail delivery should be made of his companions. The public, however, which followed the cases of Neebe and his associates very carefully, will be loath to believe that there is any good reason for giving him his freedom. The trial of these Chicago Anarchists was fairly conducted, and despite the horror excited by their acts the jury was unprejudiced and found its verdict on the evidence. Neebe was fortunate to escape the gallows, and whatever may be his physical or mental condition he should spend the remainder of his life behind prison walls.—*Dem. Exchange.*

It is probable that Gov. Fifer will leave the pardoning of Neebe to Gov. Altgeld. The present Governor has resisted all appeals and entreaties in his behalf now for four years. He will probably continue to resist them to the end of his term. Gov. Altgeld will no doubt set Neebe at liberty. He is a Socialist after a kind, and is supposed to be an Anarchist sympathizer. He will, of course, be delighted to set the "persecuted martyr," Neebe, at liberty and restore him to the embraces of his fellow-Anarchists. Every Anarchist and Socialist and Anarchist sympathizer in Illinois voted for Altgeld and worked for his election. They would derive enormously more satisfaction from the pardon of Neebe by their man than they would from his pardon by Gov. Fifer, who has no sympathy with anarchy and whose supporters have no sympathy with it.

Gov. Fifer is now being urged to pardon Neebe by maudlin sentimentalists and gushing politicians with an ax to grind. He should pay no heed to them. Let the work of unjailing the Anarchist and his fellow-Anarchists, Schwab and Fielden, be left to their sympathizer and to the beneficiary of the anarchistic vote. Altgeld should not be deprived of the pleasure, in order that the male old women who are beseeching the present Governor may be satisfied.

IT appears from a published statement of Supt. Barrett of the Electrical Department that several of the electric power houses in the more populous sections of the city are capable of sustaining many more lamps than they are called upon to carry now. The city has not the money to erect the lamps or to make the connections. Mr. Barrett suggests that this difficulty be met by the special assessment plan. There is now an ordinance before the Council to give effect to such a scheme. This ordinance provides that the construction of "power houses, real estate for power houses, and the necessary machinery for furnishing electric lights and the maintenance thereof shall be paid for by general taxation." But it also provides that "all local improvements, consisting of electrical conduits, cables, lamp-posts, switches, and lamps necessary for the purpose of furnishing electric light for municipal purposes shall be paid for by special assessment to be levied upon the property benefited." This seems to be fair to all parties concerned. It is the only feasible plan for extending the electric light plant through the city. The ordinance should be passed at the next meeting of the Council.

STATESMAN VAN PRAAG hotly denounces that police raid of Tuesday night resulting in his arrest and a free ride in a patrol wagon as a Republican attempt to throw disrepute on his character. In this emergency Statesman Van Praag undoubtedly will rise to the occasion and prove an alibi.

THE English sparrow may be thankful this morning that Dec. 1 is a whole week off.

THE evident determination of the railways to enrich themselves at the expense of travelers to and from the World's Fair next year is condemned by all the papers of the country, so far as we have observed, with the exception of the Omaha *Bee*, which paper appears to derive some satisfaction from the probability that Chicago will be the principal sufferer.

CHICAGO will expect its young athletes to furnish crushed beans today as a side dish for its Thanksgiving turkey.

IN Minnesota the People's party appears to have fallen off since 1890 nearly or quite 30,000 votes. A motion for a change of name as to the Minnesota branch of the party is entirely in order.

THERE is very little probability that the talk of dividing Kansas into two States will amount to anything, but Mrs. Lease is likely at any moment to declare in favor of the divided skirt.

THE Kansas City *Star* rejoices that all uncertainty as to the actual existence of Mr. T. Suffern Tailer has been dispelled by the publication of an article concerning him, accompanied by his portrait, in *Harper's Weekly*. It is almost incredible that anybody ever could have had doubts concerning the actuality of Mr. T. Suffern Tailer. He is as veritable an entity and in his chosen field of greatness as commanding a genius as the renowned Col. Abe Slupsky of St. Louis.

EXPOSITION officials who ought to know whereof they speak deny that there has been any leak in the gate receipts. The leak is in the roofs of the buildings.

"KOREBH" TEED is becoming defiant. He offers a reward of $5 for any evidence going to show that the committee of Normal Parkites appointed some months ago to squelch him is doing anything. He also challenges any theologian or man of science to discuss "Korebanity" with him on the public platform. Dr. Teed has degenerated. He has become what irreverent men of the world term a bluffer. Put up at auction he would not bring half as much now as he would have brought a year ago.

IF you have a good seat secured for the football game today it is a matter for thanksgiving. If not you can be grateful you are not obliged to sit in a freezing atmosphere for two hours merely to see a lot of young men scramble for the possession of a big leather-covered ball.

BRER CABLE has returned from a visit to Grover Cleveland. He gives it out confidentially that Baby Ruth is a remarkably sweet child.

IT is not a theory but a howling mob of office-seekers that confronts the President-elect from now on.

ALL surviving Hyde-Parkers will be thankful they have lived to see another day.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Fatal Defect in His Character.

"Yes, sir," said the tough with the battered hat, wiping his nose with the back of his hand, "I wunst had the chance to nab a clean $25,000 from an express comp'ny. I could 'a' took it an' got away, too. An' I didn't do it."

"Wot alled you, Billf" asked the hard citizen with the red comforter round his neck. "W'y didn't you swipe it an' light out?"

"I hadn't the moral courage, Jake; I hadn't the moral courage!"

A Professional Opinion.

Fair Patient—"Doctor, I have taken great quantities of your medicines and they don't seem to help me one bit. Some of my friends say I would get better if I would buy a bicycle and ride it. What do you advise?"

Doctor (alarmed)—"My dear young friend, in my opinion there is nothing in the world so—so ungraceful and out of place as a young woman on a bicycle."

His Recommendation.

Stranger (in Washington next year)—"Jonesby? Jonesby? No, I never heard of him. Why, great Scott! The office he's been appointed to is one of the best in the gift of the President. How did that man ever happen to get it?"

Resident—"He was the only Democrat in Illinois that didn't claim he had carried the State for Cleveland."

PERSONALS.

Ex-Secretary Bayard's friends say that he has no desire to enter the Cabinet.

Gen. Weaver's thanksgiving for the result of the election is evidence of the gratitude he feels for the eggs sent to him by Southern Democrats.

Senator Vest says he doesn't favor "a cavalry charge on the tariff." In other words, he isn't so mad about it now as he was before the election.

Ex-Gov. Campbell would be more eligible to a place in the Cabinet if his party had done as well in Ohio when he was a candidate as it did when he was not.

William Dickey was sent to the Maine Legislature in 1842, and they are sending him there yet. He was reelected at the recent election and is now 81 years old.

Gov. Hogg of Texas observes that his greatest ambition is "to hurl the Federal judiciary headlong from its tyrannical turret." Hogg may be said to be squealing.

Dr. J. C. Hepburn and wife are in San Francisco after thirty-three years of missionary work in Japan. Mrs. Hepburn was the first white woman to enter that country.

Mr. Burgess, who, with his wife and farm, slid off into Lake Whatcom, Wash., the other night, now knows just how Chairman Carter has been feeling since election day.

Henry M. Stanley is at work upon an article on Africa and the slave trade to be published during the coming year in one of our magazines. The article will seek to bring the slave trade down to its present status.

Mrs. Lease vindicated the reputation of her sex for talkativeness in the late campaign. She says she made 200 speeches during the campaign, speaking once or twice each day. On one occasion she made four speeches, two of them before breakfast.

Miss Pauline Whitney, the daughter of William C. Whitney, will be one of the belles of the coming New York season. Miss Whitney has spent several years in Europe away from her parents and under the care of a governess, the same who trained Miss Leiter of Chicago. She is about 18 years old.

Mr. Francis Darwin says concerning his father's method of work: "It was his habit to work more or less simultaneously at several subjects. Experimental work was often carried on as a refreshment or variety while books involving reasoning and the marshaling of large bodies of facts were being written."

CURRENT NOTES.

A cyclone is one of those things that make a man feel blow.—*Binghamton Leader.*

The record breaker isn't dishonest, although he tries to beat his way through life.—*Elmira Gazette.*

A tramp is always willing to receive a cold shoulder, but he prefers a porterhouse.—*Binghamton Republican.*

She—"Did you see anything in New York that reminded you of Philadelphia?" He—"Yes, the messenger boys."—*Brooklyn Life.*

Convalescent (looking at his doctor's bill)—"Good gracious! have I been as sick as all this, doctor? I wonder I'm alive!"—*Scraps.*

Jess—"Supposing a friend should ask me to sing and I said I couldn't, would that be a white lie?" Bess—"I guess so; it would be treating your friend white, anyway."—*New York Herald.*

Critical Stiggins (watching the Harvard football eleven at practice)—"They didn't hold on to that last V long enough." Impecunious Jenkins—"I have made the same mistake myself."—*Boston Herald.*

"Do you believe in the transmigration of souls, Joe?" "What's that, sir?" "Why, for instance, that that cow has had a prior existence in another form—perhaps been a being like myself." "O, no doubt the cow's been a calf."—*Judy.*

"No," said Bass, "I never was in Mormondom, but I have an idea how the polygamous family looks. I have been to the summer resort, you know, where there is one man to a dozen women and two dozen children."—*Boston Transcript.*

Doctor—"Why, how is this, my dear sir? You sent me a letter stating you had been attacked by measles, and I find you suffering from rheumatism." Patient—"Well, you see, doctor, it is like this; there wasn't a soul in the house that knew how to spell rheumatism."—*Harper's Bazar.*

Rust Destroys Faster than Use, Idleness than Work.

The millionaire Michigan lumberman who has retired from business at 67 to enjoy life will probably not be able to carry out his plans. It is the vice of American business life that nearly every man under 60 years devotes himself so exclusively to getting wealth that he has no leisure to cultivate any taste for reading, art, or athletics. Thus when he retires, as this old lumberman has done, he is bored beyond endurance because he has no resources with which to kill time. The richer he is, as a rule, the more wholly his life has been given to the piling up of the almighty dollar; hence the more hopelessly at sea he finds himself when he suddenly drops out of that business routine which has become second nature by the habit of years.

The English Way.

The English do not keep their condemned murderers on public show for two or three years as we are accustomed to doing. It is barely six months since Dr. Neill Cream, the poisoner, was arrested, yet in that time he has been tried, convicted, sentenced, and hanged. He was given no opportunity to pose as a hero in interviews, nor was his execution turned into a raree-show for the Sheriff's friends. Whatever may be the hardships to newspapers that years to exploit crime, we think the English method of dealing with criminals is far better than ours and worthy of adoption. If introduced here its first effect would be to lessen crime, for the breath in the nostrils of the American criminal is notoriety. Deprive him of that and you rob him of his dearest possession.—*Ex.*

The Case of Peck.

That the accusation against Labor Commissioner Peck of New York was strictly for political effect was proved by the promptness with which the charge was dropped as soon as the election was over. The prosecution served to break the force of Peck's revelations and that was all the Democrats cared for. The campaign was a campaign of humbug, from Grover Cleveland, who hedged on the platform, down to the humblest officeseeker who obtained votes under false pretenses.—*Ex.*

An African Explorer.

The complete account of the adventures of Monteuil, the African explorer, will make very interesting reading. He is said to be nearer the coast of Tripoli after eighteen months spent in the great Sahara. His route from Senegal by way of Lake Tenad is little known, and he ought to be able to clear up some vexed questions in the geography of the desert.—*Ex.*

TO PROTECT ITSELF.

SANTA FE MAY BREAK THE WESTERN PASSENGER ASSOCIATION.

The Only Salvation for the Organization Appears to Be the Return to Membership of the Alton—President Manvel Claims That Outside Roads Are Playing Havoc with His Line's Business Chicago to Missouri River—Gould and Huntington May Combine.

Just at the time when the Western Passenger Association was congratulating itself upon having emerged unscathed from the many perils which have threatened its existence for many months and had entered into a safe harbor where it would no longer be molested by tempests and troubles a new cloud appears on the horizon that threatens to cause disaster. The Santa Fé has been dissatisfied with the working of the association ever since the Alton ceased to be a member of it. The rivalry between the two roads has already been most energetic and the fact that the Alton was not a member of the association gave the Santa Fé the impression that the restrictions placed upon it by the association gave the Alton quite an advantage.

When the Santa Fé made its renowned reduction in the rate to Denver on the occasion of the Knights Templar conclave last summer without consulting the Chairman or members of the association it was thought to be the signal for the withdrawal of the Santa Fé from the association. But the Santa Fé made a strong fight against expulsion, and appealed the rulings of the Chairman to arbitration. It was generally understood that if the arbitrators should decide against the Santa Fé it would withdraw from the association rather than pay the heavy fine which such adverse ruling would carry with it. The arbitrators, however, found in favor of the Santa Fé, and the defeated Chairman and members of the association were rather pleased with the result, because they believed that the Santa Fé would continue to be a member of the association and act in harmony with the other roads.

Great was their surprise therefore when Chairman Caldwell yesterday received the following communication from President A. Manvel of the Santa Fé:

> The action of lines outside of the association, respecting passenger business to and from southwestern Missouri River points, as well as between points intermediate Chicago and the Missouri River, and the inability of your association and its officers to protect the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé railroad company as against such competition, makes it necessary that such business be exempted from the agreement and rules and regulations of your association, in order that this company may be properly protected, otherwise the only alternative left this company is to withdraw from your association. You are therefore requested to submit to the association at its first meeting the proposition of excluding the business above alluded to from the operation and effect of the agreement altogether, or for at least a period of not less than six months.

Chairman Caldwell, immediately upon the receipt of the foregoing, sent the following reply to President Manvel:

> I beg to acknowledge receipt of yours of the 19th inst. regarding proposition to exclude certain business from the control of this association, and in accordance with your request will place the subject on the docket for consideration at our next regular meeting, unless it should be deemed advisable to call a special meeting for that purpose.

All this means that the Western Passenger Association agreement will have to be suspended for a period of not less than six months on all business between Chicago and the Missouri River or the Santa Fé will withdraw from the agreement, which of course would mean a dissolution of the association, as the agreement could not be enforced with both the Santa Fé and Alton on the outside.

There is but one chance for prolonging the existence of the association and that is for the Alton again to become a member thereof. This is probably the object which the Santa Fé has in view. The Alton has been unusually conservative during the last few months and its worst enemies admit that it has been maintaining regular rates; and, in order to prevent a war and a demoralization of rates, it may consent to rejoin the association.

GOULD-HUNTINGTON COMBINE.

The Two Magnates to Control Many Roads in Texas.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 23.—A Corsicana, Tex., dispatch says that a genuine sensation has been caused in railroad circles in that part of the State on account of the discovery that C. P. Huntington and Jay Gould have been quietly obtaining control of the franchises of certain small roads in that State. It is asserted that they have not only acquired possession and will make natural feeders of them for the Southern Pacific and Cotton Belt systems, but that they have also arranged to change the routes of portions of the right of way previously secured by the original promoters of these enterprises, so that they will the more effectively serve their purposes.

The next franchise that is to be gobbled up is the Waco and Northwestern, fifty-eight miles of which is in operation from Fremont, in Robertson County, through Falls County to Ross, in McLennan County. This road has been operated as a part of the Houston and Texas Central system and includes 277,230 acres of land donated by the State of Texas to aid in the construction as well as the franchise to build to the Red River, and thence to the northern boundary of the State. It is advertised to be sold at Waco Dec. 28. It is stated that Mr. Huntington has already complied with the terms of the sale, and will bid up to any reasonable amount necessary to secure this valuable link between the Houston and Texas Central, which he now virtually controls, and the Texas Central. This done he will be in a position to squeeze the owners of the latter road until they will be only too glad to sell out at his figures.

Mr. Huntington will then have a railroad monopoly of Central and Southwestern Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, and California all the way to the Pacific coast and back to the Pecos River.

NEW ROAD TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Outlet of the Santa Fe to the Chief City of California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 23.—A mortgage of the San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley railroad property, filed this week at Antioch to Baring Brothers of London, marks an important step in securing competing railroad facilities for this city. This property of 1,300 acres was bought several years ago by I. H. Wilbur. The deed was made in his name, but it was understood that he acted for the new railroad. The new tract included three miles of frontage on the bay and the San Joaquin River, and it was to be the terminus of the San Joaquin Valley road, which in turn would furnish the Santa Fé road its desired outlet to tidewater. When the Baring failure came all work on the San Joaquin Valley road stopped. Only fourteen miles were built, but the surveys carried it through the Tejon Pass to connect with the Atlantic and Pacific. About the time the Barings failed Minot, who had been in charge of the San Joaquin railroad, was killed in a railroad collision.

Two weeks ago the Antioch property which Wilbur had held was transferred to Frank B. Peabody of Kidder, Peabody & Co. of Boston, the financial agents of the Santa Fé. Peabody is also a Santa Fé director. This week Peabody mortgaged the property to the Barings, apparently to secure funds to begin building the road. The Santa Fé has a contract which compels it to give three years' notice of a desire to end its agreement with the Southern Pacific. With this new road to fall back on a notice of this sort may soon be expected.

THEY AGREE TO REORGANIZE.

Warring Marietta and North Georgia Railroad Committees Get Together.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 23.—The affairs of the Marietta and North Georgia railroad appear to be coming to a head. The two rival committees, which were each endeavoring to secure the reorganization of the road according to pet plans, have agreed to unite. This will result, it is said, in the foreclosure of the mortgage and the purchase of the road by the bondholders. The Savannah bondholders have been agreed upon this plan for some time. It is proposed to improve the roadbed, construct an iron bridge over the Tennessee River, and increase the rolling stock. It is also proposed to extend the road to Atlanta, and probably also to Chattanooga. It is expected that the line will be amalgamated with the Chattanooga Southern road, which road will be extended from Gadsden, Ala., to Birmingham. This will give the road connection with Atlanta, Birmingham, Chattanooga, and Knoxville, and it is believed will make a paying piece of property.

TO DEVELOP SOUTHERN TRADE.

Possibility of a Steamship Line from Savannah to European Ports.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 23.—Arrangements are being made for a meeting of the Presidents of all the Southern railroads in Atlanta Dec. 8 to take formal action with regard to the direct trade project from Southern ports and to consider what facilities for transportation and what traffic rates can be given to induce a sufficient amount of traffic to supply a line of steamships running from a Southeastern port to Liverpool and other European ports.

Col. T. P. Stovall is authority for the statement that the English capitalists, who have been making an inspection of Southern ports, are perfectly willing to establish a line of steamships to European ports, provided they receive assurances from the railroads that will in effect guarantee them freight for their ships. They perceive opportunities for development, and in case of investment will bring over large colonies of immigrants to improve the lands which they are desirous of purchasing.

If the project does not fall either Savannah or Brunswick will be the port selected.

Aldace F. Walker's Good Luck.

Ex-Chairman Aldace F. Walker of the Western Traffic Association is undoubtedly one of the luckiest of men. After the passage of the Inter-State Commerce act Cleveland appointed him an Inter-State Commissioner at a salary of $7,000 a year. This was the best job he ever had, having previously practiced law in a small city in Vermont. Two years later, without any effort on his part, he was elected Chairman of the Western Traffic Association with a salary of $25,000 a year and a three years' contract. He lost this position about two weeks ago by the dissolution of the association and was preparing for a trip to Mexico for recreation when he received word from Chauncey M. Depew that the trunk lines had elected him Arbitrator and Chairman of the Joint committee of the Trunk Line and Traffic Associations with a salary which is equally as large as if not larger than he received from the Western Traffic Association. In his new position he will be even more powerful than he was in his old one. He will preside at all the meetings of the Joint committee and all appeals from the awards or decisions of Chairmen Goddard and Blanchard will be decided by him.

Need Not Stop at Local Stations.

TOPEKA, Kas., Nov. 23.—The Board of Railroad Commissioners this morning handed down a decision in the complaint of the citizens of Formosa, Kas., against the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad, in which it is held that railroad companies have the right to operate through trains for the benefit of long distance passengers and cannot be compelled to stop at small stations. Numerous small towns in the State along the trunk lines have complained because the through trains from Kansas City to Denver have refused to give them a train service, and the complaint at issue involved all the points complained of.

Not Captured by Mr. Ives.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Nov. 23.—Being asked about the reported capture of his road by Mr. Ives, President Smail of the Ohio Southern says Ives owns no stock in the road, and Directors George H. Frey of Springfield, O., and Mills W. Borse of Buffalo substantiate his statement. The directors meet here this afternoon to decide on the northern extension of the road to Lima.

After the Reading Combine.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The subcommittee of the Committee on Inter-State Commerce of the House of Representatives met today in the Federal Building to investigate the Reading coal combine. An executive session was held to determine the scope of the inquiry, and witnesses will be heard tomorrow.

Railroad Notes.

Next Friday afternoon Chairman Caldwell of the Western Traffic Association will give a hearing to members regarding a request for rulings as to whether members can be advised by Chairman as to how members have voted on propositions considered at regular or special meetings.

At a meeting of the General Freight Agents of the Chicago-St. Paul lines and the "Soo" line an effort was made to advance rates on flour from proportional rate of 10 cents to local rate of 12½ cents. The proposition was defeated by the vote of one of the Chicago lines, but it is believed that this road will reconsider its vote in a day or two and allow the advance to be made.

A book of instructions to govern the transportation of World's Fair exhibits, just issued by General Freight Agent D. T. McCabe of the Nickel-Plate, is the handsomest publication of the kind ever issued by the freight department of any road. In addition to the required information it contains a finely executed engraving of the World's Fair grounds and the principal buildings.

The Columbian Passenger committee, which was organized about a year ago by the terminal lines in this city, decided yesterday to dissolve its organization for the alleged reason that the purposes for which it was formed have been obtained and necessity no longer exists for its continuance, as the question of World's Fair rates has passed in the hands of the various railroad associations.

As giving effect to the action of the Passenger committee of the Central Traffic Association Vice-Chairman P. C. Donald announces that for the occasion of the National Horse Show, to be held at Chicago Dec. 5 to 10, a rate of a fare and one-third for the round-trip may be made. Tickets may be sold Dec. 3, 6, and 9, 1892, good only on day of sale and good returning for five days, including day of sale.

General Freight Agent A. S. White of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway ("Big Four") gives notice that the headquarters of the Assistant General Freight Agent in charge of the Michigan Division will be removed from Elkhart, Ind., to Anderson, Ind., and all communications addressed to Assistant General Freight Agent Frost should be addressed to him at the latter point.

The only railroad official who is still under indictment for violating the Inter-State Commerce act is General Freight Agent Spriggs of the Nickel-Plate. Mr. Spriggs' case was not dismissed with the other cases recently, because, a few days ago, he asked for a stay of proceedings, which was granted. It is stated that the government officials think they have sufficient outside evidence to convict him.

A meeting of the lines between Chicago and St. Paul and Minneapolis will be held at Chairman Caldwell's office next Saturday morning for the purpose of taking action regarding the threat of General Passenger Agent Hibbard of the "Soo" line, that, if rate cutting by some of the Chicago-St. Paul lines on through business to the East is not prevented, he would reduce eastbound rates from St. Paul via Mackinaw. Mr. Hibbard will be present at the meeting and a strong effort will be made to effect an arrangement that will prevent further trouble.

NEW IN ELECTRICITY.

A Discovery That No Wires Are Needed in Telegraphy.

A. Fisher, Superintendent of the Caribou Water Power and Electric company, has discovered a method of transmitting signals and sounds, dispensing with batteries and depending simply on positive and negative electrical current forces in the earth. A line is in successful operation between the company's works at the dam and the stand pipe, 7,000 feet distant. He also has a branch to his home. It has been successfully tested in all weathers. The longer line has more force. By placing a key on the line it can be used as telegraph or telephone. Fisher served an apprenticeship with the electrical company in San Francisco, was sent to the Sandwich Islands and experimented there for two years. He has lived in Caribou three and a half years. He has applied for a patent on the discovery.—*Columbus Press.*

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JUROR SENT TO JAIL.

ONE YEAR THE PENALTY FOR SOLICITING BRIBES.

Attorneys in the Wentworth Avenue Special Assessment Case Tell Judge Brown of William G. Lincoln's Efforts to Obtain Money from Them—The Convicted Man Says He Was Only Trying to Borrow—Other Hints of Bribery Lead to the Discharge of the Jury.

Judge Brown yesterday sentenced Juror William G. Lincoln to one year's imprisonment in the County Jail for contempt of court. Lincoln was serving on the jury which for the last two days has been listening to evidence in the Wentworth avenue special assessment case. The juror's contempt of court lay in the fact that he made no less than a half dozen attempts to obtain money from the attorneys on both sides of the case. The court also discharged the remainder of the jury from further duty.

The case was one in which the Council passed an ordinance for building a ten-mile sewer on Wentworth avenue to the Calumet River. The sum involved is over $800,000, and the property-owners are fighting the case stubbornly. When the court convened yesterday morning there was a consultation of the score or more of attorneys engaged in the case, and then Attorney Frank Walker told the court that facts had come into his possession which the court ought to know. The jury was sent out and the attorney made a long statement to the court. Last Friday, he said, while the jury was out viewing the property Juror Lincoln approached Attorney Lynn Helm and asked him for a loan of money.

"He told Mr. Helm," said Attorney Walker, "that he had been on the wrong side of the wheat market on the Board of Trade and was short. He owed a lot of money, but he thought now was a good time to get even. If he had $500 to invest it would bring him a fortune. Helm intimated that he didn't have that amount and Lincoln told him $100 would do.

Wanted $5 or $10.

"Monday night this same juror spoke to Attorney F. W. C. Hayes and said:

"'Mr. Hayes, would it be proper for me to ask you how I can get some money right away? I am hard up, and would like $5 or $10 to tide me over.' Hayes told him that he could not deal with him. The next day he came to Helm again and renewed his solicitation for money. He asked Hayes also if there was any way in which he could realize on his jury certificates in advance. That same day he approached Attorney H. S. Waldron and asked him for money. The latter told him that if his pockets were full he wouldn't give him a dollar. The next day Lincoln went to Bailiff Cole and asked him if he couldn't manage to get some money out of the case. Attorney Burns informed us that an ex-city official in whom he had the greatest confidence had told him that certain sewer contractors had gotten three men on the jury.

"In addition to this Attorney Kellogg informed us of a conversation Edward Wood and W. P. Van Allen had had with him in an elevator.

"Wood remarked that Surveyor Foster was a good witness and that his testimony could not be broken down. Then one of them told Kellogg that there didn't seem to be anything in the case for them: 'The attorneys were getting big fees, but the jurors could only get $2 per day.'"

Upon hearing these statements Judge Brown summoned Lincoln before him. The juror is a middle-aged man of intelligent appearance, a former member of the Board of Trade, and says that he is a distant relative of D. H. Lincoln, former President of the board. In answer to questions by the court, Lincoln admitted trying to borrow money of Hayes and Waldron, and related the instances substantially as Attorney Walker had. When asked why he did it Lincoln replied that he hadn't a suspicion of doing anything wrong. He didn't suppose it made any difference to Hayes how the case went, as he was employed by the city.

Protests His Innocence.

"I have had opportunities to steal thousands, your Honor," he exclaimed, "and did not do it. There is not money enough in this city to buy me."

After Lincoln's examination Attorneys Helm, Waldron, and Hayes told their stories to the court. After that each of the jurors was called before the court and subjected to a rigid examination. Wood and Van Allen denied point blank having had any coaversation with Attorney Kellogg in the elevator, and all the jurors told the court that they did not know any sewer-building contractors. An adjournment was taken until 2:30 o'clock. On reconvening court Judge Brown said:

"I have no doubt as to what I ought to do in this case. It is one which involves over $800,000, and its outcome is of great importance to the city and to the property-owners. I am satisfied from the evidence and from the admissions of Lincoln that there was a fixed determination on his part to get money from one side or the other. Had Attorney Helm so chosen I have no doubt that by the use of a few hundred dollars he could have hung this jury for the objectors. Had Lincoln desisted in his first attempt, when Hayes told him such proposals were improper, I would feel differently about it. There were several distinct bids by this man for a bribe. They were direct bids, though clothed in the garb of an appeal for a loan.

Sentence of One Year's Imprisonment.

"This is my first experience with an attempt at corruption by a juror. I think that it is due to the administration of justice that I punish this man severely for contempt of court. Mr. Lincoln, I shall sentence you to one year's imprisonment in the Cook County Jail. The rest of this jury is excused from further duty."

Surveyor Foster said that he had known Lincoln for 28 years.

"Before the fire," said he, "Lincoln was a wholesale boot and shoe dealer. He was wealthy, and lost all of his money in the big fire. This seemed to take all the pluck out of him. Drink, I think, explains the whole matter. I do not think the man knew what he was doing."

After his sentence Lincoln sat in the jury-room, weeping bitterly. "I can't understand it," said he. "I was simply hard up and wanted a few dollars for a loan. I have a boy 18 years old and a girl 17. It will kill my girl, and I wish I was dead."

Lincoln begged Attorneys Walker and Hayes to do something for him. They took the names of people to whom Lincoln referred them. His home is at No. 1236 Wabash avenue.

"I think, perhaps, Lincoln's acts were due to morphine," said Attorney Walker. "We found twenty one-quarter grain pills in his pocket. He showed these to a juror and told him that if he did not get more tomorrow he would go crazy. We will present these facts to the court Friday, but will make no recommendation in the case."

The names of the discharged jurors are: T. H. Hensch, W. Ogden, Ed Lloyd, L. A. Levi, W. Montrosse, W. C. Lincoln, Adolph Frisch, T. H. Andrews, J. M. Armstrong jr., James Bell, W. T. Van Allen, and J. P. Nurkenell.

HAVE LAND NEAR STOCKTON.

A Big Consignment of Southern Negroes Due.

OGDEN, Utah, Nov. 19.—The population of California is about to be increased by the addition of 3,600 negroes from Tennessee and Georgia, who have tired of the race prejudices and hard times of the South and have taken Horace Greeley's advice to go West. A magnificent tract of fruit land near Stockton, Cal., was purchased, the amount paid being in the neighborhood of $125,000. The first company of migrating colored folks passed through Ogden this afternoon, occupying two emigrant sleepers. Others will follow at once, the next lot reaching here in about two weeks. They are seemingly a very intelligent lot of negroes, and are all members of the same church congregation. The farm will be worked on the cooperative or united order plan, and the treasury of the company is evidently fairly well filled.

Supreme Court of Illinois.

OTTAWA, Ill., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Opinions in the following cases of the October term were filed today in the Supreme Court:

Advisement docket—Allison vs. Drake; reversed and remanded.

Civil docket—Kozel vs. Dearlove; affirmed.
Gage vs. Herbert; affirmed.
Jackson vs. Goss; affirmed.
Trainor vs. Greenough; affirmed.
Chicago Fireproofing Co. vs. Park Natl. Bank; affirmed.
Chicago Fireproofing Co. vs. Park Natl. Bank; affirmed.
Chicago and Great Western Railway Co. vs. Wedel; affirmed.
Kohlsaat vs. Crate; affirmed.
Schulka vs. Moiselbar; affirmed.
Masters vs. Miller; affirmed.

WORK OF THE PENSION OFFICE.

Annual Report of Assistant Secretary Bussey of the Interior Department.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 23.—The annual report of Cyrus Bussey, Assistant Secretary of the Interior, has been received by Secretary Noble. The report is summarized as follows:

July 1, 1891, there were 5,030 appealed pension cases on file with the board, and this number June 30, 1892, had been reduced to 4,349. There were 4,256 appeals filed during the year. Of the 4,569 cases acted upon during the year the decision of the Commissioner was sustained in 3,865. Action was reversed in 464 cases, 201 were dismissed, and 409 cases were reconsidered by the Commissioner pending appeal.

There are several defects in pension legislation. From an early date in the history of our pension system there have prevailed under different administrations conflicting opinions as to the power to enforce the reimbursement of money paid in excess for pensions in conformity with either inaccurate or illegal certificates issued through mistakes, either of fact or of law, in the adjudication of claims by the Bureau of Pensions. Consequently the government has been compelled to submit to serious losses of money, which, having once been improperly paid either to claimants or pensioners, were irrecoverable under any established rule of departmental practice.

In the list of applications for widows' pensions under Sec. 3 of the act of June 27, 1890, my attention has been drawn to a number of cases wherein, according to the law, the claimant has been necessarily denied a pension because the soldier on whose death the claim was based, although serving "ninety days or more in the army or navy" as shown by the evidence, had not been "honorably discharged" prior to death, but had died while, for instance, on individual furlough and absent from the technical line of duty in the service. It seems that both the spirit and the object of the act of June 27, 1890, would be emphasized and observed by an amendment of this section that would be applicable to such meritorious cases of dependence and distress.

The third section of the act of June 27, 1890, which provides pension for minor children who are "insane, idiotic, or otherwise permanently helpless," properly provides that the pension granted to such children shall continue during the life of said child or during the period of such disability; but under the law as it stands, in order that such children shall be pensioned during life or during the period of such disability, it must appear that the father or the mother died prior to the expiration of the limit affixed to the pensionable minority period—viz.: 16 years of age, and therefore if, when the parent dies, the insane or idiotic or otherwise permanently helpless child is more than instead of under 16 years of age, a minor's pension cannot be allowed. In view of this fact I respectfully suggest that the act should be so amended as to admit all insane, idiotic, or otherwise permanently helpless children to minor's pension, regardless of the date of the parents' death or remarriage, at any period prior to and including the age of 21 years.

I am gratified to be able to say that the pledge of the nation (expressed a century ago) that "if any person, whether officer or soldier, militia or regular, called into the service of the United States, be wounded or disabled while in actual service, he shall be taken care of and provided for at public expense," has been redeemed with fidelity. In compliance with the provisions of the various pension laws, June 30, 1892, there was borne on the pension rolls the names of 365,087 pensioners, 179,928 more pensioners than were carried on the same rolls at the end of the preceding fiscal year, and 457,050 more than were on the rolls June 30, 1887.

Gen. Bussey calls attention to the fact that the appropriation bill for the Indian service is usually passed so late in the year that it seems impossible to let contracts for supplies in time for delivery before winter sets in, and this, especially as to blankets and winter clothing, has caused much suffering. He recommends that the appropriation for these supplies be made one year ahead.

Needed Increase in the Marine Corps.

Col. Charles Heywood, Commandant of Marines, in his annual report to the Secretary of the Navy recommends that the marine corps be increased in number. He says it has been impossible to properly guard the government property at navy-yards. The Commandant says that the recent disastrous fire in the New York Navy-Yard, which damaged the Cincinnati's engines, would not have occurred if the number of marine sentinels had not been much reduced in order to guard Camp Low during the cholera scare.

Capital Notes.

The President's callers this morning included ex-Solicitor General Phillips and Thomas Lowrey of Minnesota.

The acting Secretary of the Treasury has amended the quarantine regulations so as to allow entry to all vessels with clean bills of health.

The court martial which tried Assistant Engineer Danforth recently on a charge of disobedience of the lawful orders of his superior officer found him guilty and sentenced him to one year's suspension from the naval service.

The Secretary of the Treasury has received a letter from Representative Fitch protesting against the payment of any bills of John I. Davenport, Chief Supervisor of Elections at New York, for services or disbursements at the recent election, and requesting that he (Mr. Fitch) be allowed to personally examine such accounts before settlement.

A London cablegram containing the information that in the course of correspondence between the British and Chinese Governments the latter maintained that the treaty of 1880 between China and the United States had been broken by the passage of the Chinese Exclusion act was made the subject of inquiry at the Department of State today, but nothing could be found to show that the treaty was not yet in force.

American Mortar Company Assigns.

WAUKEGAN, Ill., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—The American Mortar company, which shipped its product to Chicago, assigned to H. B. Gates of Indianapolis. No schedule of assets or liabilities was filed. Some of the creditors filed chattel mortgages on the property yesterday. The mortar business has been poor of late.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

WOOD . . .
. . . WORKING
. . . MACHINERY

CHICAGO BRANCH
HILL, CLARKE & CO.,
12 AND 14
SOUTH CANAL STREET.

SUCCESSORS TO
A. J. Kirkwood & Co.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

STATE AND WASHINGTON-STS.

SECOND ANNUAL SPECIAL SALE OF

BOOKS FOR THE CHILDREN.

FOR THE BOYS—FOR THE GIRLS—FOR THE BABIES. Last year at this time we gave our first CHRISTMAS SALE OF BOOKS, and then as now we made CHILDREN'S BOOKS the first. We have a much larger assortment this year and the values are better. . . . . .

SAVE 20% OR MORE BY BUYING THIS MONTH INSTEAD OF NEXT.

A WORD TO WISE SHOPPERS—During December we, the same as all other live houses, are overcrowded and overrushed and our clerks cannot give the time to our friends and customers that we should wish. This applies more to our BOOK DEPARTMENT than any other department in our house, as to buy Books properly one must take time to examine the presswork, papers, binding, and illustrations, and in most cases, such as CHILDREN'S BOOKS, the subject matter.

WHY, IF YOU ARE A *BOOK BUYER,* do you put off buying till December, when you can come to us now and buy CHEAPER and get a LARGER AND BETTER ASSORTMENT TO SELECT FROM? Nothing makes such a good present to children as BOOKS, and yet no Book should be given to a child without a careful examination of the matter which it contains—THEREFORE,

WE OFFER To any one buying any of the following Books to exchange them if on careful examination they are found not suitable or as represented. Below will be found THE BEST AND YET THE CHEAPEST BOOKS FOR BOYS OR GIRLS.

BE WISE AND BUY NOW.

THIS SALE LASTS TILL DECEMBER 1st ONLY.

FOR BOYS.

HANS BRINKER—
A story of life in Holland. By Mary Mapes Dodge. List price $1.50.....$1.10

THE AMERICAN BOYS' HANDY BOOK—By D. C. Beard. The best book of its kind in existence. $2.00.....$1.50

THOMAS NELSON PAGE'S TWO BOYS' BOOKS. Mr. Page being from the south knows the Southerners better than any one who writes about them—his stories therefore having the charm of sincerity and reality. TWO LITTLE CONFEDERATES. Illustrated by Kemble. AMONG THE CAMPS. Stories of the Civil War. Publisher's price, $1.50. Each.....$1.10

TOBY TYLER—By James Otis.....75c
MR. STUBB'S BROTHER—By James Otis.....75c
BURR, JUNIOR. (New.) By George Manville Fenn. A story of school life. Publisher's price, $1.50.....$1.05

STORIES FOR BOYS—By Richard Harding Davis. List price, $1.00.....75c

CHARLES CARLETON COFFIN'S—
War Stories. 4to. Board covers. Fully illustrated. Each.....95c
"Winning His Way." "My Days and Nights." "Following the Flag."

KENT HAMPDEN. (New.) By Rebecca Harding Davis. Publisher's price, $1.00.....75c

HOOSIER SCHOOL BOY—By Edward Eggleston.....75c

The following five books are excellent stories of exciting adventures, yet they are of a wholesome nature. Handsomely bound. Publisher's price, $1.50. Each.....$1.05
For the set of five books.....$5.00

CUTLASS AND CUDGEL. By George Manville Fenn.

THE SLAVE PRINCE. By Chiswell.

IN THE ENEMY'S COUNTRY. By A. H. Drury.

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TO THE GRAND JURY.

DETECTIVE VALENTINE HELD FOR KILLING FRANK OPAVA.

Lieut. Hartnett Ostensibly Takes Him Into Custody, but the Last Seen of Him Appears to Have Been as He Was Entering a Saloon with Fellow-Officers—Early Morning Blaze on Randolph Street Burns Out Several Manufacturers—General Local News.

The members of the Coroner's Jury which has been holding an inquest on the remains of Frank Opava found yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock that Opava was shot and killed by Detective William G. Valentine, and recommended that he be held to await the action of the Grand Jury. At 10 o'clock last night, in spite of the recommendation of the jury, Valentine was still practically at liberty. Immediately after the finding of the jury he was ostensibly taken into custody of Lieut. Hartnett of the West Lake Street Station.

"We shall go back to the station, now," said the lieutenant, "and a little later we will go down to the Criminal Court Building."

The lieutenant then gave Valentine into the care of Detectives Dillon and Knowles of the West Lake Street Station and the three departed through the rear of the hospital grounds. Lieut. Hartnett and the officers with him joined Valentine and his custodian on West Polk street. There the whole party held a consultation, after which Lieut. Hartnett and two officers walked east on Polk, while the other three men disappeared into a saloon.

Attorney John C. King appeared at the morning session as the legal representative of Officer Valentine. Walter Brown, Chief Clerk at the Presbyterian Hospital, testified regarding the visit of Officer Valentine to Lizzie Sevela and Teena Keppert. Valentine, he said, did not intimidate the girls, but seemed anxious to influence their testimony in his favor. The rest of the evidence was devoted to an effort to establish the fact that Opava and a comrade attempted to break into a house near where the shooting took place early Sunday evening. To this purpose three witnesses were called.

Mrs. Brady testified that at 7:15 o'clock Sunday evening she heard some one tampering with the lock of the storm door of her house. She asked who was there, and a man hastily left, joining a companion who was waiting in front of an adjacent house. While they were yet there Miss Corley passed them as she was on her way to Mrs. Brady's. The two women went out to get a better look at the men. They passed them three times. The witnesses did not agree in their description of the men.

Monday Miss Corley read of the shooting and went to the morgue to see the remains. She says they were those of the man she saw Sunday night. Mrs. Brady would not swear to the same fact.

At 1 o'clock, when the inquest was adjourned until after dinner, a constable from Justice Hoaglund's court appeared with a warrant charging murder and attempted to arrest Officer Valentine. His attorney appealed to the Coroner, who refused to allow the arrest to be made, declaring Valentine his own prisoner.

Evidence was introduced at the afternoon session showing the whereabouts of Opava Sunday afternoon and up to 9 o'clock Sunday night. Mrs. Charles Hoker testified that Opava went with Mike Gorsa and James Hoker to the South Side to see some of Opava's relatives. They returned to witness' place of residence, No. 756 Allport avenue about 7 o'clock and had supper. After this they staid until 9 o'clock when Opava and Hoker started with Miss Sevela and Miss Antonia Keppert for the Presbyterian Hospital. Hoker soon returned, saying it was too cold for him to be out. Witness did not see Opava again alive. Gorsa and Hoker corroborated Mrs. Hoker's story, and the jury took the case, returning its verdict after twenty minutes' deliberation.

Opava will be buried this afternoon from No. 756 Allport avenue.

Officer Valentine was taken to the West Lake Street Station late last night, where Lieut. Hartnott said he would be kept until morning.

BLAZE ON RANDOLPH STREET.

Two Men Blown Into the Street and Manufacturers Sustain Losses.

Fire did considerable damage yesterday morning at Nos. 211 and 213 Randolph street. A Pinkerton watchman discovered the flames in the first floor of No. 211, occupied by the Bridgeport Wood Finishing company. He sent in a still alarm, which was soon followed by second and third alarms. Among the first companies to arrive was truck No. 6. Fireman John O'Brien, in company with Peter M. Koeuen, a citizen, forced an entrance through the front door. There was a sudden explosion, and both men were blown into the street. Neither was injured.

It is supposed the flames originated from the spontaneous combustion of paints and oils. The fire spread to W. Neil's bakery on the first floor of No. 213, rapidly reaching the three upper floors. These were occupied by L. S. Baldwin's Brass Foundry company, Chicago Art Glass company, and the Chicago Blue Print and Paper company. A building in the rear was also damaged. It was occupied on the first floor by the C. C. White Toilet Paper company and the Combination Toilet company. On the second floor was the S. Doll Nickel-Plating company and the Higgins-Rutter Manufacturing company, and on the third floor the Baldwin Bros.' Foundry company and J. Beitry, glass grinder. Tenants of the buildings estimated the total loss at from $18,000 to $20,000. Supt. Gillen of the Fire Insurance Patrol, however, put it at from $12,000 to $15,000.

WILL HOLD A CAUCUS.

Democratic Members of the Council to Select a Sergeant-at-Arms.

The Democratic members of the Council will hold a caucus at the Sherman House Sunday afternoon for the purpose of selecting a candidate for Sergeant-at-Arms, to succeed Coroner-elect James McHale. Mr. McHale will send in his resignation as Sergeant-at-Arms Monday evening, at the meeting of the Council.

Among the aspirants for the nomination are J. J. Bryan, a newspaper man, Michael Dougherty of the Thirtieth Ward, Joseph Haberkorn of the Nineteenth, Charles Leindecker of the First, J. W. Zimmer of the Thirtieth, a man named Douglas from the Thirtieth, and a man named Rohig from the Seventeenth. Mr. Bryan's friends are confident of his success, as he is well known to the Aldermen.

Estate of Henry Field.

Judge Kohlsaat yesterday approved the first annual account of Mrs. Florence Lathrop Field, Marshall Field, and Bryan Lathrop, as executors of the estate of Henry Field. They have collected money as follows: Dividends on 138 shares of stock of the Chicago City railway company, $55,884; Chicago Telephone company dividends, $7,061.40; Commercial National Bank dividends, $6,700; from a sale of 140 shares of the same stock, $42,000; West Chicago Street railway company dividends, $3,963.75; Chicago and Northwestern railway company dividends, $4,500; for 333 shares of Manhattan Trust company stock, $12,989.49; Minnesota Iron company dividends, $3,600; Weare Land and Live Stock dividends, $3,825; Chicago Gaslight and Coke company bonds, $2,500; and dividends on Kansas and Nebraska Corn company stock, $7,411. The total receipts aggregate $168,237.44, while the disbursements amount to $77,308.31, including the payment of claims for $18,629.73 and bequests of $25,000 each to Laura Field Dibble and Helen Field James.

An Accounting Is Wanted.

Judge Collins was asked yesterday to compel Edward Bemer to turn over $2,000 to the receiver in a suit brought by Otto Wasmansdorf, the banker, as trustee for the creditors of Rudolph Erwig, alias Steger. In June last Steger came to Chicago from Germany, where he forged drafts and papers amounting to $25,000. He entered into a partnership with Bemer in the business of manufacturing kid gloves. In October Steger was arrested as a fugitive from justice and returned to the authorities in Germany, leaving the Chicago business in a tangled state. It is claimed that Bemer got the best of the business, and an accounting is wanted. The court said he could not compel Bemer to turn over any money to the receiver until there was an accounting between the parties, and for that purpose the case was referred to a master.

No Heat in West Side Cars.

Sergt. Frankenfield's cold wave has raised the temperature of a large number of West Side residents while lowering that of the weather. The principal cause of this is the entire absence of fires in the stoves of West Side street cars, which causes patrons to shiver and hide behind their frosty breath while making the necessary trips to and from their business offices down-town.

The fault seems to be with the employés, and not the companies. The stoves are there, the wood and coal are on hand, and all that is necessary is for a conductor to build a fire. A few of them do, most of them don't. Those who do not get angry when questioned about it by their passengers, and several disputes, and in one case a fight, has been the result already. How long this freezing process is to continue no one seems to know.

Conductors Elect Officers.

The Railway Passenger and Freight Conductors' Mutual Aid and Benefit Association held its eighteenth annual meeting at the Sherman yesterday. The annual address was delivered by R. G. Wood of the Michigan Central. The following officers were elected: Joseph Flory of the Wabash, President; G. R. Casther and M. E. Hunt of the Michigan Central, Vice-Presidents; Charles Hunting of the Chicago and Alton, Grand Secretary and Treasurer. All these officers were reelected for the eighteenth time. The following Board of Directors was also chosen: E. A. Sadd, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy; C. H. Averill, Chicago; A. J. Aurand, A. W. Conners, O. F. Taintor, C. F. Johnson, B. F. Head.

To Be Tried for Assault.

Officer Dominick Fitzpatrick of the Canalport Avenue Station will appear before the Police Trial Board Tuesday next to answer charges preferred against him by Henry Reithel, of the grocery firm of Reithel Bros. at No. 688 Halsted street. Fitzpatrick had occasion to disperse a crowd of boys near Reithel's store Nov. 9. Reithel made a remark at which the officer took offense and Reithel was arrested. On the way to the patrol-box it is said that the officer assaulted Reithel, knocking out two of his teeth and cutting his face. When Reithel was brought into court he was at once discharged by Justice Dooley.

William Debert Not Yet Arrested.

William Debert, who was reported to have escaped from Judge Tuley's court-room while he was on trial, has not yet been arrested on the bench warrant issued by Judge Tuley. Tuesday morning, when the jury returned, Debert was not in court, but Attorney Donohue, who was on his bonds, said he did not suspect that his client would not appear. The jury brought in their verdict, and, Debert being still missing, his bonds were forfeited and a warrant issued for his arrest. Yesterday Judge Tuley entered an order that attorneys shall not be bondsmen for their clients.

New Church Officers.

The Oakland M. E. Church at its annual meeting elected the following Board of Trustees: W. H. Rand, President; J. A. Burhans, Secretary and Treasurer; D. W. Potter, J. M. Longenecker, T. H. Patterson, B. F. Head, Peter Daggy, W. B. Gates, and E. O. Excell. J. A. Burhans was reelected Superintendent of the Sunday-school, with C. H. Brand, First Assistant; Mrs. A. N. Warner, Second Assistant; Dr. Jesse B. Dodds, Superintendent of Intermediate Department; Mrs. J. A. Burhans, Superintendent of Primary Department; and Miss Laura Head, Superintendent of Home Department and Visitor.

Incendiary Fires on the West Side.

The mystery surrounding the numerous West Side fires, which for the last few weeks have puzzled the police and fire inspectors, was in all probability cleared up Tuesday night when officers from the Desplaines Street Station arrested James McCort. He was found near James Walsh's barn at No. 152 West Washington street Tuesday night, shortly after the place was destroyed by fire. From the fact that he is continually talking about fires it is thought that he is responsible for the fires in question.

Had No Information.

At the office of the General Electric company yesterday nothing was known of the report that the company was furnishing backing to the Chicago and St. Louis Electric road. "We have no information, save that which was contained in the newspapers," said one of the representatives. "Business of such a nature would probably be transacted at the New York office." In the absence of definite information the official would not hazard an opinion as to the correctness of the report.

Gas Construction Company Fails.

The Universal Gas Construction company failed yesterday. The assets and liabilities are about even, and will not exceed $10,000. In the afternoon two confessions of judgment in favor of E. S. Austin, the principal stockholder and Secretary of the concern, were filed. J. M. Barrett was President. The company was organized about five months ago, with offices at No. 94 La Salle street. The failure was caused by some disagreement between the officers of the company.

Young Girls Sentenced.

Laura Trachewska, Nellie Gockawska, and Josephine Gersinski were fined $100 by Justice Severson yesterday morning and sentenced to the House of the Good Shepherd. Not one of the three girls is over 16 years old. They were arrested Tuesday night by Officer Henning, whose attention was attracted by their actions in a dry-goods store on West North avenue. When searched several articles were found in their possession.

Peter Downey, an Indiana man, who was a guest at Burke's Hotel, Cottage Grove avenue and Thirty-first street, was found dead in bed at that place yesterday afternoon. John Downey of 3014 Cottage Grove avenue reported to the Coroner that his father had long been a sufferer from Bright's disease, which was in his opinion the cause of death.

Mrs. Mary McCaffrey yesterday caused the arrest of Henry L. Webber on a charge of unlawfully conducting a pawnbroker's business at Nos. 341 and 343 Clark street. Mrs. McCaffrey says her husband pledged a ring with Webber, and when she went to redeem it the pawnbroker insisted upon 10 per cent interest. She offered to pay 6 per cent, which was refused. The ring was recovered on a search warrant.

The gamblers who were arrested in Chief McClaughry's raid ten days ago all pleaded guilty in Justice Glennon's court yesterday morning. Upon the recommendation of City Prosecutor McArdle William Edwards, keeper of No. 58 Randolph street, and William Johnson, keeper of No. 70 Jackson street, were each fined $50 and the fifteen inmates arrested in the two places were fined $10 each.

Damages are placed at $100,000 in a suit brought in the Circuit Court yesterday by M. F. Garrell against the Home Life Insurance company for alleged libel. For eighteen years Garrell was an agent for the company and but recently severed his connection. In a suit at Springfield, it is claimed, the company wrongfully accused Garrell of fraud, although he was not a party to the suit. Complaint is also made that the company is also responsible for an article published in an evening paper charging him with misconduct when there is no foundation for it.

Phillips' Digestible Cocoa.
Furnishes nutriment and aids digestion.

IN SONGS OF PRAISE.

HOW THANKSGIVING WILL BE OBSERVED IN THE CHURCHES.

Special Union Services Will Be Held in Many Houses of Worship—Origin of the Day Among the Early Settlers of New England—Its Observation Now Marked Chiefly by Family Gatherings, with Turkey and Pumpkin Pie—Football and Theatricals for the Worldly.

Thanksgiving day had its origin among the early settlers of New England for the purpose of giving thanks for the benefits received throughout the year, and especially for bountiful harvests. In those days thanksgiving was observed according to the strict letter of the law. In every church prayers and songs of praise were offered.

Thanksgiving today means a reunion at the old home, with the cares of business put aside for once and a revival of tender recollections. It means turkey and pumpkin pies; a quiet gathering for worship in the morning and merry making later in the day.

A great city offers to those who spend the day within its limits a diversity of entertainments. Thousands of family reunions will take place, many of the churches will hold morning service, the theaters will give special matinées, dances will be more plentiful than blueberries on a Vermont hillside, and the Chicago-Boston football game will furnish amusement for thousands.

There will be a reception and ball by the Scottish Assembly and the Royal Scots at Assembly Hall, No 75 Randolph street. A band of Scottish pipes will lead the grand march, and all the Royal Scots will appear in full Highland costume. The Catholic Knights of America will give a social at the West Twelfth Street Turner Hall tonight. The program will consist of vocal and instrumental music and a farce, to be followed by dancing. The Jewish Training School, No. 91 Judd street, will be open from 10 to 12 a. m. to friends who desire to inspect the workings of the institution. At 12 o'clock Thanksgiving refreshments will be furnished the children.

In the Churches.

Services will be held at the following churches:

Erie Methodist Church, Erie street, near Robey, 10:30 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. D. W. Westervelt of the Bethany Congregational Church.

Epworth League and Christian Endeavor—young people's societies—in a union Thanksgiving prayer and praise service at 10:30 a. m.

Union Thanksgiving service at the Ravenswood Methodist Episcopal Church, Commercial and Sunnyside avenues, at 11 a. m. The Methodist Episcopal, Baptist, and Congregational Churches will unite in the service. The Rev. F. E. Weston, pastor of the Baptist Church, will preach. Theodore Falk, who has just been engaged to take personal charge of the singing in the Methodist Church, will furnish the music. He will be assisted by a chorus and Miss Nellie Irvin, soloist.

Trinity Lutheran, English Church, La Salle avenue and Elm street. Services at 11 a. m. Sermon by the pastor, the Rev. Charles Koerner.

Second Baptist Church, Morgan and West Monroe streets, at 11 a. m. The Rev. Dr. William M. Lawrence will preach.

New England Congregational, La Salle Avenue Baptist, Chicago Avenue Church, and Grace Methodist Church will hold union service in the Chicago Avenue Church at 10:30. Dr. R. S. Martin of Grace Church will deliver the sermon.

Douglas Park Congregational Church, Union services of the Millard Avenue Baptist, Millard Avenue Congregational, Fowler Avenue Methodist, and Douglas Park Congregational Churches. Service at 11 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. L. L. Turney of the Millard Avenue Baptist Church.

Zion Congregational and three Unitarian churches will hold union service at the church at Monroe and Laflin streets. Service at 10:45 a. m. Sermon by Rabbi Joseph Stolz and the Rev. J. V. Blake. The subject will be "The New Movement in Humanity, from Liberty to Unity."

Pilgrim Congregational Church, Sixty-fourth and Harvard streets. Union service at 11 a. m. The Rev. Dr. C. H. Mandeville will preach.

Leavitt Street Congregational Church. Service at 11 a. m. Bishop Fallows will deliver the sermon.

Episcopalians.

St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Cottage Grove avenue and Thirty-sixth street. Service at 10:45 a. m., with special anthems. The Rev. William White Wilson, rector, will deliver a sermon on "What Does Thanksgiving Day Mean in Our Time and in Chicago?"

Church of the Redeemer, Washington avenue and Fifty-sixth street. Services at 10:45 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. F. T. Dunham. A musical program will be rendered.

Epiphany Episcopal Church, Ashland boulevard and Adams street. Services at 10:30 a. m. The rector, the Rev. W. N. Morrison, will preach on "The Significance of the Late Election and Its Relation to National Prosperity."

St. Peter's Episcopal Church, No. 1737 Belmont avenue. Services at 10 a. m. Sermon by the rector, the Rev. S. C. Edsall. A full surpliced choir will render a program appropriate to the day.

Trinity Church, Yale avenue and Seventieth street. Morning prayer and sermon by the rector, the Rev. Frederick T. Walton.

The following churches will unite in Thanksgiving services this morning at the Second Presbyterian Church, Michigan avenue and Twentieth street: The First and Second Presbyterian, Plymouth Congregational, Immanuel Baptist, Trinity Methodist Episcopal, and Christ Reformed Episcopal. The Rev. O. P. Gifford of the Immanuel Baptist Church will deliver the sermon.

United Presbyterian Church, Monroe and Paulina streets. Union Thanksgiving services by the Presbyterian churches of the West Side at 10 a. m.

Fourth Presbyterian Church, Rush and Superior streets. Service at 10:45 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. Dr. E. C. Ray.

First and Second United Presbyterian Churches will hold union services at the First Church, Monroe and Paulina streets, at 11 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. T. H. Van Vranken.

K. A. M. Temple, Thirty-third street and Indiana avenue. Service at 10:30 a. m. Rabbi Moses will preach on "A Lesson of Thanksgiving."

Liberal Christian Alliance, McVicker's Theater, 10:45 a. m. Addresses by Dr. Thomas, Prof. David Swing, Prof. Small, the Rev. W. W. Fenn, and Lyman Trumbull. A special musical program will be given.

Church of Our Father, No. 80 Hall street. Union services of the Universalist churches of Chicago at 11 a. m. The Rev. R. F. Johnset of Oak Park will preach.

One Mail Delivery.

But the observance of the day will not be restricted to the churches. It will be remembered elsewhere as follows:

The Federal Building will be closed today. One delivery and one collection of mail will be made at 9 o'clock. The Postoffice and all substations close at 10 o'clock, and at that hour all night mails are made up.

The great elevens of the Boston and Chicago Athletic clubs play this afternoon at the South Side grounds.

Inmates of the Washingtonian Home must be satisfied this year with a turkey dinner. There will be no entertainment.

The little ones at the Foundlings' Home, No. 111 South Wood street, will remember the day long. There will be turkey, mince pie, and games.

Stephen W. Dawson, the South Side banker, will furnish the edibles for the dinner which will be given to the patients at the Presbyterian Hospital. In the evening there will be an entertainment in the amphitheater.

Matron Rose has prepared a big dinner at the Woman's Hospital, and after there will be music for the patients in the parlors.

At the Old People's Home, Thirty-ninth street and Indiana avenue, musical selections will follow a turkey dinner.

Donations from friends have provided a big dinner for the youngsters at St. Joseph Orphan Asyium.

Music and mirth will follow feasting at the National Temperance Hospital, No. 3411 Cottage Grove avenue.

At the Michael Reese Hospital dinner will be served either in the rooms of the patients or in the dining hall as the condition of their health requires.

In spite of the fact that repairs are under way at Mercy Hospital the sisters have prepared an elaborate dinner and during the afternoon the convalescents will be given a musicale.

All the inmates of the Erring Woman's Refuge will sit down to dinner at 1 o'clock, and at 7:30 p. m. there will be short religious exercises.

Instructions will be omitted at the Chicago Industrial School for Girls and the day given up to feasting and enjoyment.

At the House of Mercy a big turkey dinner will be spread.

Turkey for the Orphans.

Children of the Chicago Orphan Asylum will sit down to dinner at noon.

The 200 inmates of the Home for the Friendless will sit down at 10 o'clock in the morning and will have dancing and games in the afternoon.

Prisoners in the jail will eat turkey. Mrs. R. C. Clowry and other women have prepared a special dinner for the boys and will have an entertainment for their benefit in the afternoon.

Chicken and cranberries will be on the bill of fare at both the Poorhouse and Insane Asylum at Dunning. In the evening there will be a dance.

Nearly 100 turkeys will be served at St. Elizabeth's Hospital, and after the dinner religious services will be conducted by the Rev. Father Sheefer.

Colored citizens will give a public reception to H. C. Coster at Bethel Mission, Thirtieth and Dearborn streets, at 8 o'clock this evening.

Women of the W. C. T. U. will provide a dinner for the inmates of the Anchorage Mission, No. 125 Plymouth place.

Lodge No. 1 of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association will give a ball at the Second Regiment Armory, Washington boulevard and Curtis street.

A special musical and literary entertainment will be given by the Single Tax club at 8 o'clock this evening at its headquarters, No. 206 La Salle street.

Dinner will be served at the Madison street department of the Y. M. C. A. at 2 o'clock. There will also be addresses and a musical program.

Thanksgiving dinner at the Newsboys' Home, No. 1418 Wabash avenue, will be served at 1 o'clock. Friday night a musical and literary entertainment will be given.

Elevens chosen from the Scottish and Gaelic societies will play football this afternoon at the Gaelic grounds, Thirty-seventh street and Indiana avenue.

Wishing to prolong the pleasures of Thanksgiving Manager Will J. Davis and Miss Nellie McHenry have invited all the newsboys in Chicago who handle THE TRIBUNE to attend the performance at the Haymarket Theater Friday evening. Tickets can be obtained from the city circulator of THE TRIBUNE.

The public schools will close today for Thanksgiving holidays. They will remain closed until Monday morning.

PHILIP W. DATER DROPS DEAD AT HOME.

He Knew He Had Heart Disease and Expected to Die Suddenly.

Philip W. Dater, of the grain and brokerage firm of P. W. Dater & Co., No. 502 Rialto Building, dropped dead from heart failure at his home, No. 583 Division street, at 10 o'clock Tuesday evening. He was at his office all day Tuesday and was seemingly in the best of health. He conversed with others concerning the sudden death of Hiram Wheeler, little dreaming that he would go so soon.

He was sitting in front of a grate at home smoking and chatting with his son-in-law, H. R. Schoenberger, when he suddenly arose, threw his hands to his throat, and dropped to the floor dead. Mr. Dater was on 'Change Tuesday and after leaving his office at 4:30 p. m. went to the Marquette club and remained there until 8 o'clock. He was in excellent spirits when he went home. His sudden death was not a great surprise to his most intimate friends. Three years ago his wife died of apoplexy, and at that time he remarked that he himself would die some day in like manner. He was aware that he was afflicted with heart trouble and for several months was fearful of dropping off suddenly.

[Philip W. Dater came from Milwaukee to Chicago in 1860. He belonged to one of the old and influential families of New York, and was a nephew of Philip Dater, known in his lifetime as the king of the provision trade of America. He was born in Troy, N. Y., in the year 1819, and was 73 years of age last June. When quite a young man he was engaged in the wholesale drug business in Troy, but during the panic of 1838 he sold out, went to Milwaukee, but came to this city just before the late war. R. S. Worthington, Assistant Secretary of the Board of Trade, says of Mr. Dater: "He joined the board in 1863, and was one of the oldest and most respected members. In 1870 he was second Vice-President of the board. In those early days Mr. Dater was a member of the firm of Dater, Whaling & Co., in the milling business. The mill was located at Jackson and Market streets. Several times he has been a member of the Arbitration committee." He leaves two daughters, Miss Dater and Mrs. Schoenberger. The funeral will take place from his late residence Friday, Nov. 25, at 11 a. m.; interment private.]

Death of Mrs. Isabelle McLeod.

Mrs. Isabelle McLeod, mother of Mrs. C. W. Wallis, died suddenly Wednesday from the effects of a severe cold contracted a week ago. Mrs. McLeod had made her home with Mr. Wallis for nearly twenty years. She was one of Chicago's old settlers, aged 75 years, and in the city's early days lived on the lot at the southwest corner of Washington and La Salle streets, where the offices of the Western Union Telegraph company are now located. She leaves two sons and two daughters living. Burial at Graceland Friday.

J. Edgar Crouse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 23.—J. Edgar Crouse of this city, the retired millionaire grocer, is dead. He was 59 years of age. Mr. Crouse was the surviving member of the wholesale grocery firm of John Crouse & Co. He built in this city the most magnificent stable in the world, costing $1,000,000. He was a Trustee of Syracuse University and a large benefactor of that institution. He leaves a fortune estimated at from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000.

John B. Milliken, Detroit, Mich.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 23.—John B. Milliken, formerly General Manager of the Detroit, Lansing and Northern road, member of the Detroit Board of Public Works, and General Manager of the Detroit Citizens' Street railway company, was found dead in bed at his residence this morning. The cause of death was apoplexy. He was born in Steuben County, N. Y.

Dr. F. H. Hooper, Boston, Mass.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Dr. F. H. Hooper, aged 42, one of Boston's most eminent physicians, and in his specialty of laryngology the foremost in America, died at 8 o'clock last night at his home, No. 85 Beacon street. His death was due to the effects of a throat cancer.

Richard Spensley of Galena.

GALENA, Ill., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Richard Spensley, who has been a resident of Galena for fifty-four years, died suddenly of heart failure today, aged 87 years. He was the father of William and R. M. Spensley of this city and James Spensley of Mineral Point, Wis.

CRITCHLOW NOT GUILTY OF MURDER.

One Homesteader Acquitted by a Pittsburg Jury—Still Held for Riot.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 23.—The trial of Sylvester Critchlow, charged with murder in connection with the Homestead riot, was brought to a close this evening by the jury bringing in a verdict of acquittal. The prisoner was not released, he having yet to answer the charge of riot. When court convened today Attorney Thomas M. Marshall delivered his address for the defense. He was followed by District-Attorney Burleigh, who closed the case for the prosecution. Mr. Burleigh declared that the fact that the defense went outside of its attempt to prove an alibi proved that it had no faith in the alibi. Judge Kennedy's charge was simply a definition of the points of law raised. The jury was out three hours. Critchlow will likely be released on bail tomorrow.

Ticket Brokers in Convention.

The second annual convention of the National Ticket Brokers' Association, which has been held during the last three days at the Sherman House, closed last night with the election of the following officers for the coming year: President, A. T. Moon, Salt Lake City, Utah; First Vice-President, L. C. Boysen; Second Vice-President, James Morgan, Pueblo, Colo.; Third Vice-President, C. F. Stout, Chicago; Treasurer, the German National Bank of Denver; Secretary, Charles F. Jackels, Denver, Colo. They decided to hold their next annual convention at Denver.

Herman Siegler Violent.

Herman Siegler, who killed his father and mother in law at his residence, No. 723 North Paulina street, was resting easily at the County Hospital yesterday. Two police officers are constantly on guard at his bedside, and on several occasions they have found it necessary to exert all their strength, so violent does Siegler become in the intervals of his delirium.

The California Limited—A New Fast Train.

Beginning Sunday, Nov. 27, a new limited train will be run by the Santa Fé route. The train is vestibuled and carries Pullman's newest sleeping cars all the way from Chicago to California. At 212 Clark street you can get all the particulars. A first-class round trip ticket, Chicago to California and return, good for nine months, and good on this limited train costs $100 only over the Santa Fé route.

Grand vases, fine plaques, plates, gorgeously decorated, magnificent satsuma bowls, candlesticks, old Japanese shrines at the great Oriental Exhibition now open at Elbson, Fiersheim & Co.'s Art Rooms, Nos. 84 and 86 Randolph street. Auction sale Friday, 25th, 11 a. m.

"As delicious as Cudahy's Rex Brand" is a by-word among ladies in comparing beef extracts. Ask your grocer for "Rex."

Buy it! Drink it! What? Cook's Extra Dry Imperial Champagne. Once tried always preferred. Absolutely pure.

The Princess of Wales at a recent garden party served Maggi Bouillon in exquisite egg-shell cups.

Electrical rings—sure cure for rheumatism: no humbug. L. Manasse, optician, 88 Madison-st.

Especially for flats and hotels—Andrews' new folding beds. See them. 215 Wabash-av.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

John H. Woodbury, Dermatologist of New York, specialist on skin, scalp, nervous and blood diseases, also face disfigurements. Inventor of Woodbury's Facial Soap for the skin, scalp, and complexion. A sample cake and 125-page book sent sealed for 10 cents. Chicago office, 70 Dearborn street. Consultation free.

Brown's Household Panacea. "The Great Pain Reliever," for internal and external use; cures cramps, colic, colds, and all pain. 25c a bottle.

For Throat Diseases, Coughs, Colds, etc., effectual relief is found in the use of "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" Sold only in boxes.

Use Brown's Camphorated Saponaceous Dentifrice for the teeth. Delicious. 25c a bottle.

Confidence Man Arrested.

Frank, alias "Kid," Duggan, a clever confidence man, was arrested by Inspector Fitzpatrick on Michigan avenue yesterday. He, with a companion, had beaten a passenger on an Illinois Central suburban train out of $10 and hastily jumped from the train at Sixteenth street. He was pursued by Conductor J. W. Bell, and at Michigan avenue Duggan stopped a man in a buggy and asked for a ride to escape his pursuer. He was accommodated, but the driver chanced to be Inspector Fitzpatrick, who recognized Duggan and sent him to the Central Station.

Liebig Company Extract of Beef.
Most refreshing and beneficial after exercise.

For the best photographs go to Stevens & Son Co., McVicker's Theater.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 23.—Weather forecast for Thursday:

For Indiana and Illinois, fair, warmer by Friday morning, winds becoming easterly.

For Lower and Upper Michigan, generally fair, high northwesterly winds, diminishing.

For Wisconsin, fair, warmer by Friday morning, variable winds.

For Minnesota and Iowa, fair, warmer winds, becoming southeasterly.

Places of observation.	Height of barometer.	Thermometer.	Mean temperature.	Direction of wind.	State of weather.	Precipitation in 24 hours.
Abilene, Tex.	30.08	60	68	S. E.	Clear.	.....
Bismarck, N. D.	30.22	18	32	S. E.	Cl'udy	.....
Boston, Mass.	29.76	26	34	W	Clear.	.....
Buffalo, N. Y.	30.02	20	26	N. W.	Fair...	.01
Cairo, Ill.	30.38	28	36	N. W.	Clear.	.....
Charleston, S. C.	30.00	50	60	W	Clear.	.....
Cheyenne, Wyo.	29.86	44	54	S. W.	Clear.	.....
Chicago.	30.40	20	26	N. W.	Clear.	.....
Cincinnati, O.	30.32	26	28	N. W.	Clear.	Trace
Cleveland, O.	30.14	24	28	N. W.	Cl'udy	Trace
Davenport, Ia.	30.48	14	18	N. W.	Clear.	.....
Denver, Colo.	30.02	46	50	W	Clear.	.....
Des Moines, Ia.	30.46	20	24	E.	Clear.	.....
Detroit, Mich.	30.30	26	36	W.	Cl'udy	.....
Dodge City, Kas.	30.16	38	42	S. E.	Cl'udy	Trace
Duluth, Minn.	30.50	12	18	N.	Clear.	.....
Dubuque, Ia.	30.46	16	22	W	Clear.	.....
Erie, Pa.	30.06	24	28	N. W.	Clear.	.01
Galveston, Tex.	30.16	64	68	S. E.	Clear.	.....
G'd Haven, Mich	30.30	22	28	N.	Snow.	.04
Green Bay, Wis.	30.38	18	20	N.	Cl'udy	.....
Helena, Mont.	29.64	32	36	S. W.	Snow.	.04
Huron, S. D.	30.30	20	24	S. E.	Clear.	Trace
Indianap'lis, Ind	30.38	24	28	N. W.	Clear.	.....
Jacks'nville, Fla.	30.04	58	70	W	Fair...	.....
Kansas City, Mo	30.36	28	30	E.	Clear.	.....
Keokuk, Ia.	30.46	18	22	N.	Clear.	.....
Knoxville, Tenn.						.....
La Crosse, Wis.	30.48	10	22	N. W.	Clear.	.....
Little Rock, Ark	30.28	44	50	N. E.	Clear.	.....
Louisville, Ky.	30.34	30	36	N. W.	Clear.	.....
Manistee, Mich.	30.28	24	26	N. W.	Snow.	.10
Marquette, Mich	30.28	22	22	N. W.	Snow.	.14
Memphis, Tenn.	30.22	38	50	N.	Clear.	.....
Miles City, M. T.	29.76	32	36	E.	Clear.	.....
Milwaukee, Wis.	30.38	16	22	N. W.	Clear.	.....
Minneapolis	30.48	12	20	N. W.	Clear.	.....
Montreal	29.80	16	22	N. W.	Snow.	.02
Montrose	29.98	44	50	S. E.	Fair.	.....
New Orleans, La.	30.14	64	66	N.	Clear.	.....
New York City	29.90	36	38	S. W.	Clear.	.....
Omaha, Neb.	30.40	26	28	E.	Cl'udy	.....
Oswego, N. Y.	29.92	24	24	N.	Snow.	Trace
Pueblo, Colo.	30.18	28	38	W	Cl'udy	.....
Pierre, S. D.	30.14	28	30	S. E.	Cl'udy	.....
Port Huron	30.18	24	26	N. W.	Cl'udy	.....
Pueblo, Colo.	30.02	44	54	N. W.	Cl'udy	.....
Rapid City, S. D.	29.94	30	40	S.	Fair.	.....
St. Louis, Mo.	30.42	26	28	N.	Clear.	.....
St. Paul, Minn.	30.56	12	16	N. W.	Clear.	.....
Salt Lake.	29.60	32	66	S.	Cl'udy	.....
Sioux City, Ia.	30.38	20	34	E.	Cl'udy	.....
Springfield, Ill.	30.42	20	24	N.	Clear.	Trace
Springfield, Mo.	30.36	30	40	N. E.	Clear.	.....
Toledo, O.	30.24	24	26	N. W.	Fair.	.....

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature yesterday as observed by Manasse, optician, TRIBUNE Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 17 degrees above zero: 9 a. m., 18; 10 a. m., 21; 11 a. m., 24; 12 m., 25; 1 p. m., 26; 3 p. m., 26; 6 p. m., 25. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.80; 6 p. m., 29.60.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

NEW YORK—Arrived—Ems, from Genoa.
FIRE ISLAND—Sighted—Teutonic, for New York, from Liverpool.
QUEENSTOWN—Arrived—Majestic, from New York.
GENOA—Arrived—Kaiser Wilhelm II., from New York.
DELAWARE CAPES—Passed—British Prince, for Philadelphia, from Liverpool.
HAMBURG—Arrived—Suevia, from New York.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., NOV. 23.—[SPECIAL.]—THE Secretary of State today licensed the incorporation of new companies as follows:

The Chicago Horse and Cattle Breeders' Association, Chicago; capital stock, $300,000; incorporators, A. Whitney Knox, Lem M. Thomas, and Eugene K. Owen.

The National Encamp

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Grain rates were in a chaotic state, vesselmen holding for better figures than 2¼ cents for corn to Buffalo. Business was limited, the reported charters having been made to arrive two or three days ago and withheld. Charters—To Buffalo—Gilchrist, wheat and barley; Mercur, Whitaker, Venice, corn; Schuck, flax and rye; Presley, flax. To Fort Huron—Stimson, oats. To Ogdensburg—Montcagle, corn.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Coal tonnage in demand. Offerings of 50 cents to Duluth secured no tonnage. Charters—Hope, Fitzpatrick, R. Mills, John Duncan, Rouse, Wilhelm and tow, Chicago, 75 cents; Barnum, Milwaukee, 70 cents. Canal freights are no longer quotable; everything goes by special rates. It is not thought that this freeze will close the canal.

DULUTH, MINN.—There was some demand for boats at 3½ cents for Buffalo, but none were on the market.

Storms on the Lakes.

Dispatches to Chicago Underwriters yesterday were that the old schooner Annie Vought, which stranded on the Manitous, Lake Michigan, Sunday, has been broken up by yesterday's gale. Its crew had been taken off by the revenue cutter Andy Johnson. The Vought was built in 1857 and had been engaged in the grain trade between Chicago and Buffalo for many years. It is owned by Capt. Peter Wex and was valued at $13,500. The steamer Inter Ocean, which had the Vought in tow, is reported ashore at Catfish Point. It was the pioneer boat in carrying iron ore from Escanaba to this city, but was sold by the late Capt. Ira B. Owen to Capt. Wex. It was valued at $42,000 and insured for $36,000. Both boats had outlived the days of their entire seaworthiness. They were loaded with coal for Milwaukee. All incoming boats yesterday were heavily coated with ice and sailors suffered greatly from the cold. The wind being off shore no mishaps were reported. The steamer Sheldon and barge Ely, which left Monday for Muskegon to load lumber for Tonawanda, returned in the afternoon. They had been unable to enter that port on account of the heavy sea sweeping across the bar. The captain telegraphed his owner, M. A. Bradley of Cleveland, and was ordered to take the Ely back to Muskegon and try again. The steamer Frank Wood from Michigan City was obliged to give up her battle with the gale and put in here for shelter. The Hecla, Annie Laurie, and several others were held in port by the storm.

GRAND HAVEN, MICH., Nov. 23.—Snowstorm. In port—Hinton, Condor, Wonder, Behm.

LORAIN, O., Nov. 23.—The steamer Shrigley broke its steering gear when fifteen miles off this port and put in here with the aid of the tiller.

MARQUETTE, MICH., Nov. 23.—No boats have left the shelter of the harbor the last three days on account of the storm. Several have arrived, but reported no mishap in the blow.

EAST TAWAS, MICH., Nov. 23.—Sheltered from the northwest gale—H. B. Tuttle, Queen City, Curtis and three, Holland, Garden City and tow, also several at anchorage, all bound down.

DETROIT, MICH., Nov. 23.—The barge Nelson, sunk Sunday by the Susan E. Peck at the mouth of the Detroit River, was raised this afternoon and will be brought here for repairs. The boat is in pretty good shape, but the cargo of 40,000 bushels of wheat is a total loss.

STURGEON BAY, WIS., Nov. 23.—The steamer Muskegon of the Goodrich line became totally disabled when near Sherwood Point light, in Green Bay, this morning by the breaking of its feed pump. The tug L. D. Smith reached the Muskegon just in time to save it from being driven ashore, and towed it to Sturgeon Bay.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 23.—The steamer Matoa, which is on the beach east of the pier at Ashtabula, is in a dangerous place. Tugs have been attempting to release it and it has steam up to help itself, but thus far without success. With the terrible sea running there is danger that it may go to pieces. It is badly iced up. The crew is still aboard. Steam pumps were sent to the Matoa from here by train tonight.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 23.—Dispatches from Ashland state that ice in the bay is four inches thick. The steamer Bulgaria, which is at that port with 2,700 tons of ore on board, will make an effort to break through. The Spencer, Pennington, Alcona, and Alta will be compelled to winter there. The Panther, unloading here, goes to Toledo to load coal for Milwaukee. The Roumania and Barium leave tomorrow with coal for Chicago. The Wade, Samuel Mitchell, and William Chisholm, due here tomorrow, will lay up on arrival.

SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH., Nov. 23.—The missing schooner Glenora has been located at Grand Marias harbor, ninety miles west of here on the south shore. The Glenora broke away from the tug Walker in a gale a week ago, and since that time the crew have suffered great hardship, but have managed to keep their boat afloat. Capt. Fleming, who arrived here today, reported that the crew had all been taken ashore, and that the boat had ridden out the gales at anchor, but had lost its rudder. The cargo of wheat is badly damaged. The tug Walker left here at 6 p. m. to bring the long-lost boat into port.

STURGEON BAY, WIS., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Never before in the history of this bay has it held so many wind-bound craft. The wind has blown a gale from the northwest every day since last Wednesday, with the exception of Sunday, when it blew a gale from the southeast accompanied by a snowstorm. Nearly all of the wind-bound fleet are bound for Menominee to load lumber for Chicago. A frigid wave swept over this section of the country last night, the thermometer registering 4 degrees above zero. A great quantity of anchor ice came in from Green Bay this morning. On its last trip down the schooner W. O. Goodman of Chicago made the run in less than seventeen hours.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 23.—The steamer F. & P. M. No. 2, ashore west of Long Point, has been driven up on the beach by the gale. It now lies behind the bar, with but six feet of water around it. The steamer has been scuttled to prevent its pounding to pieces. Its cargo will be all wet. Although the tug Wales is still at work trying to release it, it is probable that the steamer will winter on the beach. The insurance on the schooner Annie Vought, lost on the Manitous, is $10,000, divided between the Western and Standard. Smith, Davis & Co. also hold $36,000 on the steamer Inter-Ocean. The coal cargoes of the Vought and Inter Ocean were covered by Worthington & Sill.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Propellers Mecosta, Milwaukee; City of Venice, South Chicago, light; William J. Carter, Sturgeon Bay; Susie Chapman, Muskegon; Albert Soper, Ludington; George C. Markham, Manistee; Philetus Sawyer, Menominee; City of New York, Escanaba; schooners Mary E. Perew, Eva S. Robinson, Henry Witbeck, Alice, Marinette; Mike Corry, Menominee; Belle Brown, Gladstone; Mercury, Mars, Connecut, Barbarian, Jason Parker, Ludington; Julia S. Merrill, Lucia A. Simpson, Ada Medora, Manistee; Winnie Wing, Minnie Mueller, Carrier, E. P. Royce, Manistee; Minerva, Muskegan; lumber. Propeller Iron King, schooner Iron Queen, barge John Oates, schooner Red Wing, Buffalo; propeller Marion, Erie; Rhoda Emily, Oswego; coal. Propeller Chemung, Boston, Florida, Buffalo; Codorus, Erie; City of Racine, Muskegan; City of Charlevoix, Cheboygan; Chicora, St. Joseph; sundries. Propeller J. C. Perrett, Peshtigo, towing.

Cleared—Props Robt. C. Wente, Geo. C. Markham, Manistee; J. W. Wescott, Traverse City; Susie Chipman, Albert Soper, Ludington; E. A. Shores Jr., W. J. Carter, Sturgeon Bay. Schrs Adirondack, Sturgeon Bay; Mercury, Manistee; Menominee, Menominee; Minerva, Muskegon; Kate Darley, D. L. Filer, Wm. Grandy, Marinette; light. Props C. F. Bellimer, R. E. Schuck, Tioga, City of Paris, Conemaugh, Buffalo; A. McVittie, Ogdensburg; grain. Props City of Racine-Muskegon; Chicora, St. Joseph; sundries.

Vessel Movements.

GREEN BAY, WIS.—Cleared—Joliet, Buffalo.

MARQUETTE, MICH.—Arrived—C. H. Bradley.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—Hoyt, Hundred and Fifteen, Shrigley.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Kitchen. Cleared light—Matzer, Toltec.

SOUTH CHICAGO, ILL.—Arrived—Laura, Miller. Cleared—Venice.

GLADSTONE, MICH.—Arrived—Pillsbury. Cleared—Vulcan, Buffalo.

MANITOWOC, WIS.—Arrived—Evenson, Montgomery, Hall, Cobb, Street, Fairbank.

ERIE, PA.—Arrived—Delaware, Juniata, Mahoning, Lehigh, Peck. Cleared—Lyon, Chicago.

CHEBOYGAN, MICH.—Cleared—Johnson, Detroit; Sweepstakes, Manistee; Gladiator, Champion, Detroit.

ASHLAND, WIS.—Cleared—Prentice, Middlesex, Carpenter, Chicago; Alcona, Alta, Bulgaria, Cleveland; Louisiana, Washburn.

DULUTH, MINN.—Arrived—Livingstone, Osceola, Yakima, Wadena, Gladstone, Spokane, Dispatch—Portage, China, flour, Morley, wheat, Buffalo; Traverse, Chicago.

SAND BEACH, MICH.—Northwest gale hangs on. Freezing weather last night. In addition to last night's fleet are the Kaliyuga, Marigold, Choctaw, Gorman, Lumberman, Martin.

STURGEON BAY, WIS—Up—Flier, Cora A., Lumberman. Wind-bound—Martin, Neff, Burrough, Butcher Boy, Lyons, Mark State, Best Friend, Barnes, Chicago, Hartford. Wind northwest, strong.

WELLAND CANAL—Up—Passed Port Dalhousie: Haskell, Chicago; Tecumseh, Cameron, Cavalier, Fort Colborne. Up—Passed Port Colborne: Shickluna consort, Charlotte; Topeka, Ogdensburg.

SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH.—Down—Tilley, Merritt, 2 a. m.; Japan, 7:30; Wallula, Hundred Seventeen, 9; Manola, Rosedale, 3:30 p. m.; Walker, 4:30. Up—Northern Queen, 1:30 p. m.; Italia, 2:30; United Empire, 6.

ESCANABA, MICH.—Arrived—Fryer, Glidden, Warmington, Minnehaha, Aurora. Sailed—City of New York, M. Green, Ionia, Chicago; Corona, Ashtabula; William Chisholm, Cleveland; Burnham. Wind northwest, light.

MACKINAW CITY, MICH.—Down—Cuba, 12:40 a. m.; Champion, Saveland, Skylark, St. Lawrence, 2; Wallace and consort, Brazil, 9:10; Sigel, 11; Fitzgerald, 3 p. m.; Rhoda Emily, 4:30. Up—Forbes, Jeanette, 6:30 a. m. Anchored—Rube Richards, Kent. Wind northwest, strong; clear.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Scott, Pontiac, Superior, Ed Smith, Sauber, Caledonia, Wetmore, Sandusky, Adriatic, Maria Martin, Brunette, Angus Smith, Badger. Cleared—Coal—Garden City, Lightguard, Siberian, Alpena; Donaldson, Bay City. Light—De Pere, St. Ignace; A. W. Wright, Bay City.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Williams, Sawyer, Tuxbury, Quito, Iron Duke, Iron State, James Pickands, Sibley, Three Sisters, S. Mills, Griffin, Washburn, Chesaw, Colgate, Hundred and Eighteen, Uganda, Kirby, Syracuse, Harlem, North Star, Sarapac, Scranton, Commodore, Arabia, Jewett, Oceanica, America, Conestoga. Cleared—Merchandise—Russia, Green Bay; Avon, Seneca, Chicago; coal—H. E. Packer, John Owen, Iron Chief, Law, Iron Cliff, Saxe, Chicago; Plankinton, Milwaukee.

PORT HURON, MICH.—Down—Davidson, 10 last night; Morris, George, 1 a. m.; Parks Foster, Corsica, Roman, 5; Arizona, Plymouth, Erin, Magrie, Wave, Parker, Badger State, 6; Ranney, Berlin, 7; St. Lawrence, 10; Susquehanna, 11:30; Vanderbilt, 3 p. m.; Samuel Mitchell, Queen of West and consort, 3:30. Up—Choctaw, 6 a. m.; German, 7; Albany, Majestic, 11:30; Hudson, 2:30 p. m.; Langell, 3; Schuylkill, 3:40; Markham, 4. In port—Niko, Wilson, Montblanc, Keith, Pilgrim, Sahlat.

Up—Owego, 5:30; Stevens, 8; Horace Tuttle, 8:40. Down—Thomas Wilson consort, 5:20; Northerner, 9:20; Aurora, Otego consort, Butterni, 9. Windbound—Hopkins, Bloom, Wyoming, Bessie, Andrew Smith consort, Mt. Clemens. Wind northwest, very cold.

LIME KILNS—Down—Marshall and consort, 10:10 last night; Siberia, India, 10:30; Neosho, 11:50; Dade, Middlight; Charles Eddy, 1:30 a. m.; Tempest Prior, 2; Barnes, 2:10; King, 2:30; Badger, 3; Mc. 10:50; Corsica, 11:30; Davidson, Roman, noon; Outhwaite, Genoa, 12:30 p. m.; Northern Wave, Harper, 1; Sumner, George Norris, 1:30; Chicago, Erie, Morgan, 2:30; Badger State, 3:40; Pickands, Marengo, 4:30; Arizona, Plymouth, Susquehanna, 5; St. Lawrence, Morgan, 6:20. Up—Majestic, 10:30 last night; Langell, 2:30 a. m.; Albany, 3; Matham, Drake, Hudson, 7; Schuylkill, 7:40; Vernon, Wyoming, 8; Horace Tuttle, 8:30; Owego, 10:10; Egyptian, 10:30 p. m.; Ralph Sherwood, 2:20; Olympia, Cayuga, 3:30; Avery, Hawgood, Roby, 3:50; Sprague, 4; Weston and barges, 4:20; Home, Hill, 4:30; Iles and barges, 5:20; Saginaw, Wilson, 6; Kendall, 6:30.

Down—Farwell, Rutter, 8:10; Minneapolis and consort, Iroquois, 9; Starke, 9:20; Russia, 9:40. The steamer Pringle was towed back here by the Barnum, with a line in her wheel.

DERNBURG, GLICK & HORNER

TOYS. THE LEADER TOYS.

STATE AND ADAMS STS.

SATURDAY—

CHILDREN'S DAY.

HOLIDAY OPENING

—OF—

TOYS.

To make the event more attractive we will give every child a present worth coming for. You need not purchase anything to receive this Souvenir FREE, with our compliments,

—SATURDAY—

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STILL—

—DRESS GOODS.

A TEST—COMPARE

Our 50c Sale!

Our Offering at 50c!

And see *WHO* gives the best for *THAT* money!

—TOMORROW—

Broadcloths, Matelasse Cloths, Boucle Cloths, Camel's Hair Cloths, Storm Serges, Two-Toned Cheviots, 46-inch All-Wool Henriettas, etc., etc., etc., worth from $1.50 to $2.50 yard. Some are short lengths, from 3 to 9 yards.

50c

Velours Rousse, Bedford Cords, English Whip Cords, Alligator Cloths, Epingles, Wales,

DERNBURG, GLICK & HORNER

FRIDAY. THE LEADER SATURDAY.

STATE AND ADAMS STS.

EXTRA—SPECIAL

20 Pieces 21-Inch Pure Canton Silk, 19c

Worth 40c—Per yard

DERNBURG, GLICK & HORNER

FRIDAY. THE LEADER SATURDAY.

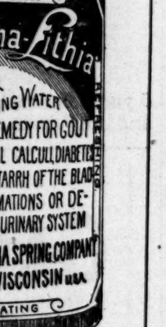
STATE AND ADAMS STS.

Broken Sizes.

200 CHILDREN'S GRETCHENS, Worth up to $22.50, Sizes 4 to 12, but all different kinds, not one line complete,

CHOICE $10.00

The chances are that you find just what you want at ½ price.



To Close—

300 MISSES' JACKETS, Fancy and Plain, Navy material, Watteau and Russia back, Sold by us as high as $10,

CHOICE $5.00

150 CHOICE MISSES' JACKETS, Sold by us as high as $15.00,

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Fine Newmarkets—

For MISSES. Fine Military Cape or Watteau Back, With Hood, Worth not less than $15,

$10.00

NOWHERES—Are Nicer Cloaks Sold.
NOWHERES—Are More Reasonable Prices Quoted.
NOWHERES'—Do you find More Exclusive Styles.

INSURANCE NEWS.

The fire in the four-story building at Nos. 211 and 213 East Randolph street yesterday morning cost the insurance companies about $12,000. Losses to occupants, $10,000; on building, $2,500. Total loss about 40 per cent of the insurance. The insurance carried by the various occupants was in the following companies. Insurance on the front building:

Reliance	$ 2,500	L. & L. & Globe	$ 2,500
First National	1,000		
Manuf. & Build're	1,000		
American Central	2,500	Total	$10,000

Insurance on rear building:

Liverpool & London & Globe	$1,500	Western Pittsburg	$2,000
Fire Asso. of Phila.	2,500	Total	$6,000

Insurance on the stock of the Chicago Blue Print Paper company.

Orient	$1,500	Oakland Home	$1,000
Phenix, Brooklyn	1,750		
Rockford, Ill.	1,750	Total	$6,000

Insurance on engine and machinery in Templeton's Building: New Hampshire, $500. Insurance on the stock in Neil Weir's bakery: New Hampshire, $1,200. Insurance of Chicago Art Glass company:

Rockford	$1,000	Spring Garden	$1,000
Home, New York	2,500	Total	$1,500

Insurance on the Bridgeport Wood Finishing company:

Western, Toronto	$1,500	Oakland Home	$ 1,000
Gilford	1,500	Virginia	1,000
Prudential, Boston	1,500	Greenwich	1,000
Alliance	1,000	German, Quincy	1,500
State, Des Moines	1,000		
Michigan	1,000	Total	$12,000

Insurance of the Combination Toilet company, loss small:

Pacific	$1,000	Rutgers	$1,000

Insurance of Higgins & Rutter's Manufacturing company: Glens Falls, N. Y., $500. Insurance of L. S. Baldwin: Farmers', Pa., $2,000.

The loss on Cron Kills & Co.'s furniture factory Thursday was about 20 per cent of the insurance. Following is the insurance:

Am'c'n, N'w Jers'y	$ 2,000	Rho. Isl. Under's	$ 2,500
Fire Assn., Phila.	2,000	North Brit. Merc'l	2,000
Mech's, Philadelph	2,000	Commer'l Union	5,000
Am'c'n, New York	2,000	Oakland Home	2,500
Western, Canada	2,000	Connecticut	2,500
London	2,000	German, Freeport	1,000
Continental	2,000	Manchester	2,000
Queen	2,000	Home, New York	2,000
Michigan F. and M.	2,000	Imperial	2,000
Springfield F. & M.	1,000	Hartford	2,000
Dayton	1,000	Ins. Co. of N. A.	2,000
Royal	2,500	Niagara	2,000
Westchester	1,000	Phenix	5,000
Liv'l & Lon. & Glo.	2,000	Union, Phila	2,000
Nat'l, Hartford	2,000		
Northern	2,500		
Am'c'n, Phila	2,500	Total	$64,000

Following is the insurance on the Folding Chair and Table company of Grand Rapids, Mich., in the fire of Nov. 22:

Roch'st'r German	$ 1,000	Insurance Co., Pa	$ 500
Grand Rapids	1,000	Merchants', New'k	500
New York Bowery	500	Girard	500
British America	2,000	Oakland Home	1,000
North British	1,000	National, Hartf'd	1,000
Northern	1,000	London Assuran'e	1,000
American, Phila	1,000	Michigan F. & M.	1,000
Norwich Union	1,000	Caledonian	1,000
Queen	1,000	Continental	1,000
Fire Ass., Phila	1,000	Prussian National	800
Boyal	1,000	Citizens', Pittsb'rg	1,000
Phœnix, Hartford	1,000	Boylston	1,000
Traders'	1,000		
Guardian	1,000	Total	$35,800
American, N. Y.	1,000		

The loss of the Lindell railway company at St. Louis Nov. 21 was 70 per cent of the insurance. Following is the insurance on cars:

Rochester G'rm'n	$ 2,500	American, Phila	$ 5,000
Springfield F. & M.	5,000	St. Paul F. & M.	2,500
Phenix	5,000	Lo. & L. & Globe	5,000
German, Freeport	2,500	Fire Asso., Phila	5,000
R. I. Underwriters	5,000	Granite State	5,000
Southern, N. Orl.	5,000	American, N. Y.	5,000
Farragut	5,000	Continental	5,000
Commercial Un.	7,500	Connecticut	5,000
Phœnix, Hartford	5,000		
Atlas	2,500	Total	$85,000

Insurance on repair shop:

Queen	$ 2,500	Traders'	$ 2,000
Norwich Union	2,000		

Insurance on car shops:

Home, New York	$ 5,000	N. Brit. Merc	$ 5,000

The poor, battered, and sadly dismembered Ohio Farmers' Insurance company at last has found a company that will reinsure its risks—the Western Assurance company of Toronto. Yesterday the contract was closed whereby the Western assumes the risks of Ohio farmers in Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Iowa. This disposes of all the company's business west of Ohio, except in Indiana and Illinois. The former State, it is understood, will be retained. What is to become of the Illinois risks is still in doubt.

Secretary Rothermel of the Traders' left last night for Portland, Ore. He will spend the next three weeks visiting the company's agencies in Washington, Oregon, and California.

Things to be Thankful for

KIRK'S AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

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SAN FRANCISCO
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THE PACIFIC LIMITED LEAVING CHICAGO AT 10:30 P. M.
A SOLID VESTIBULED TRAIN OF PALACE SLEEPING CARS
FREE CHAIR CARS
SUPERB DINING CARS
TO PORTLAND, ORE.
WITH THROUGH PALACE SLEEPING CARS AND DINING CARS TO DENVER AND SAN FRANCISCO.
TICKET OFFICE 208 CLARK STREET.

VIA CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN R'Y.

Take the Best of Healing Waters

THE ONLY Waukesha-Lithia Natural Spring Water, SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLES.

Sold at wholesale by Lord, Owen & Co. At retail by Dale & Sempill, Clark and Madison: S. J. Boyd & Co., Leland Hotel and Madison and Ogden-av.; A. G. Musselwhite, 50 Clark and 92 VanBuren; James Thompson, 83 Clark; E. H. Sargent & Co., 125 State; B. H. Dyche, State and Randolph; Auditorium Pharmacy; C. P. Martin, Tremont House; J. Conrad, 239 State; Elkin & Matkin, State and Van Buren; C. A. Stover & Co., Virginia Hotel; A. Arend, Fifth-av. and Madison; E. A. Holroyd, 1900 Wabash-av.; Dines & Delfosse, 665 N. Wells; C. F. Curry, 73d-st. and Wentworth-av.; W. D. Jones & Co., 132 53d; Emil Zahn, 1801 W. Wabash-av.; Hogen & Hogen, 3319 Wentworth-av.; J. G. Dyert & Co., 297 43d-st.; M. N. Porter & Co., 3850 State; J. & W. E. Holland, 268 55th-st.; R. L. Brown, 1985 Ashland-av.; E. Weber, 709 Lincoln-av.; Herman Fry, 495 Larrabee; J. H. Wells & Co., 68 Dearborn; C. F. Foskett & Co., 155 State; Weston & Dunavan, 146 N. Clark; F. W. Busscher & Co., 313 S. Chicago-av.; F. J. Gurner, 511 Lincoln-av.; F. Eichberg & Co., 657 Sedgwick; C. L. Cleary, 1249 N. Clark; T. V. Wooten, 943 W. Madison; C. K. Rice, 609 W. Madison; W. Bodeman, 43d and Lake-av.; F. Kaufmann, 285 Lincoln-av.; C. H. Muehlman, 210 39th-st.; R. N. Barber, 527 W. Van Buren; William Mason, 595 W. Van Buren; E. Button, 744 W. Van Buren; Eakin's Pharmacy, 392 Wabash-av.; M. Thometz, 98 Harrison; J. H. Bitter, 953 W. Lake; P. Behrens, 727 W. Indiana; J. Wilhoit, 477 W. Indiana; C. E. Matthews & Bro., 247 W. Madison; A. F. Fleischer, 296 N. Market; Sunnyside Pharmacy, Ravenswood; N. Gray's pharmacy, 293 Indiana-av.; H. W. Martin, 358 State; N. N. Hurst, 3906 State; C. S. Feldkamp, 1127 N. Clark; F. Faeger, 448 N. Clark; Medcalfe & Co., 104 N. Clark; G. F. Swisbach, La Salle and Washington; B. Wilhoit, 208 W. Indiana; A. Scherer, 383 N. State; Webber & Pfeffer, 4430 State; E. Von Hermann, 3037 Indiana-av.; G. A. Wecker, 1906 State; Ernst & Davey, 65th and Wentworth-av.; H. J. Haughton, 6560 Wentworth-av.; J. M. Scott & Co., 383 W. Van Buren; C. F. Noll, 134 W. Halsted; Kreshel & Co., 230 W. Randolph; H. Reuter, 168 S. Halsted; C. S. Tirrell & Co., 514 47th-st.; J. D. Higgins, 1250 W. Madison; J. H. Hogey, 3026 Cottage Grove-av.; J. M. Ranch, 440 47th-st.; J. D. Sipp & Co., Riverside; Garwood & Burkett, Evanston; C. P. Miller, Oak Park; J. H. Smith, La Grange; R. H. Frail, Austin; A. B. Moore, Argyle Park; A. C. Newman, Winnetka; C. H. Burbank, Rogers Park; L. J. Conger, Wilmette.

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NOVEMBER

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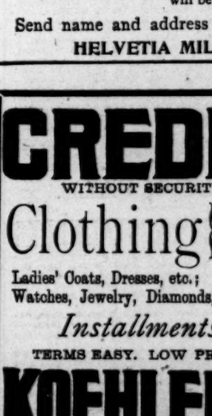

Fat Babies Wanted!

A Gold Dollar for a Pound of Nice Fat Baby—Want to Sell Yours?

We'll divide with you—

so we're going to make a novel dividend from the shining gold dollars that sensible mothers have poured into our till in exchange for convenient cans of

Highland Brand Evaporated Cream

—unsweetened

the *joy-making*, *sleep-wooing*, *baby-thriving* food.

OUR $100.00 GOLD PRIZES:

For the fattest 8-months-old, or under, baby raised on "Highland Brand"—

1st Prize	$50.00 in Gold.
2nd "	25.00 "
3d "	15.00 "
4th "	10.00 "

Conditions: Each claim must be made as soon as possible and before Dec. 20th (so the babies can think its Santa Claus' gold) and must be accompanied by the babies' photograph on the back of which is written the fat rascal's name, age and weight—and 10 "Highland Brand" can-wrappers. No public use will be made of the photographs, without permission.

Send name and address for "Dainty Dishes" and Babies Food pamphlet.

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Clothing { Men's & Boys'. Ready Made or to Order.

Ladies' Coats, Dresses, etc.; Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds, etc., on

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CLEARING SALE

TRUNKS

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CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

If Dr. Schenck's treatment and cure of Consumption were something new and untried, people might doubt; but what has proved itself through a record as old as our grandfathers, means just what it is

A Specific for Consumption

and for all diseases of the Lungs. No treatment in the world can place as many permanent cures of Consumption to its credit as Dr. Schenck's. Nothing in Nature acts so directly and effectively on the lungs, membranes and tissues, and so quickly destroys tuberculosis, inflammation, colds, coughs and all the seeds of Consumption as

Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup

When all else fails it comes to the rescue. Not until it fails, and only after it has failed, should any one despair. It has brought the hopeless to life and health. It has turned the despair of ten thousand homes into joy. It is doing it now. And what it has done it is throughout the world. *Dr. Schenck's Practical Treatise on Consumption, Liver and Stomach Diseases* mailed *free* to all applicants. *Dr. J. H. Schenck & Son, Philadelphia, Pa.*

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PORT WINES.

The Same in 5-gal. kegs, 5 per cent dis. 10-gal. kegs, 10 per cent dis. (Including package.)

These wines in bottles at 35c, 45c, and 60c per bottle. Samples on application.

PHYSICIANS WILL DO WELL TO PRESCRIBE THESE WINES.

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JOINED BY MR. KELLY.

THE DRAINAGE BOARD NOW HAS ITS FULL MEMBERSHIP.

Contracts Let at Yesterday's Session, and a Decision Reached to Readvertise for Bids on Some Sections—Work Laid Out for the Expert Engineers—City Officials Favor the Special Assessment Electric Lighting Ordinance—Guarding Against Spring Floods—Municipal Notes.

Thomas Kelly, the newly-elected member of the Drainage Board, took his seat yesterday with that body for the first time and the board has now a full membership of nine. Mr. Kelly was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Christoph Hotz last January.

The contract for a mile of the channel east of Willow Springs, Section F, was awarded to Ricker, Lee & Co. of Galveston, Tex., their bid being $470,000. Section D, including another mile of the channel near Willow Springs, was let to E. D. Smith & Co., whose bid was $479,867. It was decided to readvertise for the work on Sections A, B, C, and F, the new bids to be made returnable Jan. 25. It was also decided to advertise at the same time for bids for the enlargement of the Illinois and Michigan canal to a capacity of 100,000 cubic feet a minute.

The Title Guarantee and Trust company will be asked by the board to furnish opinions of title for right of way along the Illinois and Michigan canal from Summit to the south fork of the river. An order was submitted by Mr. Altpeter and passed for the purpose of furnishing some work in advance for the Board of Consulting Experts which is to be appointed next week. It is understood that the board will be made up of one local engineer and two from abroad. The order directs the Chief Engineer to make all surveys and investigations, plans, and maps necessary to decide two questions which are to be submitted to the experts, "First, the disposal of flood waters from all drainage areas which materially modify or affect the sanitary condition of the district. Second, the works and treatment needed between Lockport and Joliet to properly dispose of the water brought down by the main channel in addition to flood waters, said works being considered with reference to the ultimate necessity of the general government constructing a navigable channel throughout this reach, connecting with the main channel of the sanitary district, and to any incidental commercial advantages which the situation presents."

U. W. Weston was employed as a right-of-way expert at a salary of $5,000 and expenses, and $20,000 was voted to purchase the John L. Henry lands, one mile east of Willow Springs, at an average price of $110 an acre.

In reference to reports which have been circulated of lawlessness among the laborers on the canal E. D. Smith, one of the contractors, said that they were greatly magnified. The board will take no steps to investigate the situation until it has appointed its Sanitary Inspector.

FAVOR THE SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS.

Some City Officials Hope the Electric Light Measure Will Become Law.

It is hoped by some of the city officials that the ordinance providing for the extension of the electric light plants by special assessment, which will be a special order at the meeting of the Council Friday evening, will pass. It was strongly opposed by Ald. Ernst Monday evening on the ground that it was unfair for the citizens in outlying wards to put in plants for the central portion of the city by general taxation and then require other sections to get the improvement by special assessment. Controller May said yesterday that the plants would have to be extended by special assessment or not at all, as there is no money in the street lighting fund and it will be short at the end of the year. Next year, on account of the low assessment, the city will not have as much money as it has had this year and there is no prospect for securing a better state of affairs except by the special assessment plan. Prof. Barrett stated that the displacement of gas will more than pay for the operation of the plants.

Guarding Against Floods.

Residents of the district around Stony Island avenue and Ninety-fifth street fear a repetition of the floods of last spring. In their interest yesterday Ald. Howell called on Controller May and Commissioner Aldrich and asked that a pumping station be built. He represented that the surface water could be pumped into the Calumet River and the floods avoided. Commissioner Aldrich agreed that the station was needed, but Controller May said the money could not be raised. Ald. Howell said R. F. Jacobs, who owns real estate in the district, would donate $8,000 if the city would pay $10,000 towards the expense. Mr. May finally promised to pay the money, and the station will be equipped this fall.

Draft of the Building Ordinance Printed.

A draft of the revised building ordinance has been printed. It is yet in the hands of the committee, but an attempt will be made to report it to the Council Monday night. Ald. Kent, Chairman of the committee, will probably call a meeting this week. The most important provision of the measure is that calling for the creation of a special board to have supervision of building matters. Another section limits the height of buildings to 150 feet.

Will Sign the Milk Ordinance.

Mayor Washburne stated yesterday he would sign the milk ordinance as soon as the City Clerk could get it in shape. The Mayor had promised to receive a delegation of milk dealers yesterday, but it did not put in an appearance. The milk dealers seem to fear that a politician will get the place at head of the bureau who is not posted as to chemistry. Several of the most prominent chemists have applications on file already.

Municipal Notes.

G. W. Soule, an inspector of the City Sewer Department, was removed yesterday by order of Dr. Jamieson, and James McFarland was given his place.

Mayor Washburne yesterday revoked the saloon license held by J. W. Wilson, No. 3,143 Cottage Grove avenue. The charge against Wilson was that he allowed crap and poker games to be played in his resort by boys.

Street Supt. Burke says the appropriations for the street work have run so low that he has no money to repair wooden sidewalks. The main source of damage suits against the city is the defective wooden sidewalk. Mr. Burke says damage suits are piling up, but he is helpless to make repairs.

A petition for mandamus was filed in the Circuit Court yesterday to compel Mayor Washburn to issue a saloon license to John Kennedy and James Farrell to do business at No. 1,723 Forty-seventh street. Petitioners say that they have offered the necessary money and bonds, and that the Mayor, without cause, refuses to issue a license.

Chief McClaughry issued a general order yesterday, based on Trial Board findings: Patrolmen Harry Leonard, John H. Gallagher, Michael Hartnett, Walter C. Frederick, and Roderick Corbett were fined for minor offenses, Patrolman T. H. Conlan of the Fourth Precinct was dismissed for making false reports, and Patrolman William De Mar of the Forty-second Precinct was dismissed for entering saloons.

George J. Vandhouten secured a decree before Judge Horton yesterday restraining the West Chicago Street railway company from laying a double track on Grand avenue, between Chicago avenue and Indiana street. March 21 the company secured an ordinance authorizing it to lay the tracks. Complainant attacked the ordinance on the ground that it was passed without the signatures of a sufficient number of property-owners. The court held the point well taken and declared the ordinance void.

FUNERAL OF MRS. JOHN DEAN CATON.

Her Remains Laid to Rest at Ottawa, Ill.—Many Floral Offerings.

OTTAWA, Ill., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—The funeral of Mrs. John Dean Caton took place this afternoon from the Caton mansion on the North Bluff. For hours prior to the funeral the house was thronged with relations and friends. The service was conducted by the Rev. R. K. Whittlesey of this city, who had been almost a lifelong friend and spiritual adviser of Mrs. Caton. The funeral oration, though short, included in part a biographical sketch of the life of the dead woman, dating back to her birth at New Hartford, N. Y., in 1813, her marriage in 1835, and her long residence in this city. Shortly after 2 o'clock the casket was borne by the pall bearers, Arthur J. Caton, Norman L. Williams, Charles E. Towne, Charles A. Caton, Thomas D. Catlin, Franklin MacVeagh, Lester H. Eames, and Fred S. Eames, to the hearse and the remains were laid at rest in Caton plat in Ottawa Avenue Cemetery. Among the floral offerings were a wreath and a large cross of Chrysanthemums from Judge Caton, a bouquet of white roses and maiden hair ferns from Mrs. H. T. Birch, a wreath from Mrs. Franklin MacVeagh, a bouquet of lilies of the valley from Mrs. J. M. Clark, two large palms from Mayor Washburne and wife, a wreath of white roses from Mrs. Philip D. Armour, and flowers from Mrs. R. W. Patterson Jr., Mrs. William Blair, Mrs. E. W. Blatchford, Mrs. Edward Burke, Mrs. F. S. Eames, and others. The funeral was attended by a number of prominent residents of Chicago.

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A Touch of the Finger Does it All.

Our Catalogue describes 34 kinds of Cash and Autographic Registers—mailed on request.

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THE National Cash Register Co.
DAYTON, OHIO, U. S. A.
Chicago Office, 84 Dearborn St.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE.

Commissioners' sale of the property and franchises of the Macon and Atlantic Railroad Company and property of the Macon and Savannah Construction Company. Under an order of Hon. A. L. Miller, judge of the superior court Macon circuit, the undersigned commissioners appointed in said order will publicly expose for sale at the court house in the city of Macon, Ga., on Wednesday, the 30th day of November, 1892, during the legal hours of sale, and sell at public outcry to the highest bidder all of the property and franchises of the Macon and Atlantic Railroad Company; also all of the property of the Macon and Savannah Construction Company, herein fully set forth and described, to-wit:

All of the road, roadbed, right of way, trestles, track, and sidetrack of the Macon and Atlantic railway, said railway having been surveyed and laid out from Sofkee in the County of Bibb to the Savannah River, and running through the Counties of Bibb, Twiggs, Johnson, Laurens, Bulloch, Emanuel, and Effingham, and the condition of said railway being as follows:

From Sofkee in Bibb County to the thirteenth-mile post in Twiggs County the grading is nearly completed and the right of way generally acquired, and a trestle constructed through the swamp of the Ocmulgee River on both sides. From the thirteenth-mile post to Bruton in Laurens County a small portion of the right of way has been acquired and a small amount of grading done. Commencing at Bruton, at the intersection of said Macon and Atlantic railway with the Wrightsville and Tennille railroad, said Macon and Atlantic railway has been graded and the rails laid eleven and fifty-two-hundredths miles and yard tracks constructed at Bruton; all laid with seventy-pound steel rails and fifty-two-inch angle bars. From the eastern end of said track so constructed to Pineora, in Effingham County, on the line of the Central railroad for a distance of seventy-five and forty-seven-hundredths miles the grading and trestling is almost entirely finished, a large amount of trestling being included in said distance. The distance from Sofkee to Pineora is 144 15-100 miles. Also all the land deeded by H. N. Feagin to said Macon and Atlantic railway company, the same being the land in the triangle formed by the Macon and Atlantic railway and the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad at Sofkee, in the County of Bibb, containing about six (6) acres; also fifty (50) flat cars, twenty-four (24) box cars, and one (1) push car; also all the franchises held and owned by the Macon and Atlantic railway company.

Also at the same time and place and in the same manner the following described property of the Macon and Savannah Construction Company, to-wit: Six thousand seven hundred and twenty-three (6,723) seventy-pound steel rails, seventeen thousand five hundred and forty-nine (17,549) angle bars now stored at Bruton, and ten thousand six hundred and eighty-seven (10,687) angle bars now stored at Sofkee, fifty-five thousand two hundred and fifty (55,250) bolts, six hundred and seventy (670) kegs of spikes, fifty-one thousand (51,000) washers, two (2) spring frogs and four (4) switches stored at Bruton, about one hundred and ninety-five thousand (195,000) cross ties on the line of said Macon and Atlantic railway on the unfinished portion thereof, and about ninety-seven thousand (97,000) cross ties on the line of the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad.

For terms of sale and other information apply to
C. C. KIBBEE,
W. M. GORDON,
ROBT. A. NISBET,
Commissioners,
Macon, Georgia.

AUCTION SALE

Friday Morning, Nov. 25,

At 10 o'clock, to the highest bidder, unreserved, entire CONTENTS OF PRIVATE RESIDENCE, 3657 GRAND-BLVD.

This sale deserves particular attention, as it is not only the largest but comprises also the finest and best household appointments that money and good taste could procure; all new six months ago.

ELEGANT ARTISTIC PARLOR FURNITURE, SUITS COVERED IN FINEST SILK TEXTURES, elaborately carved Cabinets, Pedestals, Tables, rare and valuable collection of Oil Paintings by Bayal, Harding, Gomaz, and others, Japanese and French Bronzes, Mantel Clocks, Imperial Vases, Ornaments, Real Lace Curtains, Portieres, French Mirrors.

MAGNIFICENT UPRIGHT PIANO.

6 fine Mirror-Front Folding Beds, twenty rooms, Moquette, Velvet, and Brussels Carpets, Bookcases, Desks, Library Tables, Engravings, Massive Buffet, Extension Table, Dining Suit in embossed leather, Chamber Sets, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Toilets, Hair and Spring Mattresses, Pillows, Rug Suits, Lounges, Fancy Rockers, Silver and Plated Ware, French China, Attic and Basement Furniture. Catalogue contains over 400 lots, which will positively be sold to the highest bidder. Deposits required from all purchasers, and goods can be removed immediately after the sale.

Special Notice—Men in attendance to pack and ship. H. S. SCHENCKE, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

EUREKA IRON & STEEL WORKS

On Monday, Nov. 28th, 1892, at 12 o'clock noon, the EUREKA IRON & STEEL WORKS will offer the following valuable property situated in the City of Wyandotte, Wayne County, Mich., for sale at Public Auction to the highest bidder, at the office of the company in Wyandotte.

1st—Complete modern charcoal blast furnace, capacity of sixty (60) tons per day, with dock frontage of 500 feet on the Detroit River; ore sheds, pig-iron yard, etc.

2d—Rolling mill, with dock frontage of 775 feet on Detroit River and a depth of about 500 feet; said mill containing one plate mill train, bar mill trains, scrap and muck bar train, heating furnaces, and other appurtenances; large office buildings, locomotives and cars, etc.

3d—Railroad tracks, with right of way connecting the furnace and mills with the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern and Michigan Central Railroads.

4th—139 lots, averaging 50 feet front by 140 feet in depth, in the said City of Wyandotte, and a parcel of land in the Township of Ecorces, south of and immediately adjoining the city, with a frontage of about 850 feet on the Detroit River and extending to the River Road, so-called.

Title to property perfect and free from incumbrance. For particulars apply to SIDNEY D. MILLER, Secretary, 80 Griswold-st., Detroit, Mich.

GRAND SALE.

Japanese Art Goods:

AT OUR GALLERY,

Commencing Tomorrow (Friday), at 11 a. m.,

A MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION

Rare Antiquities

AND OBJECTS OF ART.

Vases, Jardiniers, Umbrella Stands, Fine Bronzes, Ivory Carvings, &c.

The finest display ever made in this city. Sale without reserve.

ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO., 84 & 86 Randolph-st.

The Value of Spectacles Depends on the skill of the optician. We are skilled—consultants. We import and manufacture Optical, Mathematical, and Surveying Instruments, Magic Lanterns, Photo Cameras, Artificial Human Eyes &c., &c. BEWARE of deception and imitators! We have no branch stores. Strictly reliable instruments to be obtained only from

1893. THE OLD RELIABLE 1893.
L. MANASSE, OPTICIAN,
89 Madison-st., Tribune Building.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.
STATE AND WASHINGTON STREETS.

THANKSGIVING BARGAINS

—IN THE—

Cloak and Suit Depts.

Friday and Saturday.

We place on sale Friday morning about one thousand Stylish Coats, in the most approved styles, lengths, and materials, at the following extremely low prices:

Lot 1, at $6.50—
Is composed of Jackets worth up to $10.00, and comprises a large range of styles, colors, and materials in all sizes.

Lot 2, at $8.50—
Is composed of about 300 stylish plain and fur-trimmed, half satin lined Jackets, worth up to $15.00 each.

Lot 3, at $12.50—
Contains about 375 elegant garments in black and colors, plain and fur-trimmed—lined and half lined—a large proportion of which are worth from $15.00 to $20.00.

SUITS—Lot 4, at $12.50—
Consists of 150 Ladies' new and stylish Black and Colored Suits, which we were fortunate enough to secure at a liberal discount, and which are actually worth from $18.00 to $25.00.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

A SPECIAL SALE

Of Colored Dress Goods begins at eight o'clock Friday morning, and will continue until Saturday night. Six new and fashionable fabrics at about one-half real value form the center of attraction—viz.:

54-inch All-Wool Astrachan Plaids,
52-inch All-Wool Fancy Checked Tweeds,
50-inch All-Wool Fancy Plaids,
50-inch All-Wool Illuminated Tweeds,
52-inch All-Wool Scotch Cheviots,
54-inch All-Wool Plaids,

ALL GO AT 62c PER YARD.

5 yards is considered a full dress pattern, and only costs $3.10.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

Of Interest to Young Men.

To popularize our magnificent line of Boys' Long Pants Suits (the larger sizes of which fit small sized men), we will sell Friday and Saturday three lines of strictly first-class tailor-made Suits—viz.:

Double-Breasted Black Cheviot, with bound edges;
Double-Breasted Fancy Cheviots, and
Double-Breasted Brown Worsted,

Which have sold up to this morning at $16.00,

FOR $12.00

Our Suits and Overcoats for small boys are the best and most reasonable in the city.

Winter Caps of every description for boys of all ages at very low prices.

The above goods are on sale in the Boys' Clothing Dept., 2d floor, Washington-st. front.

ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES

The Egyptian Department, at foot of main stairway. Fine Embroideries, Rugs, Persian Lamps, and Curios, imported direct from the Orient and sold by native Egyptians. Many very attractive articles suitable for holiday gifts are now on sale.

MANDEL BROTHERS.
117 to 123 State-st., Through to Wabash-av.

AT the very head of all Cloak selling—because of styles—of variety of stock—because of exclusiveness—of reliability of garments—because of low prices—stands our Department of

Women's, Misses', and Children's Cloaks.

Exclusive styles in Newmarkets with Triple Capes and Watteau Backs, and with Military Capes.

Exclusive styles in Triple Cape Jackets.

Exclusive styles in Coats and Gretchens with Watteau Backs and Shirred Skirts.

MANDEL BROTHERS.
117 to 123 State-st., Through to Wabash-av.

THE cause of the greatest business in Chicago—of

Boys' Clothing

Is—Clothing that fits—always looks well—has all the marks of fashion—Clothing of sterling quality—price reasonableness—that pleases the boys.

CAPE OVERCOATS—Double-breasted, 6 to 16 years—$5.00
You never saw such coats outside of Mandel's.

STORM ULSTERS—Good and long, with big, wide collars, 6 to 16 years—$6.50
You never saw such Ulsters outside of Mandel's.

DOUBLE-BREASTED SUITS—All-wool—extra buttons and pieces—5 to 16 years—$5.00
Five lines to choose from.

MANDEL BROTHERS.
117 to 123 State-st., Through to Wabash-av.

CALIFORNIA "Red Star"

Blankets Fourth Floor.

Are controlled by Mandel Bros.—*cannot be had at any other house, nor are there any California Blankets of quality so good.*

11-4 size, style "Latest," usual price $6.50—$5.00
10-4 size, style "48," usual price $6.50—$5.00
12-4 size, style "S L," usual price $8.00—$6.50

MANDEL BROTHERS.
117 to 123 State-st., Through to Wabash-av.

OF thoroughly dependable quality—these offerings in Women's and Children's

Union Suits and Equestrienne Tights

Rank easily first as *the* bargains of the day.

Women's Natural Color Merino Union Suits—$1.50—50 cents saved!
Children's Union Suits, heavy and warm—$1.50—50 cents saved!
Women's full regular made Equestrienne Tights—$2.50—75 cents saved!
Children's Equestrienne Tights, all sizes—$1.00—25 cents saved!

THE WONDERFUL

A. B. CHASE PIANO.

We speak advisedly when we characterize it as a . . WONDERFUL PIANO

The scale of the A. B. CHASE PIANOS are scientifically and musically correct, evenly balanced throughout; not a weak spot in them. They are WONDERFUL in this respect.

They are *Wonderful* in musical tone, which is rich, deep, and full, with remarkable singing quality, and in this respect they have captivated the finest musicians in the great cities, both East and West.

The A. B. CHASE PIANOS have one of the best actions made, and they are "action regulated" by the most skillful men to be found. In this respect they delight everybody and are truly

WONDERFUL

Only the choicest materials are used that the experience of the world has proven best adapted to the various parts of the piano in its present high state of perfection.

THE lumber is prepared by a process of acclimatizing used in no other piano factory. They are GUARANTEED to withstand any climate in the world, where any piano will stand. There is not a single point where durability is at stake that has not been carefully studied and provided for in the most perfect manner.

They are WONDERFUL in the position and success they have attained in the short period of ten years, and are known to the music trade and profession from the Atlantic to the Pacific as one of THE FINEST PIANOS MADE IN THE WORLD.

If you are thinking of buying a Piano, before doing so you should visit our warerooms and examine these beautiful instruments. A full line of both GRANDS and UPRIGHTS in all the fancy woods always in stock from which to select.

WE GUARANTEE THEM TO BE AS REPRESENTED IN EVERY RESPECT.

LYON, POTTER & CO.,
174 & 176 WABASH AVENUE.

Pages 9 to 12.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1892—TWELVE PAGES.

MRS. M'MASTERS' THANKSGIVING.

BY HARRIET PRESCOTT SPOFFORD.

[Copyright, 1892, by the Author.]

When Mrs. McMasters was left to herself and Sally by Mr. McMasters' fortunate demise she looked forward to a season of serenity unbroken by any of the innumerable incidents that had hitherto kept her life in perpetual disturbance.

If you had told her when she was 20 that all she would ask for when she was 40 was simply security and peace, she would have laughed in your face.

She wanted silk dresses then, and a gold watch and a silver comb. She wanted dancing and driving and admirers. She wanted a house and fine things in it, and company, and the best pew. Certainly she did not want life in a chimney corner, seeing no one, doing nothing.

Now she had her house. The things in it were far from fine; she had kept it only through much tribulation, and she asked for nothing in the world but to be let alone and left at peace in it.

For in the twenty years of her married life the late Mr. McMasters had never allowed her to know what peace was; and it seemed to her that she could never get enough of it now. When she went into her little parlor there were suggestions of infinite repose in the aspect of things—no tobacco, no cuspidor, no disorder, no burned ends of matches, no marks of boots where marks of boots should not be, no

"I SEEN IT ON YOUR HEAD MANY'S THE TIME," SAID SALLY.

tidies pulled away, no sense of a perturbing atmosphere, of an impending disaster, no dread of agitations, no need of looking out the window to see if he were reeling up the path in broad daylight, no need of hurrying him in out of sight, no tears, no fears, as she had from love in the beginning, from habit in the end; no sitting up for him at night, no going to bed the prey of burglars with the door unlocked for him to come in at his own bad will, no more unexpected bursts of temper on his part, no more fretting under the perpetual vexations of revolt and disgust on hers, no more worry about the card-playing down at the tavern, about the horse racing over at Gilly's, no more trouble at all about waste, wickedness or disgrace.

He would never come into the back entry again, kicking his hat to the ceiling, chucking Sally under the chin, tipsy as a fool and knowing it, his roaring voice was no longer to be heard singing ribald snatches when he was happy, pouring forth diabolical cursing and swearing when he was not. There was heavenly quiet everywhere.

She had put out of sight all that could remind her of him, except a hat that she hung in the front entry as a caution to thieves. She would have liked to change her name back to Jones, but for the noise that that would make. She would have liked to forget that Mr. McMasters had ever lived.

She envied the Brown girls, single women of very certain age, and Hannah Silva, and

MRS. M'MASTERS WAS THE NEAREST NEIGHBOR.

Edna Gould—fortunate women who had had the chance yet had not married McMasters.

She rose when she pleased, she lay down when she pleased, she went out when she pleased, there was no one to say her nay about anything.

She often said to herself that she was seeing the happiest days of her life. She was no longer waiting with her heart in her mouth, as early habit made second nature, for the banging door, the angry word, the surly outcry, the—she knew not what.

The maid talked almost in whispers. Her own voice had grown low from fear of being overheard. The only sound in the house now, except the movements among the kitchen utensils, was the voice of the parrot, which she had begun to believe was some sort of an immortal spirit, and which, in spite of a trick of his hiccoughing that had caught its fancy long ago, and that sometimes made her heart stand still with a notion that Mr. McMasters had come again, was as precious to her as the great silver-gray mouser who winked and blinked at the fire as if she knew greater secrets than the origin of flame.

She spent her days cutting old garments into strips to be woven into gay carpets for the spare chambers, and piecing together bits of silk and satin, parts of her old wedding finery and contributions from one and another interested in the result, to be knit into rainbow curtains.

In the twilight she knit endless woolen stockings for the heathen in Central Africa. She read Fox's "Martyrs" as much as she would without objurgation now. She read Scott's "Commentaries," and tried to understand them. She took a weekly religious paper, and got through with one number a little after the next one came.

She made impossible wines and sweetmeats from the wild grapes and rosehips and elder berries that she picked herself without fear of being sworn at on her return or of something terrible happening in her absence.

She thought how different her life would have been had she married a good man who led family prayers—she was still a pretty woman, with a rose on her cheek, but thought she cared nothing about it. To the poor, gay-hearted, evil-tempered, evil-passioned McMasters, lying out in his grave, she never gave a thought when she could help it.

He had ruined all the best of her life. She must make the most of what was left. And she thought she did; and one tranquil day now went on so like another that but for the apple bloom in May and the drought in August, and the turning of the leaves in October and the coming of the snow after all, she would not have known whereabouts in the year she was.

The stillness in the house that would have appalled a stranger was delightful to her; she would stop and listen to it as one listens to sweet music. She drank in the quiet as if with long, deep draughts, and her soul was satisfied every day.

"When I remember what I've been through," said Mrs. McMasters to Sally, the maid, who long ago had gone to school with her, although never rising above her rudiments in the three R's, and who had stood her friend ever since, "it seems now as if I had died and gone to heaven."

"It do, indeed," said Sally.

"And I would not marry again," said Mrs. McMasters, "no, not the Pope of Rome himself."

"I should think not," said the faithful echo.

"When I go over to Mrs. Carter's and see—O, me! I mean here—that army of children—clamoring and storming and filling the house with their uproar, I wonder how enough women are found willing to marry to let the world go on."

"It do be a wonder," said Sally. And then Sally hazarded a remark of her own. "But they certainly seem fond of 'em."

"That's the worst of it," said Mrs. McMasters. "To be fond of such a little pack of wolves! How long do you suppose we should keep this house spick and span if there was one child running about with a piece of bread daubled with honey, and another leaving round half-bitten apples, and a baby crumbling cracker crumbs, with two pulling at the photograph album, the work basket dragged over, the table cloth twitched six ways of a Sunday, the parlor chairs upset in playing choo-choo, the window glass one smear—O! I can't be too thankful that there are no children in our cup, Sally!"

"Nor I, ma'am, neither."

"There was Elnathan tooting his trumpet, and Tommy beating his drum, and Abner blowing a harmbonicum, and the twins quarreling, and Mary practicing on the parlor organ, and the baby screaming—there! I don't want to think about it! You may take the things, Sally."

For, although Sally was her mistress' friend and familiar, yet as there must be distinctions made and servants kept in their place, Mrs. McMasters and Sally did not sup at the same table.

But it is not in the conduct of things that such complete satisfaction as Mrs. McMasters had should remain unbroken. And the breaking came like a thunderclap. The Carters' house burned down in the night, and Mrs. McMasters was the nearest neighbor.

"And the whole bilin' of 'em's piled in here," said Sally.

And here they staid till their affairs could be arranged.

What good neighbor, what half good Christian would refuse them shelter, look askance at their coming or hurry their going?

No, the circumstances of the case made the house theirs until they left.

And pandemonium awoke in the silent, spotless place which became all at once a volcanic crater of perpetual activity, with eruptions of fun and frolic and anger and contention, with falls and bumps and bruises and cries, with parental admonition and filial rebellion, with "don'ts" and "shalls" and "wonts" and "wills," with tumbling chairs and tables, with football to the front entry and skates in the parlor, and tag and hide-and-seek and grab and vociferation everywhere.

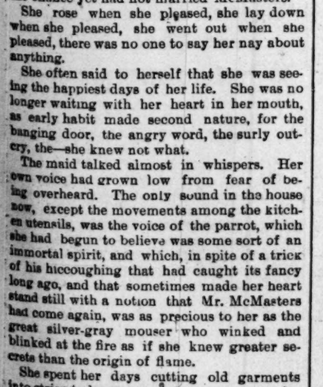
The cat took refuge in the shed, and appeared no more. The parrot joined in the mêlée and scolded from morning till night.

"It is Bedlam let loose," said Mrs. McMasters. "O, Sally!" she moaned presently. "I always thought I loved children; but either children are not what they used to be, or I've changed out of sight."

"They ain't children," said Sally, kneading her dough with vigor. "They're imps."

"I'm afraid it isn't right to speak of them that way. The Lord made 'em."

"Then I wish he'd make the bread for 'em. My arms just ache doing it. And they eat as



THEY AIN'T CHILDREN—THEY'RE IMPS.

if they never expected to see another morsel."

"You do have the heft of it."

"Don't I?" said Sally, getting some outlet in slapping the dough, as she would have liked to slap the little Carters.

"If they were my own children I should not have them riding over everything so. I should restrain them—I—I should correct them," and the flash in Mrs. McMasters' dark eyes illuminated the character of the correction.

"I'd give 'em a good trouncing if I had my way, no matter whose they be," said Sally. "They was playing with the old chiny ——"

"The old china!"

"The old chiny tea set that was your ma's, ma'am, and they heard me coming and crash went the tray ——"

"And broke it?"

"There ain't a splinter left big enough to sweep up, 's you may say."

"My best china!" And Mrs. McMasters, from whom great disasters had wrung no tears, sat down and cried. "My nerves are all gone, Sally," she wept.

"I should think they would be! There's grease on the marble-top table——"

"O, I know it, Sally; that lovely slab!"

"And they've upset the lamp on the sitting-room carpet——!"

"And I've had that carpet twenty years!"

"And the front stairs drugget's just coming to pieces——"

"O, don't talk, Sally! don't talk!"

"I guess 'twon't do no hurt to take a count of stock."

"Of ruination, you mean. There won't be anything but wreckage left. O, my soul and body, Sally! What's that?"

"It's the parlor looking-glass!" said Sally.

"The only glass in the house that you could see more'n one side of your face in at a time!" cried her mistress, her arms dropping in despair, and the pretty pink all gone from her cheek.

"It's that Elnathan's ball. Here, you!" and Sally darted out of the room and darted triumphantly back again with a kicking boy in one flogry hand, and warding off with the other a troop of exclaiming, accusing, and excusing children, as Mrs. McMasters slipped into the other room. "I have to be in hiding in my own house," she murmured, as she went, holding her cap strings in both hands.

"You let go! You've spoiled my jacket with your doughy hand!" roared Elnathan.

"I'll spoil your jacket in another fashion," exclaimed Sally, setting him down hard. "I'll dust your jacket! That's what I'll do!" And at the awful threat a wail burst from Elnathan's throat and from the throats of all the other children, and the baby heard it afar off and echoed it, and Mrs. Carter came running down.

"O, what is she going to do to Elnathan? What's she going to do to Elnathan?" the children cried, running to their mother.

"What is the matter; O, what is the matter?" exclaimed the little worn and weary creature in her weak and husky treble. "O, what have you been doing now? O, Sally, how could you? Elnathan, you naughty boy; O, shame on you! I don't see why you can't keep still, and you've waked baby, just as I was at the most interesting place!

"And I'm sure it must be your fault, Sally, for they never give me any trouble at home, and—O, dear me—the parlor looking-glass? It's such a bad sign! O! And my throat was so sore this morning—you don't suppose there's any diphtheria about the drains, do you?

"I've been so chilly, too, all day—Elnathan, you just ask Mrs. McMasters' pardon for breaking her glass."

"Cheap way to mend things," muttered Sally.

"I didn't ask you to make any observations," said Mrs. Carter, loftily.

"Guess I can speak," said Sally. "There ain't much left in this house, but I guess that privilege's among the ruins."

"O, O, O!" cried Mrs. Carter then, dropping into the chair out of which Elnathan tumbled. "It's bad enough to be burned out in the middle of the night—but to be spoken to so, and Mr. Carter gone—and I can't help it if they do break things—I don't think there ever was such an unfortunate woman.

"Tommy, take your hands out of that dough this minute! Don't you know I'll have to be a half hour cleaning your nails?"

"There won't nothing clean the dough," growled Sally, "but the pig pail. There's a whole sponge of bread spoiled with your dirty little hands, sir; and all my time and elbow grease, and Mrs. McMasters' yeast and flour gone for nothing, and you may just suck your thumbs for supper, that you may, and you clear out'n this kitchen, every man jack of you, in the whisk of a lamb's tail.

"There's some women," she added under her breath, "ain't good for nothin' but to bring down the average of the human race!"

And she seized Tommy, whether for shaking or for ejectment, and Tommy gave a roar and Mrs. Carter sprang up like a brooding hen and caught him and dropped back into the chair, and the louder Tommy roared the closer she caught him, and the closer she caught him the louder he roared, and then her arms relaxed and her head fell back and her feet went out straight, and first she cried and then she laughed, and then she cried again, and her heels began drumming on the floor, and she was in as fine a hysteric as they make, and it took both Sally and Mrs. McMasters to carry her to the lounge in the sitting-room, followed by all the children in more or less loud degree of lifting up of voices.

And then she had to be revived with salammonia and burned feathers and a fan, and a little weak spirits and water, and she had to have a hand-glass brought to her and have her hair combed and Mrs. McMasters' bayrum wiped over her forehead.

"I never should have had such a time in the world," she murmured at last, when she was quite herself, and someone had found the novel for her, "if Sally had not been so very unkind." And she lay there and finished her book, while Sally spread bread and molasses for the twins, and made hot shortcake for supper, and undressed and put them all to bed and rocked the baby to sleep and set another sponge of bread to rise and crept into her bed at last, so tired she hardly knew if she were herself or the baby.

She woke up, as it seemed to her in the middle of the night, to see her mistress, who was

SALLY TOOK THE CAGE DOWN CELLAR.

only on her way to bed, bending over her, lamp in hand.

"O, Sally," Mrs. McMasters was whispering, "to think of our old quiet! It had better have been our house that burned down——"

"For the land's sake!" exclaimed Sally, in the same sepulchral whisper, sitting up in bed, her sparse gray hair that had grown stiff and wiry seeming to rise in horror, "you ain't goin' to set the house afire, be you?"

"And run away by the light of it? No, I don't know but I'd like to, though, and go where no one ever heard the name of Carter."

But if Mrs. McMasters thought things were as bad as they could be, she was mistaken. Mr. Carter returned.

He began straightway to have the débris removed from the ruins of the late conflagration, and the timber hauled and the carpenters set at work on the frame of the new house, for which Mrs. Carter had drawn elaborate designs, which Mr. Carter accepted grumpily and threw aside for diametrically opposite plans of his own.

The snow had held off wonderfully, although it was well into the winter, and Mr. Carter was making the most of the exemption, taking his meals at the tavern, up and out before the children peeped in in the morning, and at home only after they were tucked in for the night.

But one morning when the family began to stir the house was rocking with a northeaster, the snow was sifting and drifting whitely over the whole world, there was no such thing as Sally's getting out to the shed where poor puss was a prisoner.

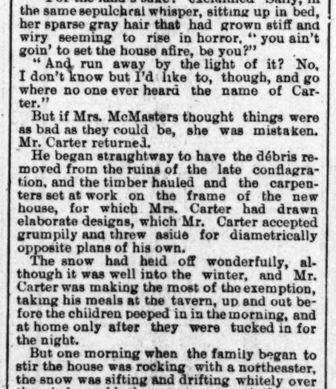
Mr. Carter, in his anxiety to see to the shell of his new house, had opened a window on the lee of the storm in order to find a way out, and had left it open, the snow and sleet driving in in an eddy and making a drift that warmed Elnathan's heart, if it chilled his fingers, as he snowballed Tom and Abner and made the twins cry with the cold smart, and made Sally's blood run cold also as she fastened down the window and swept up the rest of the snow while they snatched for it, and the balls flew to and fro and one lodged on the nose of the reverend clergyman, her mistress' grandfather, who looked from his old portrait as if he once had been made of wood and pulled by strings.

Mrs. McMasters and Sally gazed at each other speechlessly. There were no words in the English language equal to their emotions.

It had been Bedlam before; now it was—O, no; they could not say it.

Full of the electricity of the storm and the snow, the children were running riot, explosion followed explosion, now peals and shrieks of laughter, now a hullabaloo of screams and hits and tumbles. The baby yelled with fright, the parrot joined the chorus.

When the parrot bit Tommy, who was poking it with a stick, and Mrs. Carter called down that she would have that bird's neck wrung, Sally took the cage down cellar; from



"THE CARTERS!" SHE GASPED.

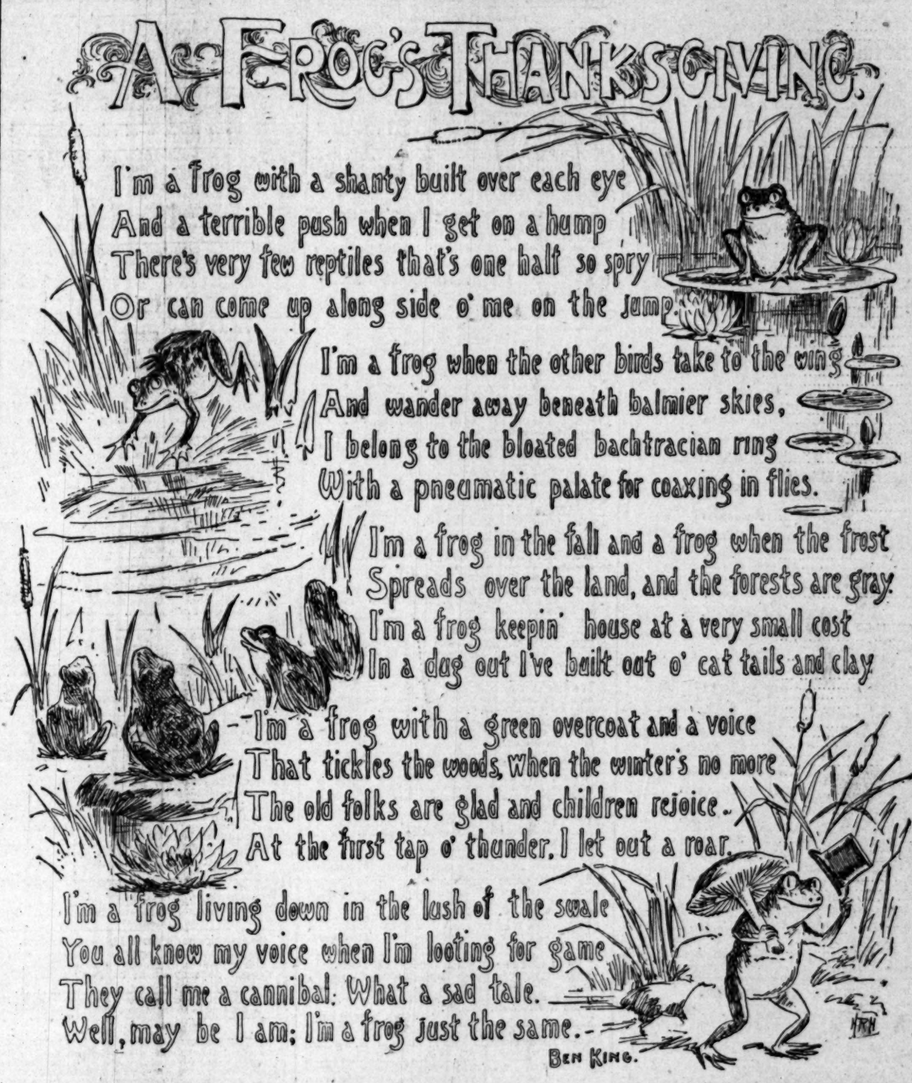
"Dinner's ready," must lighten the depression.

But it had a precisely contrary effect. The little feet that had raced and scuffled out to dinner now only dragged, and the elbowing and pushing and kicking and shouting as to choice location there gave way to a quiet dropping into the first chair handy, while Mr. Carter spread his hands like a seal's flappers and opened the exercises with a grace which proceeded to such length that the steak and potatoes ceased to steam, and little eyes looked up longingly and little mouths watered vainly, while the good man was giving information to the heavenly powers and asking that the laws of the universe should be reversed for his benefit.

When Sally, thinking things had gone far enough, dropped a metal dish-cover with a resounding clang Mr. Carter opened his eyes and pointed to the kitchen. But Sally did not budge, and presently dropped another cover.

It seemed to Mrs. McMasters that something supernatural was taking place when those children went to eating their allotted portions without a word.

There was no crying out of "I wanted the piece you gave Elnathan," or "You helped Tom to twice as much as me," or "I don't like that and I won't have it," no throwing of little bodies back and holding little arms before the eyes, no grabbing at one another's bread, no upsetting of tumblers, no slipping



where Polly's remarks issued plaintively from time to time and wrung her mistress' heart.

Abner was in the flour barrel, where he had hidden to await the moment of Elnathan's crying "Goo!"

Mary was singing to the baby up-stairs at the top of her lungs, the twins who had been wrestling at the head of the stairs had just tumbled all the way down with a bump at every step, bringing with them in shreds and splinters the flower pots of daphne and monthly rose that had their place in that cool spot, holding their breath till Sally and their mother and Mrs. McMasters ran to them, and then, purple in the face, sending out a howl like a steamboat whistle; it was all turmoil and tumult and confusion, when the door swung open and in came the east wind and Mr. Carter, shaking the snow off him in a cloud and stamping and blowing and steaming, taking off his coat without a word, drawing off his arctics and his boots, putting on his slippers, still without a word, and going into the sitting-room and taking a chair before the fire and opening a newspaper, which he had now the time to read, work on the new house being suspended.

Mrs. McMasters and Sally looked at each other in the consternation which people feel in the unnatural lull preceding some convulsion of nature.

Silence had fallen on the house like a thunderbolt; the bawling of the twins had stopped in midair, Mary's singing had dwindled to a whisper, Elnathan forbore to cry "Goo!" the twins knelt on the tabouret by the window and laid wagers by signs on the relative speed of the coalescing drops of melted sleet on their way down the pane, Tommy sat down on a cricket and absorbed himself and his proper quantity of racket into a stick and string, and Abner staid in the flour barrel, where he went to sleep.

But waking again and enduring a suffocating half-hour in hopes that Sally would shut the door between the kitchen and the sitting-room, he at last crept out, dusty and white as the clown in the pantomime, only to be espied by his father and sent to bed without his dinner.

The stillness was something harrowing. It could not have been endured but for the uproar of the storm outside.

Mrs. McMasters vaguely remembered stories of explorers entering caves where the dead sat petrified. Sally began to rattle spoons and pans, till Mr. Carter rose and closed the door.

The hush, however, was broken by the baby; and not even Mr. Carter could silence him. But Mr. Carter gave his wife a look when, in the crib above, the baby began to cry that sent her out of the room crying, too.

It seemed as though the summons, when Sally put her head through the door and said,

"Dinner's ready," Mr. Carter lifted his hand without looking in Tommy's direction, and brought it down flat and forcibly wherever it happened to hit on Tommy's little face, reducing the child to a dinnerless condition, for which even Sally found it necessary to compensate him later in the day by a slice of bread and butter spread as thick with sugar as the spoon could plaster it, as thick as the slice she had detected her mistress carrying surrepetitiously to the wretched little Abner.

"My dear," said Mr. Carter to his wife, after dinner, "it is so dark a day it will only hurt your eyes to read. I will read to you."

She started and slipped her novel under the sofa cushion. "I have a sermon by Elder Fayreweather on the character of the wells that Jacob digged," and he put a foot on either side of the Franklin stove fender, effectually shutting off the blaze, and proceeded to make things lively with the sermon.

His wife, glad that it was not a dissertation on the tariff on wool or the wickedness of pig iron, tried to listen at first, and then went to wondering if she would have any pink squares in the new bedspread for the best room.

The storm rolled and roared on, the scud flying through the air like a vast white and angry spirit, the wind wailed and whistled round the house and out over the bending woods and the buried meadow.

An inexpressible gloom filled Mrs. McMaster's heart as she looked out on the white tumult, the dead world. She could think of nothing but death and funerals and the clay-cold corpse of a little child she had once dressed for the grave. But she sat quietly sorting into tiny bundles the old postage stamps she was collecting from every one she knew that ever had a letter, under the impression that she should sell a million of them for $5.

The storm grew grayer and grayer. What if it never cleared away, and they were always to sit here listening to this man!

Years afterward Mrs. McMasters had a pang of heart-sinking with any reversion of memory to this miserable afternoon.

Mrs. Carter nodded into a gentle slumber; one by one the children noiselessly slipped away, and Sally, to her amazement, found herself foregoing the joy of telling them a story she had been meaning to tell some twilight, about the bears in the Bible that ate the mocking children, clapping her jaws and glaring with her eyes the while, and told them instead, while she boiled them some molasses candy, the story of Silverhair and her extremely agreeable bears, in the telling of which, the sermon having come to an end, Mr. Carter surprised her and dealt a severe reproof for corrupting the minds of his children with such frivolity and their stomachs with such trash, and giving them each a couple of verses of proverbs to learn on penalty of no supper.

"I wish there wasn't any fathers," said Sally.

But she held him and rocked him in her arms, and felt as if she would have liked to have Tommy for her own if she could have had him without the twins and Abner, and she repeated his verses to him word for word until he had them in a hopeless, uncomprehending jargon of his own.

But when the tea-things were cleared away Mr. Carter announced that they would have family prayers before the children said their verses and went up-stairs, and, having read and commented on a passage of Lamentations, he eased his heart in a petition suited to the seclusion of the storm, in which the sins and shortcomings of every one in the house were recited for the better edification of their souls, beginning with the frivolity of his wife and the spiritual indolence of his hostess, and going on till every one of the little shame-faced hearers on their knees beheld their peculiar sins held up to the family gaze.

But when he came to Sally, who was sitting in the kitchen with the door open and heard the man begin an appeal for forgiveness for the sharp temper, the bitter tongue, the dark spirit of the hand-maiden of the house, Sally's first temptation was to drop directly on his head the tinpan in which her bread was set to rise and give him a helmet after the style of Sancho Panza's.

But as that would never do, for Sally had an immense reverence for the act of prayer, although she dimly felt this special act to be a mere mockery and the words and the spirit but an insult to the power that held the stars in leash, she contented herself with making a gigantic foolscap from the newspaper he had laid aside.

And when he rose and seated himself she tip-toed in, velvet-footed as a cat, and set it squarely on his head.

"I went to school with you, Nate Carter," said Sally. "And I seen it on your head many's the time."

All the virtuous complacency of that prayer was consumed in the wrath that towered like a flame. He caught his wife's eye and saw that she was inwardly tittering, and he threw the paper in the fire, where it roared up the chimney in a frightful flash, and went off to bed, muttering something about the persecution of the saints, and giving Sally as he went an irreligious snapping of the eyes and the promise of something that sounded like a "come-uppance."

"I'm sorry I done it," said Sally to her mistress, as they shut up the house. "I hadn't orter. He's took it out on her by this. I heered him going on and her a sniffling."

"O, Sally," groaned the other, "this is worse than—than Mr. McMasters!"

"If Mr. McMasters was here he would pitch him into a snow-drift," said Sally.

"O, I wish he was! I wish he was!" cried Mrs. McMasters.

"Hush, hush, O, hush!" whispered Sally, as if her mistress' invocation might have some effect on the spirit of the dead. "The Carters must go some time or other, and you don't know what you're saying of to wish Mr. M. back."

"O, anything's better than this," wailed Mr. McMasters' widow.

But Sally was right. One day the Carters went. They went to visit Mrs. Carter's mother in Tiverton, and were to come back when the new house was ready for them.

Sally did not wait for spring before beginning housecleaning; she knew spring would be over before she was through with it. "Two weddings equal one fire," said she; "two fires equal one Carter family in a house."

"O!" said Mrs. McMasters, when all was done, carpets turned and cleaned and pieced, moldings repainted, rooms repapered, furniture recovered, and all by their own nimble fingers, the cat had come in from the shed and the parrot had come up from the cellar, and they were peacefully sewing rags together to save the new carpet, "O, it is so much like heaven again now. I don't feel as if I should have heaven when I die—it will be more than my share!" and she looked young and felt pretty in her satisfaction.

What a happy summer passed over the heads of the two women then! What depths of quiet there were in the speckless house, where open windows let in no noisier visitor than a great bee out of the infinite blue!

Sally worked in the house and her mistress pottered in the garden, and they read the weekly paper aloud to each other by turns, Sally spelling the big words; and they sent bunches of roses to the minister in the early summer, and lavender to the Old Ladies' Home in the later days, and gathered their seeds in the fall, and saw Mr. Carter's house taking on its last coat of paint, and they added jars of peaches to their jars of strawberries, and made sweet pickles and grape jelly, and had their apples gathered, and looked forward to long seasons of unbroken tranquillity again.

Mrs. McMasters sat by the fire knitting and crocheting and reading by turns, dreaming and drinking in rest and peace as if it were new cider.

"We will have a very especial Thanksgiving this year, Sally," she said.

And the big turkey ready for roasting, the ducks to be dressed with onions, the chickens to be made into a pie, the mincemeat that she and Sally chopped, with many an antique witticism about its poison if chopped too fine, the golden rows of squash pies, the discs of cranberry tarts, laced to and fro with strips of paste—all showed that in the present way of offering sacrifice to the appetite the Thanksgiving feast at Mrs. McMasters' was to be kept with all the ceremonies.

"It's a good deal for two people," said Mrs. McMasters, with a sort of blur on her conscience.

"I guess we can get away with it in time," said Sally, polishing the sugar-bowl that came from its retreat once a year. As she spoke the doorbell rang and the minister slipped under the door a letter that he had found at the office.

Mrs. McMasters opened the letter with a flutter.

"I knew something was going to happen when I upset the sugar this morning," she said.

And then she dropped into the nearest seat. "The Carters!" she gasped. "It's from Mrs. Carter. They're coming here to stay, she says, before they go into their new house; it'll be so much easier for them.

"O, Sally! It makes me sick. I must go to bed."

"There's a stamp on the letter to save, anyway," said Sally. "Here, you drink this. It'll bring you round," and she gave her a sip of the rhubarb wine.

"It's strong enough to bring round the dead," said Mrs. McMasters, making a wry face. "I'll take another taste, O, Sally, I wish I was dead! I never can stand it. Home—patience—temper—things—

"How can we go through it all again! We shall be ruined! It makes me shiver."

"It makes me sick" admitted Sally.

"Don't you think we could lock up the house and pretend we'd gone away?"

"No use. They'd break in a window and come all the same. That helpless critter of a woman knows how to make her nest as soft as a cat in other people's chairs."

"O, it's going to spoil Thanksgiving! And I've always set so by Thanksgiving! If it was any other season of the year——"

"Spoil any other season!" slamming that best silver sugar-bowl into the closet.

"It just pays me for being so selfish and having it all to ourselves! I was going to send those ducks to the Old Ladies'! And I did buy a turkey for the minister, though I couldn't afford to, and a goose for Miss Bradley.

"O, it's no Thanksgiving! It's a day of fasting and prayer! Those children tearing up and down again—the sirup, the grease, the dauby fingers, the perpetual apprehension of something broken—O, I shall die! And that dreadful man——"

"He ain't much worse than the rest of 'em. Some's one way and some's another," said Sally, a sudden pessimist. "If the Lord'd known what he was about there wouldn't ever have been a man!"

"Sally, Sally! I'm—I'm afraid it's blasphemous," said Mrs. McMasters, looking round timidly, as if for an avenging angel. "You—you mustn't speak so."

"I suppose you int free to say ou're world's happier without 'em! Well, I be. And if that ridiculous Nate Carter comes here to Thanksgiving I'll put some lobely in his coffee in the morning, that's what I'll do! He won't want no dinner."

"O, pull down the blinds, Sally, I'm going to bed. I can't sit up. Just as everything was so sweet and peaceful and still. It's no Thanksgiving day for me. I don't see why I ever was born."

"Thanksgiving day!" said Sally, going about her work again. "There was a mount of cussin' and a mount of blessin', but we can't only hear the cussin'. Great Thanksgiving day!"

And she had much the air of throwing the day back where it came from.

"Do you suppose," she went on presently, "that I'm going to be thankful because those concerned children are coming here to eat up all I've been cooking, to destroy all I've been doing, to give me work for all winter in cleaning up after them? No, sir!"

Perhaps you know whom she was addressing. I don't.

Thanksgiving morning rose gloomily enough. The Carters did not arrive the night before, although looked for, and that was some respite.

But Mrs. McMasters could not keep back her tears when she came to herself after first waking, with a dull weight on her heart. The day was no gloomier than she felt. She didn't care to put on her new gown and cap; she didn't see how she could get up and face the trouble of the Carters.

The more she thought about it the harder, the more painful, the more unbearable the trouble grew.

Yet, there were the nuts to crack—and she had always done that since she was a little girl; she must get up—and she couldn't.

"You'd better be stirring," cried a joyous voice at the door; and Sally came in with some hot water. "It's Thanksgiving day, and one of the finest I ever see," she said.

"There's always something to be thankful for, if you only look round you. The Carters ain't comin', after all. I jest see the milkman, and he says they come last night and went right into their own house—everythin' was done, and there warn't no excuse for going anywhere else.

"They've got a girl, some sort of a critter, he says; she can't be much, for they ain't got a thing cooked, he says, not a pie, not a fowl——"

"Dear me, Sally, in their own house, and no Thanksgiving dinner? And them poor children without a turkey or a turnover. O, that's too bad, now," whether it really was too bad or whether in the joy at her release she felt kindly toward the whole world. "I don't care if they are Carters, it's hard."

"So 'tis. I'm sorry for that little Tommy. He did like turnover the best of any boy I ever see."

"Poor little things! It ain't their fault the way they're brought up. They can't help being Carters, either. Somebody ought to—I don't know—if we once began—but no turkey—Sally! don't you think we'd better go down and bring the Carters back here for their Thanksgiving?"

"I was just thinkin' of it myself. It'll really seem kinder natural. 'Thout children round a table," said Sally, "Thanksgiving ain't Thanksgiving!"

HARRIETT PRESCOTT SPOFFORD.

Her Thanksgiving.

Let us give thanks!
I do. Because
Americanus sum.
Also, because good health
And wealth have
Kissed me, I
Sing a song
Of Thanks.
I give great thanks
Because dear Jack continued
Bountiful in flowers and
Favors of that ilk; likewise
Because this same sweet youth
Is not yet rich enough
To marry me, which
Means more flowers and favors from
The other men. For these
And many other things
Too numerous to
Mention, I
Give thanks.

Mother's Thanksgiving.

Such a quaint little Mother, in a gown of silver gray,
Her snowy hair smooth-parted, in the dear old-fashioned way,
And on her head a lint-white cap, of softest, filmiest lace,
That made a picture-frame about her sweet and placid face.

Such a brave little Mother! So many a year had fled
Since her husband, leal and loving, had been numbered with the dead.
So many, many summers had she borne a lonely heart
That her fair age and his bright youth were half a life apart.

Such a gentle little Mother! Ah! the boys remember now,
Sorrowfully, every shadow on that tender, tranquil brow,
They remember how she taught them, how she kissed them each at night,
And they felt no need of angels keeping watch till morning light.

Such a trustful little Mother! There were dark days now and then,
Though the dear lads never dreamed it until they were bearded men;
She would go away alone, kneeling in her chamber dim,
And would tell the Lord her troubles, casting all her care on him.

Such a happy little Mother! With a laugh like bells a-chime,
Ever swift to see the bright side, ready with a quip and rhyme,
O, so quick with love's own pity! O, so earnest 'neath the jest!
Ever lavishing her kindness, giving ever of her best.

Such a winsome little Mother! Why the village children came
Trooping merrily about her; she knew every one by name;
Baby faces smiled to greet hers, by some subtle impulse stirred,
As if fledglings knew the brooding of the tender mother-bird.

Such a true little Mother! Never dallying with wrong;
Honest to the very heart's core; bearing burdens late and long;
Paying every debt with interest; filling every day with work,
With a deep disdain for any who the day's demand would shirk.

Such a blessed little Mother! Through their tears her sons today
Thank the God she served and honored that she sleeping passed away;
Lifted to the home in heaven, to the comrade gone before,
Just as earth's Thanksgiving greetings floated through the open door.

—*Margaret E. Sangster, in Harper's Bazar.*

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

THE FOLLOWING TRANSFERS OF CITY PROPERTY for $1,000 and upwards were filed for record Wednesday, Nov. 23:

Lot 18, Block 2, Adam Murray's Add., Nov. 23 (J. Link to J. Kaufman).....	$ 1,800
Mackinaw-av., s e cor of 89th-st., w f, 30x140 ft, Nov. 18 (C. and C. Canal and Dock Co. to M. F. Schmidt).....	1,000
Oglesby-av., near 85th-st., w f, 50 ft to alley, Nov. 3 (H. Rosenfeld and Brother Shoe Co. to E. M. Fitton).....	4,050
Michigan-av., 125 ft n of 88th-st., w f, 25x159 9-10 ft, Oct. 8 (N. Lancaster to G. B. Manlove).....	1,500
Michigan-av., 150 ft n of 88th-st., w f, 125x159 8-10 ft, also Michigan-av., 300 ft n of 90th-st., e f, 100x159 ft, Oct. 18 (Same to W. H. Pearce).....	9,000
W. Jackson-st., s w cor of Whipple, n f, 50x100 ft, March 5 (M. G. Thompson to K. Steinson).....	3,600
W. Jackson-st., s w cor Whipple, n f, 50x100 ft, Nov. 21 (K. Steinson to G. P. Gavitt).....	6,500

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

French-av., 250 ft s of 80th-st., w f. 80x124½ ft, Nov. 22 (R. W. Holmes to E. N. Nagle)..... 1,190
Halsted-st., s e cor of 55th-st.-blvd., w f. 29x 58¾ ft. imp, Nov. 21 (D. and F. Mannke to Neill & Mahnke)..... 18,000
Halsted-st., s e cor of 55th-st.-blvd., w f. 130x 108 ft. imp, Nov. 21 (Neill & Mahnke to H. C. Gray)..... 125,000
Parnell-av, 123¼ ft s of 39th-st., w f. 25x124¾ ft. April 20, 1887 (Estate of D. Davis to Scheine Feltenstein)..... 3,500
W. Division-st., 96 ft e of Kober, n f. 24x119 ft, Nov. 19 (A. Olson to Charles Rixon)..... 1,950
Calumet-av., s of 39th-st., e f. 16 92-100x130 ft, imp, Nov. 19 (Christen Christensen to K. M. Sexton)..... 10,000
Langley-av., 98¾ ft n of 73d-st., w f. 100x124 ft, Nov. 19 (H. M. Saxton to Chris Christensen)..... 4,000
Wood side-av., 187 ft s of Byron-st., e f. 25x125 ft, Nov. 22 (J. W. and E. C. Harpold to C. J. Duggan)..... 2,500
North-av., 42½ ft w of Cleveland, s f. 20x100 ft, imp, Nov. 22 (A. J. Aubert to A. Hoffland)..... 12,000
State-st., 199 ft n of 38th, w f. 25 ft to alley, imp. Oct. 19 (W. H. Pearce to W. Pacaner)..... 15,600
Turner-av., 200 ft s of W. 13th-st., e f. 50x124 ft, Sept. 28 (Phil. Foley to John Purcell)..... 1,500
Belmont-av., 124 ft e of Perry-st., s f. 24x125 ft, imp, Nov. 21 (A. T. P. Iwen et al. to C. D. Brogmus)..... 2,000
Champlain-av., n w cor of 77th-st., e f. 50x125 ft, July 23 (J. V. McCarthy to Langley-av. Baptist Church)..... 3,750
Brompton-av., w of Evanston-av., n f. lot 32, Oct. 24 (William Wernecke to H. F. Beckerman)..... 4,500
Van Horn-st., 125 ft e of Paulina-st, s f. 25x 125 ft, imp., Oct. 10 (V. Profant to Joseph Moravec)..... 5,700
W. Division-st., 250 ft e of Washtenaw-av., n f. 25x120¾ ft, Nov. 22 (H. H. Rosenberg to Chas. Sikon)..... 1,725
Kedzie-av., 234½ ft n of W. 24th st., w f. 50x 126 ft. June 10, 1891 (Wm. Pepper to O. Farley)..... 1,450
Grand-blvd., 140 ft n of 48th-st., w f. 32x150 ft, Nov. 12 (F. B. Epps to L. C. Wilson)..... 12,800
Sacramento-av., 75¾ ft s of 46th-st., e f. ⅝ of 125x124¾ ft, Nov. 22, 1892 (sauges Steel to F. S. Robinson et al.)..... 2,000
W. 13th-st., 150 ft e of Hoyne-av., s f. 50x124 ft, Nov. 11 (M. W. Eilers to H. Weinheimer)..... 10,000
Nora-av., s w cor of Bryson-st., e f. 25x126 ft, Nov. 22 (M. and I. Lorenzen to F. Stenglund)..... 2,500
80th-st., 66 ft w of Paulina, s f. 50x125 ft, Nov. 21 (J. H. Earl to N. D. Laquea)..... 3,200
60th-st., n e cor of Heald, s f. 45x120 ft, Nov. 22 (Cary Ogden Co. to Buck E. Ogden)..... 3,200
Champlain-av., 150 ft s of 46th-st., e f. 50x130 ft, Oct. 26 (H. T. Shemeck to F. W. Griffin)..... 10,000
Winchester-av., 350 ft s of 52d-st., e f., 25x116 ft, Nov. 22 (J. Farley to F. Harrington)..... 3,000
California-av., w of Fourth-st., s f. 31¼x180 ft. Nov. 21 (C. M. Andersen to R. Pieser)..... 5,000
Escanaba-av., 80 ft s of 89th-st., w f. 25x130¾ ft, Nov. 19 (B. Colina to S. Gaines)..... 1,400
W. Jackson-st., 225 ft w of W. 40th-st., n f. 25x 124 6-10 ft. Oct. 27 (M. Grall to James A. Hayden)..... 1,000
Chestnut-st., bet Halsted and Walnut, n f. 50x 125 ft, imp, Nov. 10 (William B. Pope to D. L. Pierson)..... 4,000
Orchard-st., 140 ft n of Webster-av., w f. 25x 145¾ ft, Nov. 23 (W. Nuhn to M. C. Bartoszy)
Lots 13 and 14 (Barry Bros. to J. Cox)..... 4,925
198 and ⅝ 228¼ ft), e ½ s w ¼ section 2, 38, 14, Nov. 8 (F. H. Barry to Joshua Roydell, trustee)..... 1,000
W. 18th-st., 105 ft w of Johnson, s f. 14¾x150 ft, Nov. 22 (The Cary Ogden Co. to The Lumberman's Build. and Loan Association)..... 25,025
Same property, Nov. 22 (Lumberman's B. and L. Assn. to B. E. Ogden)..... 25,000
Greenwood-av., n w cor of 93d-st., e f. 98¼x 124 ft, Nov. 7 (Charles M. Poague to F. W. Griffin)..... 2,800
Hastings-st., 216 ft w of Throop, n f. 24x124 ft, imp, Nov. 23 (L. Busse to F. Soucek)..... 3,450
Bryant-st., 440 ft w of Vincennes-st., s f. 25x108 ft, improved, Nov. 21 (J. Howley to E. Jones)..... 14,500
Champlain-av., 150 ft s of 48th-st., e f. 50x130 ft, Nov. 7 (F. W. Griffin to Charles M. Poague)..... 10,000
Sacramento-av., bet 54th and 55th-sts., w f. undivided ½ of 130x125 ft and of 72x125 ft on 55th-st., in same block, Aug. 1 (J. L. Thorburn to G. W. G. Calder)..... 1,000
W. Superior-st., 23½ ft w of Lincoln, n f. 24x 123 ft, imp, Oct. 6 (A. L. Brown to H. Sankey)..... 2,800
Winter-st., s w cor of 57th, e f. 30x124, ft, Nov. 21 (M. Daniels to H. McCormick)..... 2,300
Giddings-st., 220 ft w of Kober-av., n f. 24x119 ft, Nov. 19 (A. Olson to Charles Rixon)..... 1,950
Calumet-av., s of 39th-st., e f. 16 92-100x130 ft, imp, Nov. 10 (Christen Christensen to K. M. Sexton)..... 10,000
Langley-av., 98¾ ft n of 73d-st., w f. 100x124 ft, Nov. 19 (H. M. Saxton to Chris Christensen)..... 4,000
Woodside

REAL ESTATE.

$60 LOTS.

nce $5 per month.

HARVEY,

e-town, two miles south of
ur office.

6,000 PEOPLE,

Thursdays, and Saturdays,
lock noon.
ur office.
149 La Salle-st., room 38.

REST OR TAXES—7 MILES
to alley; title perfect; near
from the Kinston-av. pro-
2 blocks from school, 2
pure water, good drainage;
cash and $10 a month.
on owner.
GEO. C. THOMAS,
141 Ontario-st.

SIDE — 8-ROOM HOUSE,
,500; easy terms; house has
heat; possession at once.
RUFF & CO., 316 Rookery.

RK—HOUSES AND LOTS;
st. SMITH & JUNE, Room

ROPERTY.

A HARVEY—

per acre.

$600 and upwards per acre.
L. LORD,
149 La Salle-st., Room 38.

WORTH, CHOICE ACRE
depot. W 161, Tribune.

ACRES AT BRIDGEPORT.
oom 29.

REAL ESTATE.

L SELECTED ILLINOIS
, situated near Chicago and
supplied with running water
a railroad depot, schools,
per acre and upwards.
A. DOOLY SMITH,
Land Agent and Owner,
225 Dearborn-st., R. 401.

d farm at Rockford, Illinois;
city limits, sloping to Rock
and orchard; 11-room brick
wing toward it; owner must
sell; great bargain; would
rope; ½
88 & CO., 99 Washington-st.

ORE FARM, LE MARS,
one of the best farms for
state; 320 acres; 120 under
and pasture; running water;
eds, corn cribs, also horses,
ds; entire farm machinery, in
A 8, Tribune office.

NIA FRUIT LANDS IN ONE
valleys; good land; best of
hicago colony forming; next
Illinois. M 40 Dearborn-
pamphlets apply to
KENWOOD LAND CO.,
307 Herald Building.

ATE WANTED.

AT ONCE, A HOUSE OR
Indiana-av., Prairie-av., Cal-
between 22d and 39th-sts.;
from $5,000 to $7,000.
Own-
ess W 13, Tribune office.

BRICK HOUSE SOUTH OF
Sheffield; two 8-room flats;
hborhood, two-story brick or
out $6,000. CHARLES C.
ph-st.

EQUITIES IN IMPROVED
y cash if cheap. Room 56, 128

HASE—A FARM, FROM 70
me timber and river or lake
Tribune office.

SH CUSTOMER—2-STORY
and flandboilers. WM.
a Salle-st., Room 28.

FOR INCOME EQUITIES;
ding loan. W 110, Tribune.

ATE AUCTION.

TION—CHOICE REAL ES
rty on the northwest corner
-av., 127x406 feet, with new
,500 rooms, with every mod-
wood finish, hot water heat,
ures with electric light at-
kitchen; grounds beauti-
trees, shrubbery, and fenced
sidewalks and iron fences;
evements cost $20,000; will
sroom of the Chicago Real
ov. 28, at 11 a. m. For fur-
terms of sale inquire of
Y La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

TE EXCHANGE.

GENERAL MD'S'E; WILL
money. Box 295, Frankfort.

al-bvd., near Kedzie-av., and
St. Louis-av.; will trade for
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GRIFFIN & DWIGHT,
Washington and Halsted.

l, Ogden-av., near Polk; lot
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gain can be had if sold at
GRIFFIN & DWIGHT,
Washington and Halsted.

k and Euclid-av., south of
d business or flats to the
00.
GRIFFIN & DWIGHT,
Washington and Halsted.

O CHOICE HALF BLOCKS
an pay part cash or assume;
Chicago property. Address

IN COLORADO FARMS,
exchange for Chicago real
Tribune office.

URBAN LOTS IN ONE OF
ng loans made; most fa-
E & CO., 208 La Salle-st.

LOAN ON CENTRAL
to $60,000; brokerage
CHOLS, 146 La Salle-st.

MPROVED REAL ES-
MMIS, 97 Clark-st.

6 PER CENT; ALSO
ges for sale; liberal dis-
Dearborn-st., Room 7.

AL ESTATE
SMITH, 90 La Salle-st.

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SMITH, 90 La Salle-st.

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MAKE A QUICK LOAN
horses, or carriage
with the utmost pri-
office of
AGE LOAN CO
DE-ST.

GGLEWOOD.

IE AND MONEY—
LOAN COMPANY
Building.
Halsted-st., near Halsted
W RATES, on HOUSE
S, HORSES, WAGONS,
RECEIPTS.

FINANCIAL.

ABOUT MONEY—DO YOU NEED ANY?
We make loans of any size, large or small, on household goods, piano, horses, wagons, and ware house receipts at very low rates, for any length of time desired. Any part of the loan can be paid at any time, thus reducing the interest as fast as the loan is paid. If you need a loan please call on us.
CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
36 La Salle-st. (main floor),
First floor above the street.

ANY SUM ADVANCED
ON FURNITURE,
No removal, delay, or publicity; cheapest rates and easiest payment. See us first.
Household Loan Assn., Room 304, 85 Dearborn-st.

AT LOWEST RATES AND ON FAVORABLE terms we make loans on mortgages, warehouse receipts, notes, and on all good collaterals.
SHIELDS & BRO.,
95 Clark-st., Room 9

CHICAGO TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, 122—124 Washington st.—Loans made at market rates upon commercial paper, approved names, warehouse receipts, merchandise, secured notes, equities in real estate, and any available collateral.

COMMERCIAL PAPER BOUGHT. LOANS MADE upon second mortgages on improved real estate, and upon any other good collaterals at market rates.
W. R. THRASHER,
Rooms 62, 63, and 64, 126 Washington-st.

GENTLEMAN HAS FEW HUNDRED DOLLARS to lend on diamonds. Address Z 38, Tribune.

IF YOU NEED MONEY CALL AT HEYMAN'S Collateral Bank, 145 E. Madison, near La Salle. PRIVATE ENTRANCE. BREVOORT HOTEL. Money loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, seal garments, bicycles, and any available collaterals.

FIVE FOR SALE $65,000 OF STOCK IN A MANufacturing corporation, paying 10 per cent, to offer at a reasonable figure. Address B 79, Tribune office.

LIFE ENDOWMENT AND TONTINE POLICIES purchased at highest cash prices. Loans on same negotiated at reasonable rates. CROSBY & BARTLING, 605-606 Manhattan Building, Chicago, Ill.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS AND OTHER COLlateral. W. D. ANDERSON & CO., Room 303, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO LEASE AND WANTED TO LEASE.

TO LEASE—100-ROOM HANDSOME NEW BUILDing, choice location; corner 50 ft. frontage; terms reasonable. B. A. ULRICH & SONS, 88-90 Washington-st.

TO LEASE—WANTED—RESPONSIBLE PARTY or corporation who will contract for 150 rooms near World's Fair grounds. Address W 118, Tribune office.

TO LEASE—CORNERS—FOR 99 YEARS—35,000 feet frontage on E. Madison; 37,000 feet E. Monroe. WM. GARNETT & CO., 149 La Salle-st., R. 36.

1894 LEASE — COMPLETELY FURNISHED house, Indiana-av. and 30th-st.; 10 rooms; rent $75; three rooms now occupied bring $105 per month. Address K W 36, Tribune office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

ANY COMPETENT MAN WISHING A SALARY of $150 per month and large returns on an investment of $10,000 should investigate a business I offer on its merits. M 40 Dearborn.
119 Dearborn-st.

AN ESTABLISHED BUSINESS PAYING LARGE percentage on investment can be bought for $6,500; must be sold by Dec. 1, 1892. Address Box 187, Canton, Ill.

A DOWN-TOWN DRUG STORE FOR $6,500; stock alone will invoice this sum; sales $15,000 a year; 500 prescriptions a month. W. T. COLLINS, 167 Dearborn-st., Room 312.

A PARTY WITH $2,000 CAN PURCHASE AN INterest in a good paying business and at once take a position at $100 per month; best references given and required. Address 374, Tribune office.

BARGAIN—OFFICE BUSINESS; HALF INTEREST; paying big; $500. Address Z 13, Tribune.

EXPERIENCED OFFICE MAN, WITH $20,000 TO $40,000, can secure official position in old established, prosperous Chicago company; references exchanged. Address N 88, Tribune office.

ENGINEER WANTS CAPITAL TO FORM A stock company to manufacture Corliss engines, boilers, and heavy machinery. M 111, Tribune.

FOR SALE—TWO FINE LIVERY STABLES, well located, on South Side, doing good business; desirable in every respect; one $7,500, other $12,500, part time. Call at repository, 363 Wabash-av., in the afternoon.

FOR SALE—A WELL SELECTED GROCERY stock; invoice $3,000 and over; good stand and trade; bargain if taken in next ten days.
J. D. DIFFENBAUGH,
Monmouth, Ill.

FOR SALE—I WANT TO SELL LARGE TRACT yielding extra heavy cut of white pine and spruce. It is all within a mile of water for rafting to mill, with deep water to markets; price and terms favorable. Address P 158, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BAKery; receipts, $300 per day now; baking 30 barrels flour per day; 10 wagons; profits about $1,000 per month; have six cars patent flour on hand; price $16,000; will make easy payments. Z 20, Tribune.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLlars ($25,000) stock in an old-established investment factory; object being to enlarge the business. Call or address 1135 Otto-st., Lake View, Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE AND LEASE OF A 90-room house with 30 rooms cash trade for small country hotel; this is a bargain. Address W 174, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—LADIES' TAILORING BUSINESS; long established; cleared over $6,000 last season; owner retiring from business; investigate. Z 22, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—WHOLESALE AND retail candy factory doing good business; also an engine boiler and ice cream fixtures. Call or address I. J. M., 133 30th-st.

FOR SALE—FULLY EQUIPPED REAL-ESTATE office and well established business. Address W 162, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CIGAR STORE DOWN-TOWN; 995 lease; cheap rent; making money. Address W 166, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CASH GROCERY AND MEAT MARket; good trade; new stock; A1 fixtures. 659 Sedgwick-st.

FOR SALE—GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS store; North Side; at once; '94 lease; $1,200 cash. R., 387 N. State. Flat 5.

FOR SALE—MILK BUSINESS, 45 CANS DAILY or trade for real estate. 134 Fowler-st.

FOR SALE—CORNER SALOON—LONG LEASE cheap rent; good business. 445 State-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—A CANDY SHOP AND confectionery business. 1406 W. Madison-st.

FOR SALE—HARVEY ROUTE, CHEAP; HORSE and wagon or separate. Address W 100, Tribune.

HOTEL OR FLATS—GENTLEMAN AND WIFE will furnish completely and rent same, give owner half gross receipts. Address Z 5, Tribune.

MILLINERY BUSINESS FOR SALE; CENTRAL Manufacturing district; owner to leave city. Address V 105, Tribune office.

O'DONNELL AND DUER BAVARIAN BREWING Co. One of the largest breweries in the United States; belongs to no syndicate of any kind; parties desiring to go into the business of brewing will do well to call on them. Cor. 40th and Wallace-sts.

PROFIT FROM $2 TO $3 EACH; NEW PATENT kitchen utensil; for sale or exchange; investigate. Address W, 158 Tribune office.

WANTED—A man of good executive ability to invest about $5,000 in an incorporated manufacturing business in the down-town district; product sold to wholesale and retail grocery trade both city and country. Increase of business requires the assistance of a man capable of taking charge of the office, and may hold the position of treasurer of the company. Ability is more preferable than the capital; unexceptionable reference exacted and given. State age and business experience. Address C A 60, Tribune office.

WANTED—ADVERTISING MATTER TO DISTribute in every town of importance throughout Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, and Wisconsin. Address Box 124, Toledo, Ohio.

WANTED—A PHYSICIAN, EITHER BOHEMIAN or Polish (also speaking German) to locate; the proper party can secure a well-paying practice. Address W 10, Tribune office.

WANT GOOD BUSINESS MAN WITH $2,000 TO join me in the purchase of a manufacturing business; investment safe and profits exceptionally large. Address Z 6, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO BUY, A GENTS' FURNISHING goods stock and fixtures; also rent store suitable; must be centrally located and a good value. Address B. H., 128 Clark-st., Room 5.

WANTED—GOOD BUSINESS MAN WITH NOT less than $5,000 to extend already established paying business. Address W 28, Tribune office.

WANTED—PARTY WITH $5,000 TO MANUfacture a valuable article to be used in all railroad and other accounting offices. W 165, Tribune.

WANTED—TO INVEST A FEW HUNDRED DOLlars and services in some good business; no take. Address Z 28, Tribune office.

$1,500 WILL BUY AN INTEREST IN A MANUfacturing business that ought soon to pay $2,500 per year at the very least; but the party buying must have good character and best references; no drinking man need apply. A thorough investigation will be granted an acceptable party and all the references he wants will be furnished as to character, integrity, and commercial standing of the company. Address Z 29, Tribune office.

INSTRUCTION.

AS PRIVATE TUTOR—YOUNG ENGLISHMAN of good family (public school education) wants position as resident or daily tutor to one or more boys in a Chicago family; first-class references; can call for interview. Apply J. S. C. B., 492 Dearborn-st.

AT THE MUNSON SHORTHAND SCHOOL IS A class formed for placing pupils in positions from this or any other school.
Advanced dictation class, all systems, $2 a week.
A. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

BEGIN WITH NEW TERM NEXT WEEK—INDIvidual instruction in any desired subject day or night; also by mail; specialties: Architecture, engineering, electricity, drafting, English, telegraphy, mathematics, bookkeeping, shorthand, art, music, elocution, medicine, plumbing. INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, 151 Throop-st., Leading Chicago School.

"BEN PITMAN" SHORTHAND AND TYPEwriting school; day and evening; private lessons; dictation classes for all systems; positions furnished. 809 Ashland Block.

FREE—MONTH OF DECEMBER—IN ORDER TO establish class of piano pupils (being strangers in city) I make this special inducement to children and all beginners. MISS OSTBANDER, 142 Warren-av.

FRENCH, GERMAN, PORTUGUESE LESSONS, 25 cents an hour, by young gentleman from abroad. Address Z 45, Tribune office.

SCRIPT SHORTHAND, THE PREMIER SYSTEM—Our pupils take positions after six and eight weeks. Completely unrivaled. Day and evening. 269 Dearborn-st.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES,
Auditorium, Chicago.
Branches in the principal American and European cities. Send for circulars.
French, German, Spanish, Italian, Latin, Greek. Comedies and lectures in French and German every Saturday. Free to pupils.

COWS, BIRDS, DOGS, ETC.

FOR SALE — YORKSHIRE TERRIERS, Scotch terriers, black and tans, fox terriers, setters, pugs, and rat dogs. 2531 Calumet-av.

FOR SALE—JAPANESE PUG FOR $75; A beauty very rare. Address V 159, Tribune.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

FOR RENT—
Michigan and Prairie-avs., four fine residences, furnished.
To private families only, and best of references. They can be had at once and during the Columbian Exposition.
All have good barns.
Phone 3833. J. GRAFTON PARKER & CO., Rubber Tire, 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—BY J. GRAFTON PARKER & CO., 100 Washington-st.; Room, 701. Phone, 3833.
4403 Lake-av., 10-room modern detached brick, 30 feet wide.....$75.00
4339 Oakenwald-av., 11 rooms, new brick.....80.00
3830 Indiana-av., 9 rooms, new stone.....65.00
4552 Ellis-av., 11-room stone residence.....100.00
267 to 277 46th-st., by Ellis-av., 9 rooms, new brick houses, hardwood finish.....75.00

3129 Mich.-av., 13 rooms, brown stone; large barn; one of the best residences in the neighborhood.....250.00
2958 Prairie-av., 10-room modern brick.....110.00
Large list of furnished and unfurnished houses in all parts of the city.

FOR RENT—4535 GREENWOOD-AV.—3-STORY stone front house, 12 rooms, new, with all modern improvements; elegantly decorated throughout; can make term lease. Agent on premises.
GEO. G. NEWBURY & CO.,
Branch office, 4746 State-st. 164 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—10 BRYANT-AV., MODERN HOUSE, two blocks from Cottage Grove-av. and two blocks from 39th-st. car line; 9 rooms, nearly new; long lease to good tenant; $25 per month.
REA & CO., Exclusive Agents,
42 Rookery.

TO RENT—566 AND 568 45TH-ST., BETWEEN Grand-blvd. and Vincennes-av., new modern residences; buff Bedford stone fronts, hardwood finish; 9 rooms; rental $65 per month; key in 568.
REA & CO., 42 Rookery.

FOR RENT—MODERN STONE-FRONT 9 ROOM house; combination fixtures screens, etc.; new carpets and shades for sale. Inquire today at house, 7412 Harvard-st., Eggleston.

FOR RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 10-room house; choice location on Prairie-av., south of 26th-st.; to small private family; to Nov. 1, 1893.
Apply at Room 97, 187 Dearborn-st.

FOR RENT—3200 CALUMET-AV., VERY DEsirable 10-room house at a reasonable rent; possession given at once.
FRANK WELLS, 189 La Salle-st., R. 47.

TO RENT—INDIANA-AV., NORTH OF 28TH-st., 10-room house; all modern; nicely furnished; $100 a month. DOTY BROS. & GORDON, 100 Washington-st.

FOR RENT—4353 OAKENWALD-AV.; NICE new brown stone front house, 10 rooms; possession given at once.
189 La Salle-st., R. 47. FRANK WELLS.

TO RENT—MODERN STONE FRONT NINEroom house, furnished, near 43d-st. and I. C.; rent $50 unfurnished.
CHARLES L. PAGE, 119 Dearborn.

TO RENT—FURNISHED—3 MODERN HOUSES Hilton Michigan-blvd., Indiana-av., Calumet-av.; $2,400, $1,800, $2,500.
M. JASON HILL,
607 Home Ins. Bldg.

FOR RENT—20 KENWOOD HOMES, FURNISHed elegantly; W. F. leases. B. A. ULRICH & SONS, 90 Washington-st.

TO RENT—CALL, SEND, WRITE, OR TELEphone for printed list. WM. A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st., Former Offices of Turner & Bond.

TO RENT—PRIVATE RESIDENCE—CHOICEST location: Prairie-av., south of 26th-st.; sell furniture or rent furnished. Address Z 153, Tribune.

TO RENT—3421 FOREST-AV.; 8-ROOM HOUSE in good order; immediate possession; rent $50. Apply to J. W. HOWELL, 85 Dearborn-st., Room 610.

TO RENT—MODERN HOUSE; NEARLY NEW. 2212 Prairie-av.; inquire of owner, 2200 Prairie-av., or tel. South 286.

FOR RENT—50TH AND WASHINGTON-AV., 10 rooms, new, $100, furnished. B. A. ULRICH & SONS, 90 Washington-st.

TO RENT—2-STORY 9-ROOM BRICK HOUSE, modern, with or without furniture. 102 29th-st.

TO RENT — SO. SIDE—12-R. FURNISHED house. Owner, R. 5, 80 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—42 PECK-COURT, BRICK HOUSE, F. C. VIERLING, 110 Dearborn-st., Room 26.

West Side.

TO RENT—7-ROOM HOUSE AT LAWNDALE; modern improvements; good location; $25.
J. T. DALE, 1202, 100 Washington-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—BELDEN-AV., NEAR THE SEMInary, a modern house of 10 rooms, handsomely furnished, until May 1, '93; $85 per month.
T. G. DICKINSON & CO.,
Cor. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

TO RENT—COMFORTABLY FURNISHED modern house to May 1, 1893; $100 a month; best locality North Side; walking distance; winter coal. Address W 119, Tribune office.

FOR RENT—
54 ST. CLAIR-ST.
Modern, 11-room, east front residence; key at 380 Ontario-st.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

TO RENT—380 ORCHARD-ST., NEAR LINCOLN park, 9-room brick house; all conveniences; low rent. McCONNELL BROS., R. 19, 143 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—382 E. CHICAGO-AV., 12-ROOM modern house; carpets for sale; low rent; 2 year lease. A. W. DRAPER, 170 Dearborn-st., R. 50.

TO RENT—HOUSE AND 71 PINE-ST., CONtaining 60 good light rooms. Apply to
J. V. CLARKE, Hibernian Bank.

Suburban.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED HOUSE of 14 rooms in Evanston; all possible conveniences; $150 per month.
T. G. DICKINSON & CO.,
Cor. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—BY J. GRAFTON PARKER & CO., Phone 3,833. 100 Washington-st., Room 701.
FLATS.
4318 and 4320 St. Lawrence-av., 8 rooms, every modern convenience.
272-2732 South Park-av., elegant new bldg., 6 and 7 rooms, steam heat, hot water, janitor service, gas ranges, logs, etc.; $42.50-$47.50.
4335 and 4557 Oakenwald-av., 6 and 7 rooms, new stone bldg., includes heat, janitor service, etc., $30.
43 4 Berkeley-av., 2d flat, 8 rooms, steam heat, hot water; $50.
Full list of flats and houses in all parts of city.

TO RENT—STEAM HEATED FLATS, 4 TO 8 rooms, new, good location, at 835 to 865 44th-st. between Ellis-av. and Drexel-blvd., 2nd flat, 6 rooms, private entrance, furnace..... $42
550 45th-st., new 7-room flat, furnace..... 30
4351 St. Lawrence, 2d flat, 6 rooms..... 28
383 43d-st., 1st flat, 2d floor, 6 rooms..... 25
43 8 Evans-av. 2d flat, 5 rooms..... 25
Office open evenings.
J. S. SHEARER & CO.,
282 43d-st., 2d door west of Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—
Nos. 2722 to 2732 South Park-av., elegant new apartments of seven and eight rooms; steam heat, electric light; all modern improvements; first-class apartments; ready by Nov. 1, 1892.
M. PETRIE.
163 Washington-st.

TO RENT—IN THE ANDERSON,
4239 and 4241 St. Lawrence-av.
7-room apartments, new, hardwood finish, range, janitor, steam heat, 3½ blocks from Alley L station; $50 per month.
REA & CO.,
42 Rookery.

TO RENT—SOUTH SIDE FLATS.
4458 Oakenwald-av., "Shoreham," facing Lake Michigan, 1st floor, 7-room modern flat: steam heat, hot water, gas range, janitor, etc.; very fine; rent $65 a month. NORMAN T. GASSETTE & CO.,
110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—THE OZARK APARTMENT BUILDing, cor. 35th-st. and Wabash-av.; apartments of seven and five rooms; steam heat, electric light, elevator, telephone, and janitor service; furnished rooms, single or en suite; first-class cafe.

TO RENT—JUST COMPLETED, 10-ROOM FLATS; all modern conveniences; elegantly finished; nothing higher; 3 blocks from L; second story, $30; fourth $60; open Sundays and evenings. 3519 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—8 5 AND 6 ROOM FLATS; STEAM heat, hot and cold water, janitor services, and all modern improvements; new; owner in building; will show at any time. 4714 and 4716 Evans-av., or
JOHN GUNZENHAUSER, 38 Clark-st.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 6-ROOM FLATS, 74 AND 76 26th-st. (between Indiana and Prairie-avs.); the sun shines in every room; steam heat and every modern convenience.
WALTER H. WILSON, 36 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS—LARGE, 11 room flat, finished in oak; $60. Apply after two o'clock at 4529 Oakenwald-av, or to
WM. L. JOHNSON,
215 Chamber of Commerce.

TO RENT—KENWOOD—THE "STRATHMORE," an elegant 8-room apartment, new; No. 173 51st-st. boulevard; steam heat, janitor service. GEO. M. HORD, 80 Dearborn-st., Room 4.

TO RENT—3D FLAT, 4504 CHAMPLAIN-AV.; steam heat, gas range, gas log, sideboard, etc.; janitor; $40 per month.
F. D. PATTERSON & SON, 80 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—3743-3745 VERNON-AV., 8 ROOMS hardwood finish, furnace, all conveniences; rent only $35. CHAS. S. READ & CO., 3903 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—2520 CALUMET-AV., 8-ROOM FLAT; east and south exposure; modern conveniences; janitor service; rental only $40. Apply to janitor.

TO RENT—8-ROOM FLAT—3133 WABASH, STEAM heat and latest improvements; half-minute walk from elevated station. WM. DEE, 116 Quincy-st.

TO RENT—CALL, SEND, WRITE, OR TELEphone for printed list. WM. A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st., Former Offices of Turner & Bond.

TO RENT—4002 MICHIGAN-AV.—CORNER FLAT of 6 rooms and bath; also block 2 story slated station. CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT, MICHIGAN-AV., near 14th. CHARLES L. PAGE, 119 Dearborn.

TO RENT—FLAT—4328 EVANS-AV.; 5-ROOMS and bath. Key, 382 43d-st.

TO RENT — FLAT, 3518½ VINCENNES-AV., 8 rooms; $30; cheap; janitor; flat 2.

West Side.

TO RENT—216 S. CALIFORNIA-AV., ELEGANT new flats, stone front, 5 rooms, bath; furnace, gas, electric bells, and all modern improvements; $28.50 to $32.50.
Room 59, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ELEGANT FLAT, 1613 FULTON-ST.; 5 large well lighted rooms, furnace heat, fuel and lighting gas; will be finished Dec. 5; $27 50 per mo.
T. F. ROBINSON, 99 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—1311 MILWAUKEE-AV., NEW FLATS, 5 rooms and bath, janitor service; all conveniences. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—ASHLAND-BLVD.—NEW, HANDSOME stone front building, all modern appointments; one choice flat, seven rooms and bath. Address V 139, Tribune office.

TO RENT—1048 MONROE-ST., NEAR CAMPBELL-av., first flat, 6 rooms, $16.
F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—272 ALBANY-AV., NEAR VAN BUREN-st., new brick flat, 7 rooms and bath, $16.
F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—CHOICE 6-ROOM BRICK FLAT, 13 Lincoln-st., near Park-av.; $27.50. E. L. STEWART & CO., 1010 Ashland Block.

TO RENT—322 VAN BUREN-ST., NEAR LAFLIN, flat, 7 rooms and bath, rear, $25.
F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.

West Side.

TO RENT—607 W. MONROE-ST., 6-ROOM FLAT, $15.
35 Ogden-pl., modern 4-room brick flat, $18.
135 W. Monroe-st., 13-room house, $50.
102 N. Francisco-av., 4-room flat, newly painted, $11.
S. A. HARRIS, 189 La Salle-st., Room 40.

TO RENT—COR. LAKE-ST. AND KEDZIE-AV., 6 rooms and bath; janitor, gas ranges, refrigerators, hardwood and cabinet finish, tiled bath-rooms, open plumbing, porcelain bath tubs; sunshine in every room; $30 per month. Apply on premises.

TO RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, $22.50; JANITOR service. Inquire 170 Laflin-st., 3d flat.

North Side.

TO RENT—ELEGANT NEW MODERN FLATS, AT 1 226 Belden-av.; 7 rooms and bath; excellent light, with every possible convenience; $30 and $35 per month; possession at once.

8, E. COR. LINCOLN-AV. and LILL-AV., new modern flats of 6 rooms and bath, janitor service, etc., $15 and $22.50 per month.
T. G. DICKINSON & CO.,
Cor. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

TO RENT—THE MONTAGUE, A NEW DOUBLE stone front apartment building, 491 Dearborn-av., 8, 9, and 10-room flats with steam heat, hot water; everything modern and first-class; building ready Dec. 1; will rent entire or separate.
I. B. MANTONYA,
214 Madison-st.

TO RENT—7-ROOM MODERN FLAT, SECOND floor, 674 N. Wells, within a block of Lincoln Park; rent $40; sun all day; also a five-room flat, on third floor; rent $30. Owner, Room 30, 88 La Salle-st. Flat open all day.

TO RENT—NORTH STATE-ST., FLAT OF SIX rooms; steam heated; all outside rooms; $47 per month
T. G. DICKINSON & CO.,
Cor. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

TO RENT—FURNISHED "A"—AN 8-ROOM FLAT facing Lincoln Park; all modern improvements; in good condition. Apply on the premises, 891 N. Clark-st.

TO RENT—CHOICE FIRST FLAT, BRICK, 64 Wendell-st., near Wells; $22. E. L. STEWART & CO., 1010 Ashland Block.

TO RENT—6-ROOM FLAT, 397 WEBSTER-AV.; key at 389. GODFREY SCHMIDT, Room 613, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—476 WELLS-ST.; 6-ROOM FLAT, $20.

TO RENT—FIRST FLAT, 89 DELAWARE-PL.; $35.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED STEAMheated 7-room flat. Inquire janitor 213 Schiller.

TO RENT—CHOICE NEW 4 AND 6 ROOM FLATS with bath, cor. Clark and Belmont-av. $15 to $20.

TO RENT—6-ROOM FLATS; HEAT, ELEVATOR janitor service. Inquire 18 Bellevue-pl.

TO RENT—CHOICE 7-ROOM CORNER FLAT, newly papered. 150 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—IN THE HARVARD, 5714 AND 5716 Washington-av., two blocks from South Park Station of Illinois Central railroad; entrance to two of the rooms; handsomely furnished rooms, steam heat, gas, and electric light, filtered water; new building and new furniture; inspection invited. A. V. LEE, Proprietor.

TO RENT—WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, TWO adjoining rooms in private family on avenue near Oakland station and cable. Address Z 15, Tribune office.

TO RENT—GENTLEMEN WILL FIND AT 6 E. Washington-st. pleasant rooms, nicely furnished, steam heated, and strictly respectable; two blocks from Palmer House; elevator runs until 12.

TO RENT—IN ENGLEWOOD—FRONT PARLOR and bed room, unfurnished. CHAPMAN, 4298 71st-st.

TO RENT—2439 PRAIRIE-AV.—WARM, COMfortably furnished rooms, parlor with furnace and grate heat; very cheap.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED 5 ROOMS, large parlors, en suite or separate; bath and heat; reasonable rent. 5824 Wentworth-av.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED ROOM. 122 21ST-ST., near Michigan-av.; private family; gentleman.

TO RENT—227 MICHIGAN-AV., STEAM HEATED room, electric lights; lovely winter quarters.

TO RENT—43 HEATED ROOMS IN NEW HOTEL, Le Mars, cor. 57th-st. and Wabash-av.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED ALCOVE ROOM. 4024 Drexel-blvd.

TO RENT—3925 VINCENNES-AV.—FURNISHED room.

TO RENT—2127 WABASH-AV.—NEWLY FURnished rooms for gentlemen; $1 50 week; gas; bath; heat.

TO RENT—VERY NICE FRONT SUITE ROOMS; steam heat. 2606 Indiana-av., first flat.

TO RENT—5471 MONROE-AV., 2 LARGE FRONT rooms, furnished and heated.

TO RENT—SOUTH FRONT FURNISHED ROOMS. 75 Bowen-av., between Ellis and Lake.

TO RENT — 2004 WABASH-AV. — FURNISHED rooms, first and second floors; furnace heat.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HEATED ROOM, 2D floor; $12 monthly; gentleman. 52 24th-st.

TO RENT—590 ORCHARD-ST., NEAR LINCOLN park, 9-room brick house; all conveniences; low rent. McCONNELL BROS., R. 19, 143 La Salle-st.

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110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—THE OZARK APARTMENT BUILDing, cor. 35th-st. and Wabash-av.; apartments of seven and five rooms; steam heat

TOWN BONDS
OF
DYERSVILLE, IOWA.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Mayor of the Town of Dyersville, Iowa, for the sale of eighteen (18) bonds of Five Hundred Dollars ($500.00) each—total issue Nine Thousand Dollars ($9,000.00)—bearing six (6) per cent interest, payable annually from November 1st, 1892. Bonds running ten years, but payable at the option of said Town after three years.

Bonds are issued by a unanimous vote of the Town Council of Dyersville, pursuant to an ordinance passed October 3d, 1892, for the purpose of raising the money to build an Engine-House, and are in all respects legally issued.

Bids will be received up to four o'clock Saturday, December 10th, 1892. Bonds and interest payable at the office of the Treasurer at Dyersville. The Town reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Address D. A. GEHRIG, Mayor.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON CHICAGO MORTGAGES.
LIBERAL TERMS
TO BORROWERS OF GOOD CREDIT.
PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN
TO ALL APPLICATIONS.

T. G. DICKINSON & CO.,
DEARBORN AND WASHINGTON.

MONEY LOANED
ON
BUILDING LOANS.
PRIVILEGE OF PREPAYMENT.

KNOTT, TUTTLE & LEWIS
92 WASHINGTON ST.

La Grange Land Association,
CAPITAL $2,000,000.
20,000 Shares.....$100 Each
Chicago Title and Trust Co., Trustee.

The trustee signs and issues the certificates of shares and receives and pays out all money.

Shares can be had of any investment for large or small amounts.

Controls 80,000 front feet choice residence land contiguous to this $10 property, which can be retailed at $30 per foot and upward.

Buildings to be erected for income will yield a regular income on entire investment.

Shares could well be sold by holders for less than $300 at the end of two years.

Any one who will investigate the property and the details will become certain of a result.

For full particulars apply to the agents,

PRATT & ELY, 132 La Salle-st.
H. N. COOPER & CO., 100 Washington-st.

EDWARD L. BREWSTER & CO.,
Cor. Dearborn and Monroe-sts.,
STOCK BROKERS
And Dealers in
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Members Chicago Stock Exchange.
Private wires to New York and Boston.
We carry securities on margins and
Loan money on approved collaterals.

FOR SALE.
AT A SPECIAL BARGAIN.
About 60 Acres at Western Springs,
ON C., B. & Q. R. R.
Will Make a Choice Subdivision.
BOGUE & CO., 59 Dearborn-st.

BREESE & CUMMINGS
Bankers AND Brokers,
111 and 113 Monroe-st.
Members of New York and Chicago Stock Exchanges.

Stocks and Bonds listed in New York, Chicago, Boston, or Philadelphia; bought, sold, or carried on margin.

Commission Orders in Grain and Provisions.

LOANS
On Improved Chicago City Real Estate, in large and small amounts promptly made at 5, 5½, AND 6 PER CENT.
BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY.
No delay—Funds on hand.

LOEB & GATZERT
125 LA SALLE-ST.

LOANS
ON REAL ESTATE, INCLUDING
BUILDING LOANS,
Made Promptly at Current Rates.
BAIRD & BRADLEY, 90 La Salle st.

MONEY TO LOAN
At Current Rates
On Chicago Real Estate.
MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st., Suite 801.

VALUABLE GAS PROPERTY FOR SALE.
The owner will sell 945 shares of the capital stock of a valuable gas company, the capital stock of which is $100,000, being 1,000 shares (par $100), in a beautiful, healthy, prosperous and growing city and earning handsomely. The property is in first-class condition, business healthily increasing, and could not be replaced for much more than it is offered at. Principal only will be entertained. No agents wanted. For full particulars and information call on or address "GAS WORKS," in the Rotunda of The Rookery Building, on La Salle-st., ground floor. Sign in the office window, "GAS WORKS."

Stockholders' Meeting.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the CHICAGO CITY RAILWAY COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, No. 2020 State-st., on Monday, the sixteenth day of January, 1893, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the election of directors for the ensuing year, for increasing the capital stock of said company in the sum of $2,000,000, and for the transaction of any other business as may come before said meeting. Stock transfer books will be closed from January 6th to January 16th, 1893, inclusive.
By order of LORENZO GREENE, Secretary.
Dated Chicago, November 15, 1892.

MANUFACTURING PROPERTY
With Railroad and Water Facilities,
FOR SALE OR LEASE.
WALKER, LARNED & MOSS,
201 Tacoma Building.

INVESTORS { 8% INVESTMENTS that we can absolutely recommend. Dividends quarterly.
HENRY C. HACKNEY,
115 Dearborn-st., R. 105. Tel., Main, 1584.

PROBABLE GOLD LOSS.
PRACTICAL CERTAINTY THAT GOLD EXPORTS WILL SOON BE MADE.

Local Stocks Were Higher—Liquidation the Order of the Day on the Board of Trade—Prices of About Everything on the List Lower—Wheat Hampered by Many Influential Traders—Partridge a Buyer at the Decline—South Water Street Prices—News from Other Cities.

The practical certainty of gold exports was the point about which nearly all the interest centered in financial affairs yesterday. The sterling exchange market continued firm and near the close of the day there was a withdrawal of $600,000 in gold from the New York Subtreasury by the Fourth National Bank. No statement was made as to the purpose for which this gold was intended, but it was generally understood to foreshadow a gold shipment. The rate here for demand banker's bills was 487½, but there were quotations telegraphed from New York of 487¾. It is possible to ship gold with the exchange rate at that figure, if there is anything like the same special demand which dominated the situation last spring and summer. At that time shipments were made with the exchange rate as low as 487. It now seems probable that some gold will go out by Saturday's steamers. So far as our exports are concerned there is nothing upon which to base expectations of a fall in rates. An unfavorable feature is the advance in cotton, which has not only stopped exports, but has led to the selling of futures in our markets by the foreigners. The thing that may possibly turn the course of the sterling market and stop the shipments of gold is the buying of securities for foreign account. The foreigners have ceased selling altogether, and there has been some buying. Quotations for sterling yesterday were as follows:

	Sixties.	*Demand.*
Posted	486	488½
Actual	485¾	487½
Documentary	484¼@484¾	486¼@486¾

The fear of possible gold shipments was reflected in the New York stock markets, but there was no indication that traders in the local market took the matter into consideration at all and there is perhaps little reason for them to. Prices at the Chicago Exchange were firmer throughout nearly the whole list and the trading was much more widely distributed than it has been before for some days. Probably the most interesting feature of the day's transactions may be found in Street's Stable Car stock. The tactics which the bears have used a number of times were repeated. There was free selling of seller 60 stock. Altogether about 1,000 shares were sold in this way. Durham was the seller, and it was generally supposed that he represented Counselman & Day. The crowd has supposed heretofore when such sales were made that the stock was sold more for the purpose of depressing the market and bringing out long stock than for the ostensible purpose of making short sales. A fact that led to that belief is that usually such sales appeared to be made at a lower price than the stock might have been readily marketed. There was the same feature to yesterday's trading. The stock was forced on the market with an apparent desire to make low quotations, and the moment it was sold quotations strengthened. The indications are that there is a sharp fight on between two pools. The dull pool undoubtedly embraces some of the chief insiders in the stock, and they are buying with confidence that inspires a full in some of their followers. There are others, however, that take an extremely bearish view of the situation, and both sides are inclined to press the fight to an expensive finish for the loser.

West Chicago Street railway stock showed considerable strength. The feature of the market for some days has been the absence of stock. Practically nothing has been pressing for sale, and as soon as a few orders came into the market prices were easily advanced. Yesterday the stock sold up to 207¾, which was the closing quotation and the highest for the day. As yet the advance has in it no aid from the public, and probably the transactions amount to little more than trading between brokers. But the market seems bound to shows a much better front than it has for some time. North Chicago Street railway stock was also comparatively active and showed some slight strength, but did not make any advance corresponding to that on West Side stock. There continued to be a few scattering sales of City Railway stock. They are probably mostly made to holders who wish to get their holdings into some multiple of 7 so they may avail themselves of the coming rights to subscribe to the new issue of stock. A report has been given currency to the effect that the City Railway company is to devote a portion of this new stock issue to the acquirement of what is known as the West and South Towns Street railway, a projected line to Lawndale, but the company has as yet not denying emphatically any such intention, and they declare most positively that they will devote no part of this new stock issued to that purpose.

Transactions in Gas Light and Coke bonds footed up to $65,000, but their trading was not of the importance which this total indicates. Forty-five thousand of the bonds were bought buyer 30, and the buyer sold regular bonds against his purchase, so that the transactions merely amounted to the turning over of bonds from regular to buyer 30. Consumers' Gas bonds sold at 89. Trading in other bonds was dull.

There were scattering transactions in many of the miscellaneous list. Packing Corporation was heavy, selling at 51¾. There was considerable trading in Diamond Match, but without special change in quotation. A sale of Schoenhofen Brewing stock was made at 48¾, which marks a particularly sharp advance from recent quotations. The report of earnings upon which the recently declared dividend was based is said to be extremely satisfactory, and it is that which gives the stock strength. This stock was offered not long ago as low as 43, so that yesterday's sale was marks an advance of 6 points. There were a few sales of Milwaukee and Chicago Brewing stocks at unchanged quotations. Canal and Dock continue heavy. It sold at 67 yesterday.

There were numerous transactions in Lake Street Elevated stock at prices ranging from 22¼ to 22¾. There is no doubt but negotiations are again well in hand for the transfer of this property. The chief difficulty seems to be a lack of bonds on the part of the purchasers when it comes to the actual completion of the deal. In spite of various rumors to the effect that the transfer has really been made and the property passed into new hands there is the best of authority for saying that no such transaction has been made, much as all the parties seem to desire that it should be.

The list of sales yesterday was as follows:

SALES FIRST CALL—10:30 A. M.

10 First Na' Bk	335	50 W C S RR Co act.	206
40 Chi P & F Co	51¾	50 do	206
150 D M Co, ill	143¾	5 St's W C L	30¼
120 do	144	150 N C R R Co act.	258
17 do	143¾	100 M & C B Co act.	34½
50 W C S RR Co act.	205¾	15 Chi C Ry Co	444

BONDS.

$1,000 Consumers' Gas 5s	89

SALES BETWEEN CALLS.

5 Chi C Ry Co	444	50 W C L	30
100 M & C Br Co act.	34	600 do s 60	29
50 M&CBCo pfd act.	43¾	50 do b 30	29¾
50 do	43¾	200 do	29¾
10 First Nat Bk	330	100 do act	29¾
150 W C S RR Co act.	208¾	50 do s 60	29¾
50 do	209	50 do s 60	29¾
50 do act	208¾	50 N C S RR Co act.	258
10 do	208¾	50 do act	258¾
50 St's W C L	30¾	50 do act	258¾
110 do	30¾	13 C & L & P Co	103
1 do	31	50 P Sch'nh'n B'Co	48¾
300 do s 60	29		

BONDS.

$20,000 Chi Gas L't & Coke Co 5s b 30	91¾

SALES SECOND CALL—2 P. M.

S C A L & W Co	103	50 C B & M C act	39¼
50 S W C L act	29¾	50 Chi P & F Co, act	51¾
50 N C R R Co act	258½	50 N C B R C act	258¾
100000 C G L & C C 5s B 30	91¼	50 do act	258¾
10000 B 30 do	91¾	50 W C S RR Co act	208¾
25000 B 30 do	91¾	50 do act	208¾
50 Am S B Co act	81¾	50 do act	208¾
50 G & C & D act	67¾	50 do act	207

BONDS.

$1000 W C S R R Debt 6s	100¾

SALES AFTER CALLS.

200 N C S R R Co	258¼	50 W C S R R C act	207¼
100 do act	258¾	50 do	207
S A & B Co	81¾	10 do	207¼
100 S W C L	29¾	50 do act	207¾
50 do act	29½	50 G & C C & D	67
50 do act	29¾	100 Lake St. E. R. R.	23¾
50 do act	29¾	20 do	23¾
50 W C S R R C act	208¾	10 do	23½
50 do act	207¼	52 do	23¼
100 do act	207		

BONDS.

$1000 W C S R R 1 M 5s	101¾
$2000 C & S S R T Co 5s	91¾

The report that the Edison General Electric company is behind the projected Chicago and St. Louis Air Line Electric railroad has for a foundation the fact that negotiations are on for the furnishing of equipment by the electric company for which it is to get pay in bonds. Representatives of the railway said yesterday that no conclusion had been reached in the negotiations yet. The road is making progress, its officers say, in securing right of way, and they speak with the utmost confidence of their successful completion of their enterprise. The right of way for some thirty or forty miles has been secured and more right of way is being rapidly added to that.

The demand for money at the banks is not particularly active, but in spite of that there is no disposition to shade the 6 per cent rate, and there is in fact a good deal of money being loaned at 7 per cent. Commercial paper is moving freely and all of it is going at 6 per cent or better.

Clearings at the principal cities of the United States yesterday and a week ago were:

	Nov. 23.	*Nov. 16.*
New York	$112,813,747	$141,785,914
Boston	19,209,974	19,297,594
Chicago	16,452,818	18,540,273
Philadelphia	15,210,973	13,072,779
St. Louis	4,303,403	4,462,137
Baltimore	2,766,124	2,881,563
New Orleans	2,247,747	2,617,405

New York exchange was quoted as follows yesterday: Chicago, 60c premium; Boston, 10c discount to par; St. Louis, 50c premium.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—[Special.]—In the curious daily alternation of hopefulness and despondency which has governed the stock market for a fortnight past today was to be counted on as a "bear day." The organized clique of operators for lower prices began work early and they were not hindered by London buying. There was some support to prices at the start, but when it became known that sterling exchange had moved up another peg, bringing dates within half a cent of last summer's gold export level, the resistance of local operators to the decline grow much more timid. The character of the stock market was, nevertheless, far from one-sided. There were few rallies in prices, but it required an unusual amount of professional hammering to keep them moving down. The scarcity of stop orders captured on the decline was quite as marked as it has been at any time since the bear movement began. There was nothing extensive, even in the amount of trading. Long stock prompted many bullish room traders to let their stock go, but even this factor amounted to little more than a reaction from yesterday's advances. More than one-half of the day's total business was confined to industrial shares. Sugar certificates broke a point before noon. "Rubber" crumbled at once on the offering of a few hundred shares on the market, and even National Cordage sold off two points, the bear incursion upon this speciality showing considerable daring in view of the short interest. The aggregate sales of 831,000 shares all through the afternoon trading was tame and irresolute. The close was entirely devoid of interest, and prices at the last were hardly changed from their level of two hours before. Money on call easy, ranging from 3¼ to 4½; last loan 4, and closed offered at 4. Prime mercantile paper, 5@6. Sterling exchange is strong, with active business in bankers' bills at 485½@486 for sixty days and 487¾@488 for demand. The total sales of stocks today were 266,000 shares, including: Atchison, 10,200; Burlington & Quincy, 5,800; Chicago Gas, 11,700; distillers' Co., 54,000; Erie, 19,190; National Lead, 5,300; New York, Northern Pacific, 11,500; Reading, 28,000; St. Paul, 9,200; sugar, 39,000; Rock Island, 7,000; Western Union, 5,000. New York Central sold at 102¾. The transactions footed up $1,156,000. The Reading issues were quiet and ½ to ¾ per cent lower. Government bonds dull. State bonds steady.

SALES AND QUOTATIONS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Description.	*Sales.*	*High.*	*Low.*	*Closing—N'v.23*	*N'v.22*
Atchison	10,240	37¾	36¾	36¾	37¼
Am. Cot. Oil	1,010	44¾	43¾	43¾	44¾
Am. Sugar	40,960	111¾	109¾	110¾	110¾
Do pfd	310	103¾	103	103	103
Atch. T. & S. F.	2,780	24¼	23¾	24	
Balt. & Ohio	1,950	96¾	96	96	96½
C., B. & Q	3,770	101¾	100¾	100¾	101¾
C. & N. W	1,300	116	115¾	116	116
C., M. & St. P	9,301	80¾	79¾	79¾	80
C., R. I. & P	7,310	82	81¾	81¾	81¾
C., S. S. P., M. & O	600	49¾	49	49	49¾
Canada So	200	57	57	57	57
Ches. & Ohio	505	23¾	23¾	23¾	23
Colo. Coal	2,310	42¾	40¾	42	42
C., C. C. & St. L	1,570	62¾	60¾	61¾	62
Cent. R. R. of N. J	1,320	128	127	127¾	
C. & E. Ill	100	110¾	110¾	110¾	
Do pfd	1,500	102	100¾	101	100¾
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	1,680	124¾	124¾	124¼	124
Chicago Gas	11,700	97¾	96¾	96¾	97¾
Col. Fuel, new	100	105	105	105	
D., L. & W	1,100	152	151¾	152	152
Den. & Rio G	300	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Do pfd	700	58¾	58	58¾	58¾
Dist. & C. F. Co	53,692	68¾	67¾	67¾	68¾
E. & T. H	100	41¾	41¾	41¾	
Gen. Elec	720	112¾	111¾	112¾	112¾
G. B. W. & St. P	1,402	15¾	14¾	14¾	
Hocking Valley	200	27¾	27¾	27¾	28
Ill. Central	100	104¾	104¾	104¾	
Lake Shore	1,850	131¾	131	131	132
Louis. & Nash	2,810	70¾	70¾	70¾	71¾
L. E. & W	400	77	75	76	76
L., N. A. & C	300	25¾	25	25¾	26
Laclede Gas pfd	400	73¾	73¾	73¾	73
Mo. Pacific	2,500	89¾	88¾	89	88¾
Mich. Cent	100	107¾	107¾	107¾	
M., K. & T	600	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
Do pfd	200	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼
Manhattan	900	131¾	131	131¾	130¾
Mob. & Ohio	900	33¾	33¾	33¾	
M. & St. L. pfd	300	44¾	44¾	44¾	
N. Y. C. & St. L	2,500	15	15	15	14¾
Nor. Pac. pfd	11,450	51¾	50¾	51	51¾
N. Y., L. E. & W	19,190	25¾	24¾	25	26
Do pfd	3,250	65¾	65¾	65¾	66¾
N. Y. S. & W	100	18¾	18¾	18¾	
Do pfd	300	71	70¾	70¾	
Nor. Am. Co	1,900	12¾	12¾	13	12¾
N. Y., O. & W	1,400	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Nat. Linseed	125	39¾	39¾	39¾	
Nat. Lead	1,000	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾
Do pfd	800	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
Nat. Cordage	7,878	140¾	139	139¾	139¾
Do pfd	1,470	115	114	114¾	115¾
Phil. & Reading	28,009	56¾	55¾	55¾	56¾
Pac. Mail	100	29¾	29¾	29¾	30
Pullman	100	198	198	198	
Rich. Term'l	820	9¾	9	9	9¾
So. Pac	300	35¾	35¾	35¾	35
Silver Bullion	100,000	85¾	85¾	85¾	84¾
St. P. & O	200	41¾	41¾	41¾	
Do pfd	200	106	106	106	
Tex. Pac	200	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
Tol. A. & N. M	700	37¾	36	36	37¾
Tenn. Coal	900	38	37¾	37¾	37¾
Union Pac	2,200	39	38¾	38¾	39¾
U. P. D. & G	100	16¾	16¼	16¼	
U. S. Rubber	2,460	44¾	41	42	44¾
W. & L. E	3,470	23¾	22¾	22¾	23¾
Do pfd	570	64	63¾	64¼	64
Wab. pfd	1,050	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
Western Union	5,000	89¾	88¾	88¾	89¾

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	150	Fargo	146
American	125	United States	57

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 4s, reg	114¾	U. S. 4½s, reg	100¾
U. S. 4s, coup	114¾		

BOND TRANSACTIONS.
10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

5000 A & C 5s	111¾	28000 M K & T 2d	47¾@48¾
7000 AT & SF 4s	84@84½	1000 M & O new	11¾
1000 Atl & P 2d cl	30	1000 N J C 6s	110¾
3000 Beech Ck 1st	102	12000 NYC deb 5s	106¾
25000 B N J 5s	101¾	29000 NYL E & W 1st	70¾
20000 CNJ g m 5s reg	110	5000 N Y O & W cons	108¾
5000 Cs olst gtd	105¾@106	12000 NY S & W gm	97
25000 C & O-K & A Div	118	5000 NP 1st	116
15000 C & O-K & A Div 4s	80¾@81	31000 N & W Cv Dis	92¼@92¾
15000 C & O-K & A Div 4s	84¾@84¼	54000 NP cn 5s	73¾@73¾
5000 C & O 6s 1911	116	1000 NW cn rp rd	125
20000 C & E rie 1st	101¾	10000 NY 1st pf	125
5000 C & E rie 1st	101¾	8000 NYO & W rfs	31¾@31¾
2000 C & N O & T P	113¾	5000 O R & N C t-5s	74
2000 C B & Q Neb 5s	95¾	6000 OS L & N cn	87¾
10000 C & E I g 5s	99¾@100	15000 O So gm 4s	64¾@64¾
14000 C & N Fac 1st	101¾	2000 Or Imp 1st	101¾
22000 C Ri & Pac 5s	101¾@101¾	2000 P & R 1st pfc	103
1000 Con Gas 1st 5s	92	13000 P & R gm 4s	85¾@86
2000 COO & I gm 5s	123¾	2000 P & R 3d inc	61
1000 C H V & P gn m 6s	97¾	9.00 P & R 2d inc	65¾
1000 C S L & N O 5s	111¾	5000 R & D 6s co of	105
12000 D & H cn 7s	136¾	6000 R T cr 5s tr rcts	49
25000 D & S S & A 5s	109¾	21000 Rio G W 1st	79¾
15000 D & R G 4s	86@86¾	5000 S L & A Th 2d pfd	104
1000 E T V & G 1s	112	14000 S L & I M gt 5s	83¾@83¾
1000 E Tn 1st 6s	99@99¾	1000 S L & N 1st	65¾
16000 Ft W & D 1st	101¾@101¾	8000 S L & S W 2d inc	26¼
10000 G H & S A-WD 1st	99¾	10000 S P M & M 2d	117
88000 G B & S F 1st 5s tr rcts	39@39¾	7000 S P & S 4s	82
29000 H & T C 1s 5s	101¾@101¾	3000 S Pof C 1s	113
15000 H & G ns 4s	61¾@61¾	8000 S P of C 1st cn 5s	96
13000 H & T C con 6s	62¾@63¾	10000 Sec Corp 6s	90¾@90¾
8000 Ind D & S 1st	122¾	10000 S H & F 1st	71@71¾
1000 K & M 4s	17	10000 T C & R & S-B Div 1st	96
1000 K Y C 6s	100	6000 T P 1st 5s	80¾@80¾
12000 Kan P als t con	108¾	1000 T A & A Mi 1st	70
5000 L & I g m 4s	91¾	1000 T A & O S g d	100
15000 L S & M S 1st	106¾	1000 T A & A M 1st	101¾
1000 L N & C 1st	112	12000 U P D & G 1st	73¾
29000 L N & C g m	76@74¾	5000 U Pal st 5s	110¾
2000 L S & M S 1st	106¾	46000 Wab deb 5s	40
20000 M L S & W 5s	108	2000 W St gtd	103¾
1000 M K & T 1st	81	5000 W S g 1st	105¾
28000 M & S P 1st-W & M D	101¼@101¾	15000 W S C in	35¾
		5000 W & L E 1st	104

BOSTON.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 23.—Stock sales and quotations:

Description.	*Sales.*	*Open.*	*High.*	*Low.*	*Close.*
Atchison	3,800	37¾	37¾	36¾	36¾
C., B. & Q	1,800	101	101¾	100¾	100¾
C. June R	200	108¾	109	108¾	108¾
Mex. Cent	25	14	14	13¾	13¾
Union Pacific	850	38¾	37	38¾	38¾

Bond sales and quotations:

14000 Atch 4s	82@82¾	4000 Wis Cen 1st	89
5000 Gas 1st	92	4000 Ill Steel 5s	100¾
15000 Mex C 4s	66	12000 Erie Tel 1r 6s	102
4000 Gas 2ds	77¾	3000 Chi Jun 5s	100

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 23.—The market closed steady. Pennsylvania, 53¾@53¾; Reading, 27 5-16@27½; Lehigh Valley, 57¾@57¾; Reading Gen. 4s, 95¾@98; do 1st inc. 75¾@75¾; do 2d inc. 68¾@68¾; do 3d inc., 61¼@61¾.

MINING STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—Crown Point, 85c; Consolidated California and Virginia, $2.50; Deadwood, $1.00; Gould and Curry, 70c; Hale and Norcross, $1.30; Homestake, $13.00; Mexican, $1.50; North Star, $6.50 asked; Ontario, $15.00; Ophir, $2.70; Plymouth, 50c; 1st inc. 75¾@75¾; do 2d inc. 68¾@68¾; do 3d inc., 61¼@61¾.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 23.—Aliouez Mining company (new), 90c; Atlantic, $11.25; Boston and Montana, $34.87½; Calumet & Hecla, $290.00; Natalips, $17.00; Franklin, $14.50; Kearsarge, $12.50; Osceola, $35.50; Quincy, $138.00; Santa Fe Copper, $8.00; Tamarack, $164.00; Centennial Mining, $8.00; N. & S., $58.25; B. & B. C., $11.62½.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 23.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Alta, 25c; Bulwer, 15c; Best & Belcher, $1.55; Bodie Consolidated, 10c; Choller, 75c; Consolidated California and Virginia, $2.75; Crown Point, $1.05; Gould & Curry, 80c; Hale & Norcross, $1.45; Mexican, $1.80; Ophir, $2.75; Potosi, $1.60; Savage, $1.35; Sierra Nevada, $1.20; Union Consolidated, $1.30; Utah, 10c; Yellow Jacket, 80c; Nevada Queen, 5c; Belle Isle, 5c; North Belle Isle, 5c; Belcher, $7.85.

WHAT TRADE GOSSIP'S WERE SAYING.

Interesting Bits of Information Picked Up on the Floor of the Exchange.

Leading markets were generally active yesterday, with liquidation the order of the day. Large lines of wheat were thrown on the market by traders who did not care to carry them over a holiday and take chances and prices slid off all around. Holdings were sold out in provisions also and a further decline was suffered there. The signal service maps showed cold weather all over the Northwest. A slight rise in temperature was predicted for today.

Estimated receipts for today: Wheat, 132 cars; corn, 118 cars; oats, 128 cars, and 20,000 hogs.

Frank G. Logan arrived in Chicago twenty-two years ago today. The employés of the commission house of which he is the head commemorated the anniversary yesterday by presenting him with three heavy silver dishes.

Flaxseed is reported several cents above an export basis, and dealers say that it could be worked only around $1.02, against the present quotations of $1.09 and better. Linseed oil is dull, and oil cake in fair demand for home and export account, at about $23,50 per ton free on board Chicago. Oil meal is quoted at $24.00@25.50.

The selling of wheat during the morning was led by Schwartz-Depee-McCormick, Logan, Counselman-Day, Milmine-Bodman, Armour and English, George Smith. It was said that New York and the Northwest were both selling here. Partridge picked up a good deal of long-priced wheat, and Walker absorbed much of the stuff thrown over by the big commission houses. Counselman-Day probably sold the biggest line of the morning.

Out on the curb after the close there was some talk to the effect that some of the biggest sales late in the session by a prominent house were made through a mistake—that the order was to buy wheat instead of sell it, and that there was no end of trouble over it. This started some of the scalpers who had shorted the market, and in trying to get back their wheat the unofficial price was run up to 78¾c. The official close was 78c.

It looked as if there was just a little bit of a contest between Wright and Hately in November lard. Wright is supposed to be short for the near delivery against purchases for January and May. Naturally he is anxious to see the November sell off, and yesterday spent some time talking it down in the pit. While he was offering it Hately was making an effort to unload some long lard supposed to be held for Fairbank, but not much was done by either of them.

There are elements in the oats market which make some operators rather bullish so far as the more desirable grades of cash are concerned. The local stock of No. 2 white is barely 132,000 bu, and these are said to be mostly old and controlled by Murry Nelson, and held several cents above the market. The stock of white oats in New York is small and held at 5¾c premium over mixed lots, as this grade is preferred by consumers there. As a result the supplies of oats at the seaboard as well as here are mostly mixed oats. New York reports that current receipts of white oats are small from day to day, and that stocks there are held by two or three strong hands.

C. A. King of Toledo says in his market report: Pillsbury-Washburn flour syndicate of Minneapolis report for the month ended with business Aug. 31, 1892, to their English stockholders. They made some money and ground 16,235,000 bu of wheat, 1,931,000 bu more than the previous year. One part of this country should read and consider carefully is this:

"In reply to a question by one of the gentlemen present as to the prospects for the current year, the Chairman said that wheat had gone down practically from 78c in August to about 70c at the present time, which was very much in the consumer's favor. The managing director was running the mills to their full capacity, and had informed the board that they were selling at a profit."

Low prices of wheat are in favor of the company. This is what they say in England, but in this country the same Pillsbury crowd are saying that the passage of the Hatch bill to help the farmers. O, what generous creatures! Are the United States Senators blind? It cannot be. The transition is over, we hope they will be able to consider this plain, business proposition and not allow such agents of the English syndicate as Senator Washburn to deceive them. He does not love Senator Washburn less, but he loves Miller Washburn more.

LIQUIDATION THE ORDER OF THE DAY

Every One Has Something to Sell and Few Buyers Are in the Pits—Prices Off.

Wheat-holders were discouraged by the immediate surroundings yesterday. The local receipts were over the estimates, there were large receipts in the Northwest, and estimates of the Northwestern crop had been enlarged by some of the experts up in that part of the country, cables were easy, and foreign advices were not particularly reassuring. Bradstreet's report showed an increase of over 4,000,000 bu in the available supply of wheat on both coasts and outsiders sold when they did anything in this market. It was little wonder then that the local traders were discouraged. Mitchell, who is one of the staunchest friends of wheat in the pit, let go the line he held and got over to the short side. There were large lines held by prominent local houses thrown over, and with the single exception of a slight rally, due to the announcement in the second cables that there had been a cessation of rain in the south of France, there was nothing to encourage those who still held their wheat. May opened ¼c lower, at 78¾c, sold off to 77¾@78c, and closed at 78c, with December 6¾c discount. Outside markets were easy, Liverpool was called steady. Receipts were only fair and shipments of product quite large. January pork opened at $14.45, sold up to $14.60, off again and closed at $14.47½. May being $14.55, and cash $12.80@12.90. January lard opened at $8.80, sold off to $8.75 and closed there, cash being $6.50@6.60. November lard, which closed Tuesday at $10.00, sold off and closed at $9.50. January ribs opened at $7.47½, sold at $7.55, and closed at $7.50 with cash at $7.35@7.50. Cash sales included 250 tcs lard at $6.60; 75,000 lbs green shoulders, New York cut, at 6¾@6¾c, 90 brls beef hams at $13.50, and 100,000 lbs prime tallow at 4¾c.

Rye quotations remained at practically the same point as for several days, with sparing sales of No. 2 to go to others at 47c on the track. The market was dull and neglected, with offerings small but apparently ample. A few cars of the more desirable samples sold for board at 50@52c. Futures were lifeless in the way of new business. With December offered at 50c and May at 55c. There were changes of 4¼c premium for the deferred delivery. Barley sold in a manner generally satisfactory to receivers. The supply was not large, and while the market was quiet the rank and file of samples readily commanded steady to firm figures. Free on board sales were at 48@70c for No. 3 and 38@55c for No. 4.

There was a light trade in flour on local account, with no inquiry from the outside. The feeling was rather easy, with sellers willing to grant slight concessions.

Millstuffs were in good demand, with some sales showing 25@50c advance. Bran sold at $10.50@11.00, middlings at $11.00@13.25, and shorts at $13.00.

Flaxseed for immediate delivery was in sufficient favor to result in a fractional advance, while futures were dull and little more than steady. Receipts were 77 cars, but only a part of this was actually on sale: shipments were small at 16,389 bu. No. 1 on track and to go to store sold at $1.09¾@1.10, and closed about $1.09¾, or ¾c net advance, with $1.05@1.06¾ paid for rejected. December sold at a former figure of $1.09¾, and May at $1.16¾@1.17. Timothy was surprisingly strong, recovering from the apathy and weakness which has prevailed much of the time for the last three or four days. Offerings were restricted, some demand was developed for futures, and sellers would not let go except at material advances, though actual transaction were small. March sold at $2.05 and at $2.10, the outside being 9c advance, with the close tame at $2.07 sellers. Year sold sparingly at $2.00 and cash lots went at $1.92½@2.00 according to condition. Clover was dull and quotably weaker, though no sales of futures were made known. Bag lots went at $7.00@7.70 for poor to good.

THE STREET MARKETS.

**A Good Distribution